CRIME IN KENTUCKY
1980

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STATE
CITY
COUNTY

Uniform Crime Reports

Law Enforcement Code of Ethics

As a Law Enforcement Officer, my fundamental duty is to serve mankind; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the Constitutional rights of all men to liberty, equality and justice.

I will keep my private life unsullied as an example to all; maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn, or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed in both my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.

I will never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.

I recognize the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of the police service. I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession . . . law enforcement.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

State of Kentucky

1980 ANNUAL REPORT

Kentucky Department of Justice
Bureau of State Police
Frankfort, Kentucky

Neil J. Welch
Secretary

Marion D. Campbell
Commissioner

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FRANKFORT

NEIL J. WELCH
SECRETARY

JOHN Y BROWN, JR.
GOVERNOR

To The Honorable John Y. Brown, Jr., Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and the Citizens of Kentucky:

Crime is not a new phenomenon in American life. But the rate at which it is growing, the increasing sophistication and complexity with which it is being perpetrated and the destructive effect it is having on our lives, our sense of security and the way we live, has become one of the gravest and most urgent social issues of our time.

During 1980, in Kentucky, nearly 125,000 major felonies were reported to state, county and local police. Violent crimes, as a group--murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault--were up 11 percent. Property offenses--burglary, larceny and auto theft--showed a similarly uncomfortable increase, 11.4 percent.

Although the Kentucky Department of Justice is committed to turning those statistics around, we cannot do it alone. If crime is to be effectively deterred, if the criminals who prowl our streets and communities are to learn that their depredations against us, our families and our homes will no longer be tolerated, then it is essential that everyone get involved in the fight.

Our local communities and their citizens are our most underdeveloped and under-utilized crime-fighting resource.

It is not enough to simply say that we, as citizens of the Commonwealth, are alarmed by the rise in crime. We must join ranks and demonstrate that concern, vocally and vociferously, by individual and group action through our local institutions, schools, civic organizations, religious bodies and the news media, urging total involvement in communitywide crime prevention programs and complete support for a responsive responsible assault on crime and its causes by our elected representatives and governing agencies, both state and local.

There are as many viable approaches to community crime prevention as there are citizens who deplore the situation in which we find ourselves. And what is needed most now, is a positive committment to action in and on the community level.

Neil J. Welch

Neil J. Welch
Secretary
Department of Justice

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY
KENTUCKY STATE POLICE
FRANKFORT 40601

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

To The Honorable John Y. Brown, Jr., Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and the citizens of Kentucky:

We are pleased to present, for your information and consideration, the eleventh annual report on crime in Kentucky as compiled from offense and arrest data submitted to us during 1980 by state, county and local law enforcement agencies throughout the Commonwealth as required by Chapter 17 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program was established in Kentucky to provide its citizens and agencies of government with more meaningful data by which to measure the extent of crime within our borders. As such, it can serve constructively both to mobilize public opinion against crime and aid units of state, county and local government in marshalling their resources, more effectively, to combat crime in the community.

On behalf of all those who will read and use the information contained herein to intensify our efforts to reduce crime, we, of the Kentucky State Police, would like to acknowledge and express our special appreciation to all those police officers, employees and technicians throughout the Commonwealth without whose cooperation, contributions and assistance this report would never have seen the light of day.

Marion D. Campbell
Marion D. Campbell
Commissioner
Kentucky State Police

THE 1980 "CRIME IN KENTUCKY" REPORT

IS DEDICATED TO

THE FOLLOWING THREE (3) OFFICERS

WHO GAVE THEIR LIVES IN THE LINE OF DUTY

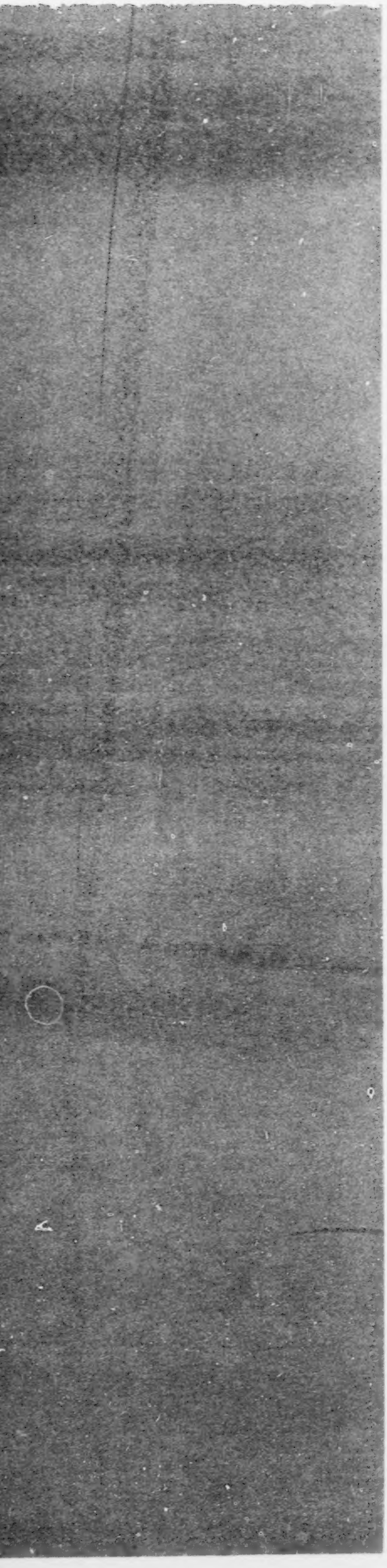
During 1980, three Kentucky law enforcement officers were slain in the line of duty. Previously, the highest recorded toll of police officers slain in a single year was five in 1971 (Kentucky's Uniform Crime Reports do not extend back beyond 1970) and five in 1979.

All of the three officers killed during 1980 were the victims of gunshot wounds.

The first officer fatality recorded during the year was a Jefferson County police officer, Patrolman Christopher M. Dunn, who was shot to death on April 3 while attempting to apprehend two robbery suspects.

Dunn's death was followed by the fatal shooting of a Perry County deputy sheriff, Hiram A. Ritchie, who was fatally wounded while attempting to take a suspect into custody on July 1.

The third officer killed was a Kentucky state policeman, Trooper Jerome Clifton who was assigned to the state police post at Pikeville. Clifton died on October 1 as a result of medical complications stemming from a gunshot wound suffered on September 16 while attempting to arrest a Pike County man who had barricaded himself in a house with his children after allegedly shooting and wounding his wife.



UNIFORM
CRIME
REPORTS
COMMONWEALTH
OF KENTUCKY
1980

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THE KENTUCKY UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

DEFINITION

The Kentucky Uniform Crime Reporting System is concerned with the Uniform compilation, classification, and analysis of crime statistics reported by all police agencies in Kentucky pursuant to guidelines and regulations prescribed by law.

The legal authority establishing the Uniform Crime Reporting System in Kentucky is found in Chapter 17 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes as amended by the 1976 General Assembly. This chapter established a centralized criminal history record information system under the direction of the commissioner of the Bureau of State Police and vests in the Bureau the authority to require statistical reporting from local agencies concerning crimes committed in their respective jurisdictions.

Kentucky utilizes a reporting system that is compatible with the Federal Uniform Crime Reporting procedures; therefore, state crime data can be readily absorbed into the national system.

PURPOSE

Effective law enforcement requires a coordination of effort among various law enforcement agencies in regard to specific programs and areas of concentration. Inherent in the success of any coordinated effort is the intelligent application of law enforcement resources to a well defined problem area. Unless the problem area has been defined through valid methods based on accurate information, any concentrated allocation of resources runs a very large chance of being wasteful and unproductive.

Selective and coordinated enforcement becomes effective only when the type and volume of crime can be analyzed on the basis of accurate information systematically developed and comprehensively collated. Therefore, the availability of information revealing the location, frequency, and nature of criminal activity is essential if Kentucky's law enforcement agencies are to effectively combat the crime problem. The purpose of Kentucky's Uniform Crime Reporting System is to provide this information in an accurate, readable form.

DEVELOPMENT

It became apparent during the planning and pre-operational phases of the program that an educational effort directed at the contributors and focusing on the methods and concepts of crime reporting was necessary.

Further study disclosed that, if adherence to the system and reporting of valid statistics were to be expected, personal liason had to be established and maintained between state and local police agencies. To accomplish this liaison objective, a special team of four State Troopers was formed to serve as field representatives for the Uniform Crime Reporting System. This team has since been expanded to eight troopers. These field representatives have furnished invaluable contributions to the program.

The educational phase of the program became operational in March, 1969. Seminars were conducted throughout the state during which the purpose of the program was outlined and the mechanics of the system were explained. The field representatives followed up this initial contact by visiting all police agencies in Kentucky and providing them with more detailed instructions. In addition, the "Uniform Crime Reporting Guide", which described system procedures, was published and distributed to law enforcement agencies in Kentucky.

The personal visits conducted by the field representatives disclosed that the internal reporting systems employed by many local police departments were not adequate to meet Uniform Crime Reporting System requirements. Therefore, field representatives assumed the task of helping contributors to update their internal record keeping and reporting systems. The willingness of these local departments to adopt more efficient reporting systems demonstrates the degree to which law enforcement agencies have accepted the program.

On January 1, 1970 the Kentucky Uniform Crime Reporting Program became operational. The various municipal and county police departments were required to report monthly the number and nature of selected offenses committed in their jurisdictions. A further indication of the acceptance of the program was the fact that from the first operational month, every police agency requested to report voluntarily did so.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Section of the

Bureau of State Police, through its field representatives, has continued the educational program for reporting agencies. Program expansion and personnel changes within reporting departments have made this educational process a continuing and vital feature of the System's success.

Official communication between State Police field representatives and local officials in regard to error correction or program instruction leads to informal discussion of other areas of mutual interest, thus providing an additional communications link between municipal, county, and state law enforcement agencies.

OBJECTIVES

The Uniform Crime Reporting program in Kentucky serves as a parallel system with the National Uniform Crime Reporting System. Therefore, Kentucky's program sets forth objectives that are compatible with those of the federal program. The primary objective of the System is to provide accurate crime statistics for use in police administration, planning, and operations. Furthermore, the program provides the public with documented crime data which reveals general statewide crime conditions.

The following procedures are utilized by the program to attain these objectives:

(1) A Crime Index, consisting of seven serious offenses that are reported to the police, is used to measure the fluctuation and distribution of serious crime in the state.

(2) The total volume of police arrests for all types of criminal arrests is compiled.

(3) Since the above are measures of law enforcement activity as well as criminal activity, related data are collected to demonstrate the effectiveness of enforcement activities, available police strength, and significant factors involved in crime.

COLLECTION OF CRIME DATA

As required by statute, all law enforcement agencies in the state must submit crime reports to the program as requested. During 1980, information pertaining to offenses, arrests, and related supplementary information was received from 346 organized police departments. This includes municipal, county, and State Police organizations.

METHODS

Each contributing agency must compile its own reports. The Uniform Crime Reporting Guide, which is supplied to all contributors, explains reporting procedures in detail. Field Representatives from the Bureau of State Police provide whatever supplemental instruction is required.

Law enforcement agencies report the number of known offenses according to the following categories which compose the Crime Index offenses:

(1) Homicide (Murder, Manslaughter, and Accidental Death)
(2) Forcible Rape
(3) Robbery
(4) Assault
(5) Breaking and Entering
(6) Larceny-Theft (excluding motor vehicle thefts)
(7) Auto Theft

These totals are determined from records of all criminal complaints received by the police from victims or other sources or which are discovered by the police during their operations. Complaints which the police investigation determines to be unfounded are not included in the total of index offenses. The number of offenses reported in each category reflects the total number of offenses known to the police; for purposes of utilizing the Crime Index, no regard is given to whether or not a suspect has been arrested, stolen property has been recovered, or any other consideration. However, law enforcement agencies do report the total number of Crime Index offenses for which arrests have been made, in a separate category.

Statistics are submitted to indicate the number of offenses cleared by the arrest of persons under 18 years of age. Additional analytical data pertaining to specific crime categories are also reported.

Reported offenses are tabulated according to the municipality and county in which they occur, rather than according to the agency which may investigate, arrest or otherwise dispose of the case. When a case is cleared by arrest, the clearance is attributed to the jurisdiction in which the offense occurred, even though the arresting agency may not be the department originally reporting the offense.

Examples of data contained in the annual Uniform Crime Reports are the number of persons arrested for all criminal offenses with respect to age, sex and race of the offender, as well as numbers of persons formally charged in connection with the offenses, and dispositions of the cases. Police employee data are also collected annually, including the number of police officers killed and assaulted.

In summary, the presentation of this report, "Crime in Kentucky", reflects the compilation of the seven Crime Index offenses known to the police, arrests of persons both under 18 years of age and 18 years of age and older, and the ultimate disposition of those persons charged. This information is collected by all law enforcement agencies in Kentucky and forwarded to the Bureau of State Police.

VERIFICATION PROCESSES

Due to the fact that crime statistics are submitted by 346 law enforcement agencies throughout Kentucky, some method must be applied to the data collection process to insure the information received by the State Police is accurate and uniform. Program aids such as guides and instructions do not necessarily guarantee the accuracy and correctness of the reports submitted by the contributors. Additional controls are necessary.

Each report received by the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit of the Bureau of State Police is examined for mathematical accuracy and for reasonableness as to interpretation of offense classifications. Minor typographical errors are corrected by contacting the contributor by telephone; all other errors are resolved by a personal visit by a Field Representative to the appropriate agency. Field Representatives provide the link between the Program and the reporter.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

Uniformity of reporting depends upon the proper classification of offenses by the police. The basic guidelines for classifying offenses are formulated by the Uniform Crime Reporting Section of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Kentucky has adapted these guidelines to its Program.

Due to the need for compatibility with the Federal system, offenses under the Kentucky Program are not distinguished by the designation of "felony", "misdemeanor", "violation", or "municipal ordinance". It must be emphasized that the following guidelines are not meant to be legal definitions of offenses; in fact, the guidelines may differ considerably, in some cases, from the legal definitions as they are written in the Kentucky Penal Code. The purpose of these guidelines is to establish a uniform national system for classifying similar offenses even though their legal definitions may vary considerably from state to state. The exact wording of the guidelines is developed by the Bureau of State Police; however, the major categories of offense classification remain the same as those employed nationally.

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

(1) Homicide

1a. Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter—The unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought.

General Rule—Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assaults or commission of a crime.

1b. Manslaughter by Negligence—The unlawful killing of a human being, by another, without malice aforethought.

General Rule—The killing may result from the commission of an unlawful act or from a lawful act performed with gross negligence. Traffic deaths may be classified as such when due to gross negligence of someone rather than the victim.

1c. Accidental Death—Non Traffic—The death of a person resulting from his own gross negligence, mishap, or the negligence of another not sufficient in degree to classify the act as manslaughter.

(2) Forcible Rape

2a. Rape by Force—The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly against her will.

General Rule—Forcible rape of a female, but excluding carnal abuse (Statutory Rape) or other sex offenses.

2b. Assault to Rape—Attempts—All assaults and attempts to rape.

(3) Robbery—The felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. Includes all attempts.

General Rule—Robbery differs from larceny in that it is aggravated by the element of force or the threat of force.

3a. Armed robbery-Any weapon—Any object so employed as to constitute force or the threat of force is to be considered a weapon. This includes firearms, knives, clubs, brass knuckles, black-jacks, broken bottles, acid, explosives, etc. Also cases involving possible pretended weapons or when the weapon is not seen by the victim, but the robber claims to have it with him, constitutes armed robbery due to instilling fear.

3b. Strong Armed—No weapon—Includes muggings and simiiar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed to deprive the victim of his property. This is limited to hands, fists, feet, etc. As in armed robbery, all attempts are included.

(4) Assaults—An assault is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another.

General Rule—All assaults will be classified in the following categories, excluding assaults with intent to rob or rape.

4a. Gun—All assaults and attempted assaults involving the use of any type of firearms. (Revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, zip guns, rifles, pellet guns, etc.)

4b. Knife or cutting instrument—All assaults and attempted assaults, involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects. (Knife, razor, hatchet, axe, cleaver, scissors, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.)

4c. Other dangerous weapon—All assaults or attempted assaults when any other object or thing is used as a weapon. (Clubs, bricks, pick handles, bottles, explosives, acid, lye, poison, scalding water and cases of attempted drowning, burning, etc.)

4d. Hands, fists, feet, etc.—Aggravated—Assaults which are of an aggravated nature when hands, fists, feet, etc. are used. To be classified as aggravated assault, the attack must result in serious personal injury.

(5) Breaking and Entering—Unlawful entry or attempted entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

General Rule—Any unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling house, attached structure, public building, shop, office, factory, storehouse, apartment, house trailer, warehouse, mill, barn, other building, house boat, or railroad car.

Note: For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, breaking, entering and larceny are classified only as breaking and entering, the larceny is excluded. Breaking and entering a motor vehicle is classified as larceny.

5a. Forcible entry—All offenses where force of any kind is used to enter unlawfully a locked structure, with intent to steal or commit a felony. This includes entry by use of a master key, celluloid or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concealment inside a building, followed by the breaking out of the structure is also included.

5b. Unlawful entry—No force—Any unlawful entry without any evidence of forcible entry.

5c. Attempted forcible entry—When determined that forcible entry has been attempted.

(6) Larceny Theft (Except auto theft)—The unlawful taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership.

General Rule—All larcenies and theft resulting from pocket-picking, purse snatching, shop lifting, larceny from auto, larcenies of auto parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, larcenies from buildings, and from coin operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or the result of breaking and entering is included. Embezzlement, larceny by bailee, frauds or bad check cases are excluded.

(7) Auto Theft—The larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle.

General Rule—Thefts and attempted thefts of a motor vehicle. This includes all vehicles which can be registered as a motor vehicle in this state. Excludes where there is a lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation or unauthorized use by others with lawful access to the vehicle. (Chauffeur, employees, etc.)

(8) Other Assaults

This class is comprised of all assaults and attempted assaults which are simple or minor in nature. These "Other Assaults" are also scored on Return A under item 4e as an offense known to Police. However, for the purpose of this return arrests for this offense are scored in this class.

(9) Arson

Includes all arrests for violations of State

Laws and Municipal Ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson. Any willful or malicious burning to defraud, a dwelling house, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building or any building, personal property of another, goods or chattels, etc. In the event of a death from arson, the offense would be classified as murder and if personal injury results, the offense would be classified as assault, (4c).

(10) Forgery and Counterfeiting

In this class are all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true.
Includes altering or forging public or other records. Making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting bills, notes, drafts, tickets, checks, credit cards, etc. Counterfeiting coins, plates, bank notes, checks, etc. Possessing or uttering forged or counterfeiting instruments. Signing the name of another or fictitious person with intent to defraud. All attempts to commit any of the above.

(11) Fraud

Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretense. Includes bad checks, confidence games, etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

(12) Embezzlement

Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody or control.

(13) Stolen property: Buying, Receiving, Possessing

All offenses of buying, receiving, possession of stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

(14) Vandalism

All willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth or any other such means as may be specified by law or ordinance. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property.

(15) Weapons: Carrying, Possessing, Etc.

This class deals with violations of weapons laws such as:

Carrying concealed deadly weapons
Flourishing deadly weapons
All attempts to commit the above

(16) Prostitution and Commercialized Vice

Included in this class are the sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as:
Prostitution
Keeping bawdy house, disorderly house, or house of ill repute
Pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes, etc.
All attempts to commit any of the above

(17) Sex Offenses

Except forcible rape, prostitution and commercialized vice. Includes offenses against chastity, common decency, morals and the like.
Adultry and fornication
Buggery
Incest
Indecent Exposure
Sodomy
Carnal Abuse (no force)
All attempts to commit any of the above

(18) Narcotic Drug Laws

Narcotic drug law arrests are requested on the basis of the narcotics used. Includes all arrests for violations of State and Local Ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. Includes the following subdivisions of narcotic drug law arrests:
Dangerous non-narcotic drug (barbiturates, benzedrine)
Marijuana
Synthetic narcotics, manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction (demerol, methadones)
Opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroine, codeine)

(19) Gambling

All charges which relate to promoting, permitting or engaging in gambling. To provide a more refined collection of gambling arrests, the following breakdown is furnished:
All others

Numbers and lottery
Bookmaking (horse and sport books)

(20) Offenses Against the Family and Children

Includes all charges of non-support and neglect or abuse of family and children.
Desertion, abandonment, or non-support
Neglect or abuse of child
Non-payment of alimony

(21) Driving Under the Influence

This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotic drugs.

(22) Liquor Laws

With the exception of "Drunkenness" (Class 23) and "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21), liquor law violations, State or Local, are placed in this class. Does not include Federal Violations. Includes manufacturing, sale, transporting, possessing, etc.
Maintaining unlawful drinking places
Bootlegging, illegal possession
Operating still
Illegal sale of liquor
Illegal transportation of liquor

(23) Drunkenness

Incuded in this class are all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence." (Class 21)
Drunk and Disorderly
Public Intoxication

(24) Disorderly Conduct

In this class are counted all Disorderly Persons arrested except those counted in classes 1 through 23 and class 25.

(25) Vagrancy

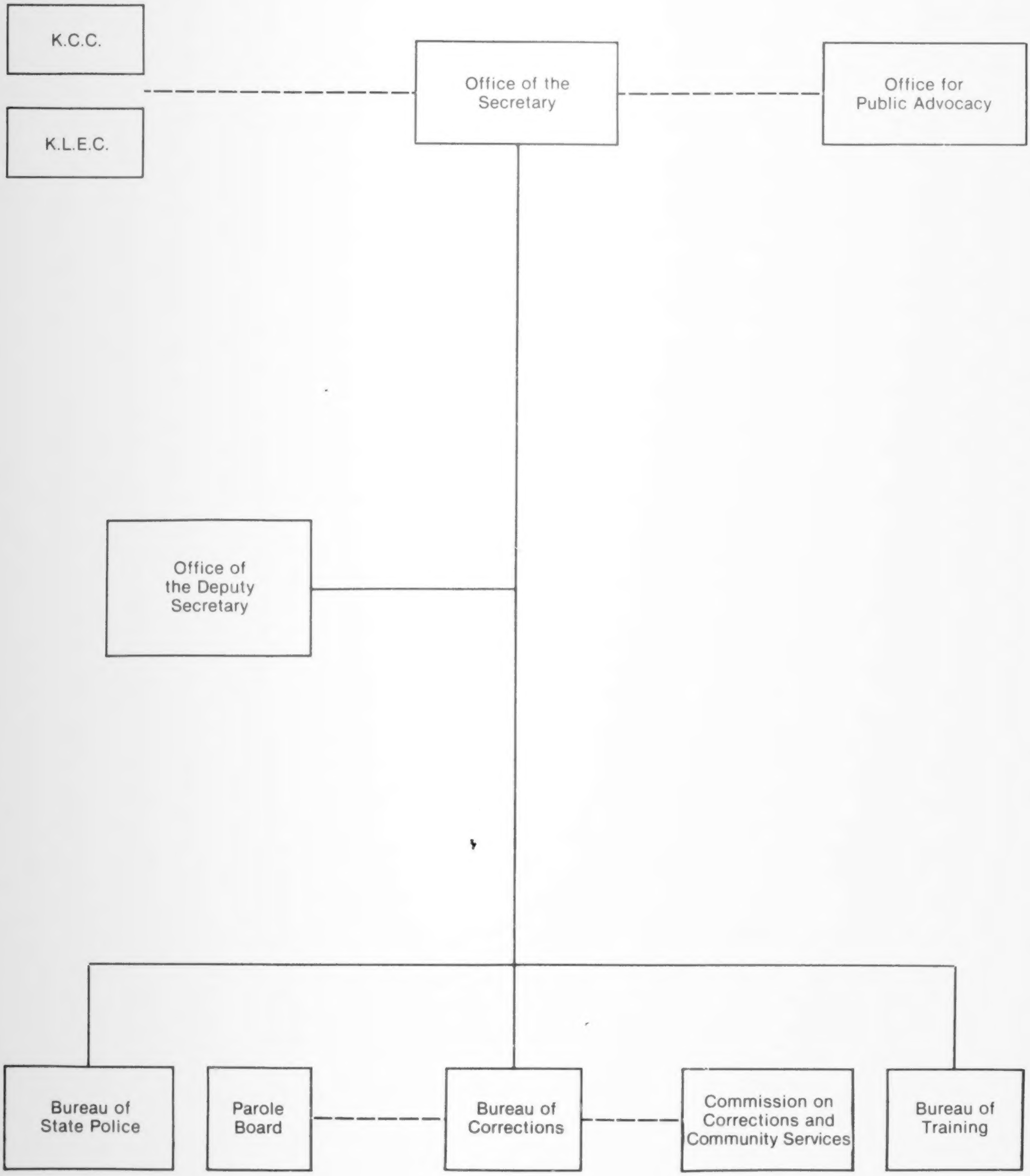
Placed in this class are arrests for disorderly persons when the person is arrested for failure to give a good account of himself and has no means of support.

CRIME RATES

Crime rates relate the incidence of crime to population. A crime rate should be considered as an expression of the risk of victimization for a specific offense.

Crime rates are calculated on the basis of the size of the resident population and the number of offenses reported for that specific population. In order to utilize a standardized unit of measure, these crime rates are expressed in terms of the number of offenses occurring per 100,000 residents. If a jurisdiction does not have as many as 100,000 residents, the offenses and number of residents are extrapolated to determine what the rate per 100,000 residents should be.

KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE


K.C.C.
K.L.E.C.
Office of the Secretary
Office for Public Advocacy
Office of the Deputy Secretary
Bureau of State Police
Parole Board
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Commission on Corrections and Community Services
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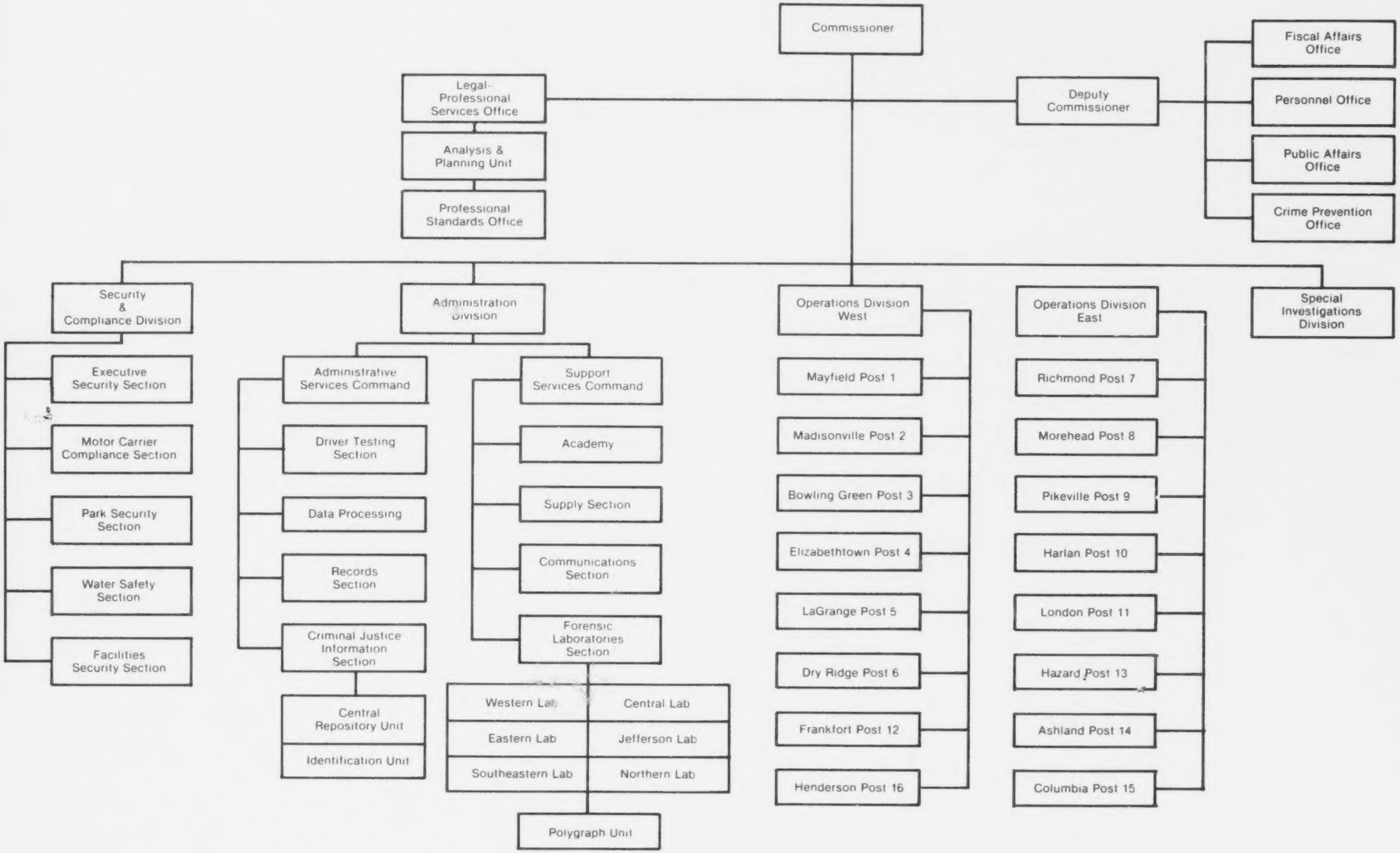
KENTUCKY STATE POLICE


Commissioner
Legal-Professional Services Office
Analysis & Planning Unit
Professional Standards Office
Deputy Commissioner
Fiscal Affairs Office
Personnel Office
Public Affairs Office
Crime Prevention Office
Security & Compliance Division
Executive Security Section
Motor Carrier Compliance Section
Park Security Section
Water Safety Section
Facilities Security Section
Administration Division
Administrative Services Command
Driver Testing Section
Data Processing
Records Section
Criminal Justice Information Section
Central Repository Unit
Identification Unit
Support Services Command
Academy
Supply Section
Communications Section
Forensic Laboratories Section
Western Lab
Central Lab
Eastern Lab
Jefferson Lab
Southeastern Lab
Northern Lab
Polygraph Unit
Operations Division West
Mayfield Post 1
Madisonville Post 2
Bowling Green Post 3
Elizabethtown Post 4
LaGrange Post 5
Dry Ridge Post 6
Frankfort Post 12
Henderson Post 16
Operations Division East
Richmond Post 7
Morehead Post 8
Pikeville Post 9
Harlan Post 10
London Post 11
Hazard Post 13
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Special Investigations Division

PROFILE OF KENTUCKY

Kentucky is a land diversified in socioeconomic and demographic characteristics. Largely agricultural in makeup, over half of its 40,000 square miles of land is devoted to farming. The Bluegrass Region in the center of the state, famous world over for its horses, is also among the most fertile farm land in Kentucky, leading the state in the production of burley tobacco. Stretching southward and westward from the Bluegrass to the Mississippi River, Kentucky farmers produce a numerous variety of crops, including tobacco, corn, hay, wheat, and other grains.

Far eastern Kentucky is the home of the Appalachian Mountains, and Kentucky's rich and expansive coal deposits. Recent fluctuations in the price and availability of oil have precipitated a boom in the coal industry, which has had a significant impact on the residents of eastern Kentucky. According to the 1980 census figures, this portion of the state has grown by as much as 35 percent, in some areas, since 1970. Other areas of eastern Kentucky have grown by 20-25 percent, compared to the statewide average of 13 percent. Such dramatic increases in population have had a significant impact on the lifestyle and expectations of Kentucky's mountain residents.

Aside from the eastern coal fields, Kentucky has a western coal field, situated primarily in the Pennyrile Region of the state. Moderate to rapid growth has also been experienced in this area over the last 10 years. The 1980 census revealed a growth rate of 15.8 percent for the seventies decade. Some experts believe that this may be the fastest growing region in the state by the year 2020.

The smallest rate of growth in Kentucky since 1970 has been the Jefferson Area Development District, containing the state's largest metropolitan area. The 1980 census, in general, has revealed a migratory trend out of large cities and into rural areas. The growth rate for the Jefferson Area Development District was 3.1 percent from 1970 to 1980. The average growth rate for all of Kentucky was 13.1 percent during the same time frame.

Most of the crime statistics presented in this publication will be divided according to Area Development District, as total figures do not accurately portray the diversity that exists between different regions of the state. To enable the reader, therefore, to develop a better understanding for, and appreciation of the different regions, a number of socioeconomic and demographic variables have been compiled by Area Development District. These are presented on the following pages for their descriptive value, and are not meant to reflect either positively or negatively on any particular region or regions throughout the state. Although some of these factors may have an influence on crime statistics, they are not necessarily predictors of crime, and should not be considered as such. The variables include:

1. Population Figures for 1970 and 1980

   Although population cannot be considered a cause of crime, it is common knowledge that crime occurs most often in heavily populated areas. Whether this is due to the fact that a large number of people yields a large number of potential criminals, as well as potential victims, whether urbanites report crimes more readily than do rural populations, whether different external factors encouraging population growth also encourage crime growth, or whether some other complex relationship exists between the two variables, heavily populated areas in Kentucky, especially major metropolitan regions, are marked by higher incidences of crime (especially property related crimes) than are sparsely populated regions. For this reason, it is important to consider the location of large population centers and the general population distribution within the state when comparing the regional crime statistics, and when describing regional characteristics.

2. The Change in Population 1970-1980

   This statistic will indicate those areas of the state experiencing growth or decline inpopulation. By comparing these rates, a general impression of those areas of Kentucky which are experiencing rapid growth or decline can be obtained. These may provide an indication of possible future expectations of crime patterns within the state.

3. The Net Migration into the Area in Thousands (1970-1979)

   Migration relates to the number of persons moving into the region compared to those moving out. Areas displaying large migration figures will be experiencing a large influx of people from other areas and will most likely be experiencing rapid economic growth. Highly negative migration numbers represent an exodus of residents from the area. High amounts of migration, either negative or positive, reflect an unstable population base. On the other hand, migration rates nearing zero indicate a stable population base, whose growth or decline is determined primarily through birth rates and death rates. It should be noted that, whenever absolute figures (and not rates) are used, they should be considered in the context of the total population in the area. Large population centers will usually show large absolute figures, although rates (proportions) may be equal to those in less populated areas.

4. Per Capita Income

   Per capita income is a measure of total personal incomes divided by total population. It is presented here solely as an economic indicator for each region.

5. Percent of Population Below Poverty Level

   Another economic indicator is the percent of the total population classified below the poverty level.

6. Rate of Unemployment (1980)

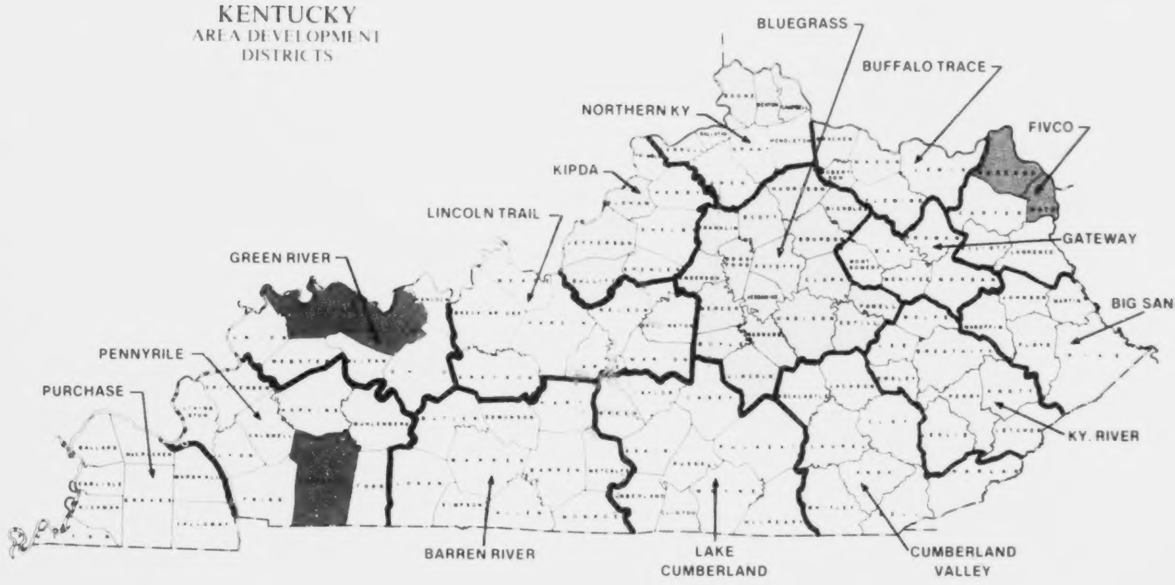
The unemployment rate describes the percentage of the total civilian labor force which is without employment at any specific time. 1980 averages are presented in this report as one socioeconomic factor, however, unemployment rates vary a great deal from month to month and more long range comparisons must be conducted in order to determine if any significant correspondence can be drawn between unemployment and crime in Kentucky.

7. Population Density

Population densities offer the most useful information when comparing small land areas, as they can become indicators of overcrowding. Overcrowding is a factor which some psychologists have found to promote aggressive or violent behavior in animals. In this report, however, because the Area Development Districts vary in land area, densities will be most helpful in determining whether a large population simply represents a large area of land, or whether it represents a closely concentrated population, as in an urban center.

8. Land Area

This figure is included simply for informational purposes and because it is used to calculate the population densities. It is probably not very useful for comparing other socioeconomic and demographic data across the state of Kentucky due to the fact that in some areas much of the land is uninhabitable under present conditions. This is particularly true in very mountainous regions of eastern Kentucky.


KENTUCKY
AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
BLUEGRASS
BUFFALO TRACE
NORTHERN KY
FIVCO
KIPDA
LINCOLN TRAIL
GATEWAY
GREEN RIVER
BIG SANDY
PENNYRILE
PURCHASE
KY. RIVER
BARREN RIVER
LAKE CUMBERLAND
CUMBERLAND VALLEY

▨ MAJOR METROPOLITAN AREAS

MINOR METROPOLITAN AREAS

Definition of major and minor metropolitan areas based solely on 1970 population, major having greater than 100,000 population and minor having less than 100,000 population.
Counties comprising major and minor metropolitan areas adopted from **How Many Kentuckians: Population Forecasts, 1970-2020.**

1980 CHARACTERISTICS OF AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

Area Development District	1970 Pop.	1980 Pop.	% Pop. Change	Net Migration in Thousands (1970-79)	Per Capita Income (1978)	% Pop. Below Poverty Level (1978)	1980 Unemp. Rate	Density	Sq. Miles
Purchase	167,370	180,299	7.7	12.0	$6,561	20	9.9	75.1	2,400
Pennyrile	176,201	204,056	15.8	16.0	6,593	21	8.8	53.8	3,792
Green River	179,613	198,793	10.7	6.6	7,078	17	7.1	76.1	2,614
Barren River	186,279	214,348	15.1	10.8	5,802	26	9.3	54.2	3,958
Lincoln Trail	190,042	216,746	14.1	– 6.9	5,604	22	9.2	65.3	3,318
Jefferson	776,578	800,721	3.1	– 36.4	8,150	16	7.8	428.3	1,870
Northern Kentucky	291,031	311,142	6.9	– 3.6	7,201	17	6.4	186.1	1,672
Buffalo Trace	50,384	54,449	8.1	0.9	5,064	31	8.6	39.5	1,379
Gateway	55,678	66,252	19.0	1.4	4,879	31	11.2	48.7	1,360
FIVCO	122,077	140,420	15.0	5.2	6,410	19	10.5	89.3	1,572
Big Sandy	134,307	181,041	34.8	17.2	5,784	22	7.8	91.5	1,979
Kentucky River	107,245	133,307	24.3	7.7	4,854	35	11.5	51.8	2,573
Cumberland Valley	184,502	225,545	22.3	18.2	5,023	30	10.2	69.6	3,239
Lake Cumberland	141,071	169,782	20.4	16.7	4,548	30	9.5	47.0	3,613
Bluegrass	458,333	544,578	18.8	25.7	6,848	19	5.9	126.2	4,316
TOTAL	**3,220,711**	**3,641,479**	**13.1**	**91.0**	**$6,605**	**23**	**8.1**	**91.8**	**39,655**

STATE OFFENSE DATA
1980

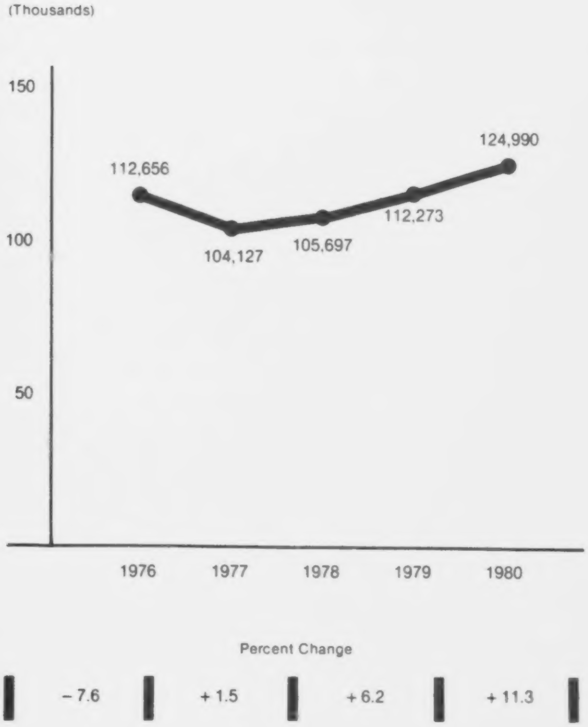
STATE OFFENSE DATA

REPORTED CRIMES

Although national victimization studies suggest that only about half of all crimes committed are actually reported to police, the number of reported offenses is nevertheless the best measurement tool available in Kentucky at this time for determining the amount of crime being committed.

During calendar year 1980, there were 124,990 Part I Index offenses reported to law enforcement agencies in the Commonwealth, 11.3% more than in 1979.

PART I
TOTAL OFFENSES REPORTED



YEARLY TOTAL CRIME RATE FOR KENTUCKY

Year	Population	Total Crime	Total Crime Rate
1976	3,428,000	112,656	3286.3
1977	3,458,000	104,127	3011.2
1978	3,498,000	105,697	3021.6
1979	3,498,000	112,273	3209.6
1980	3,641,479	124,990	3432.4

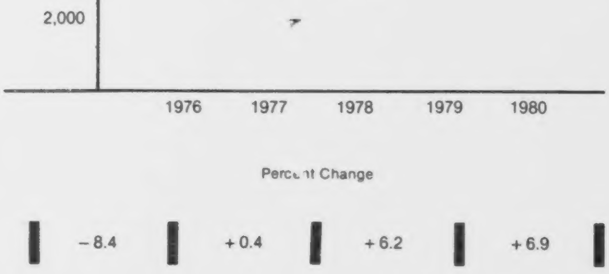
CRIME RATE

Because larger populations will invariably reflect a greater number of crimes being committed, if for no other reason than the presence of a greater number of criminals and potential victims, simply the raw number of crimes does not provide a useful statistic for crime comparison purposes between different jurisdictions or different time frames. By using crime rates in which the number of offenses are proportioned by a universal population figure, the population variable is compromised. Crime rates, therefore, provide a description of the increase or decrease in offenses based on a standard population statistic (of 100,000). It would be possible under these circumstances for the number of offenses reported to increase a great deal with no effect on the crime rate, provided the number of offenses would have risen by the same proportion as the population. Therefore, an increase in the crime rate would reflect a growth in reported offenses that is greater than the growth in population.

This annual change and the figures used to calculate the crime rates are shown in the chart and graph below.

CRIME RATE AND PERCENT CHANGE BY YEAR

TOTAL CRIME RATE
PART I CRIMES
(Per 100,000 Population)



CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS

The four offense categories that comprise the "crimes against persons" or "violent crimes" are murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. These are the most serious types of crimes because they place the victim in fear of his life or person.

When the total number of crimes against persons is compared with all reported crimes, the crimes against persons make up 7.8% of reported Part I crimes in the state. Of these aggravated assaults alone account for over half. Robberies make up over one-third of the total, with rapes being accountable for 7.2% and murder and non-negligent manslaughter only making up 3.3%. As can be noted from the table, however, these rates can vary widely from district to district within the state.

	Part I Crimes		Personal Crime (Part I)					
					# of Personal			
Area Development District	Total Number	% Against Persons	Total Personal	Rate Personal	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Agg. Assault
Purchase	5,571	5.6	313	173.6	11	28	80	194
Pennyrile	6,076	8.2	500	245.0	20	40	100	340
Green River	6,600	6.2	409	205.7	11	39	81	278
Barren River	6,001	6.0	362	168.9	19	28	76	239
Lincoln Trail	3,727	7.5	278	128.3	12	22	58	186
Jefferson	41,069	8.9	3,670	458.3	86	216	2,114	1,254
Northern Kentucky	14,065	6.2	877	281.9	18	86	303	470
Buffalo Trace	552	6.5	36	66.1	1	6	5	24
Gateway	1,057	6.6	70	105.7	6	5	11	48
FIVCO	3,551	7.7	273	194.4	5	11	25	232
Big Sandy	2,366	10.8	256	141.4	18	23	25	190
Kentucky River	1,896	14.1	267	200.3	23	11	19	214
Cumberland Valley	5,250	10.1	529	234.5	37	38	103	351
Lake Cumberland	2,792	6.4	178	104.8	13	19	28	118
Bluegrass	24,417	6.9	1,691	310.5	41	126	440	1,084
TOTAL KENTUCKY	**124,990**	**7.8**	**9,709**	**266.6**	**321**	**698**	**3,468**	**5,222**

NOTE: All Part I Offenses are based on Area Development District Population (1980 Preliminary Count) which are the latest available.

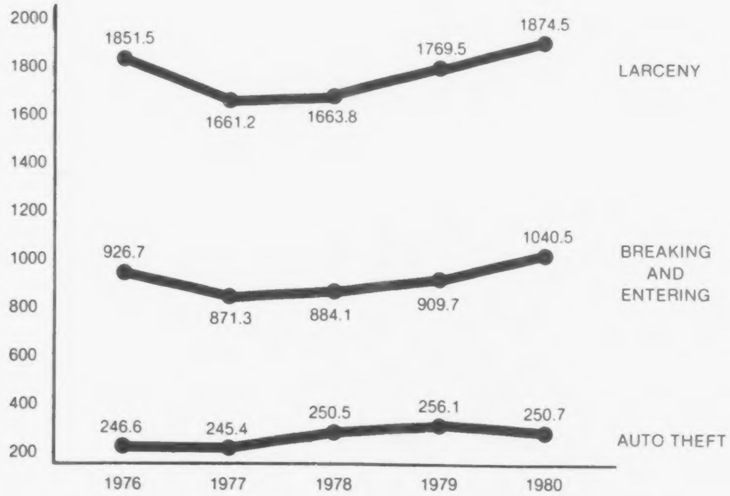
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

Property crimes include the categories of "Breaking and Entering," "Larceny," and "Auto Theft." They are crimes committed predominantly for the purpose of illegally obtaining property belonging to another person, but they do not place the victim in fear of his life or person. In 1980, 115,281 crimes against property were reported to law enforcement agencies in Kentucky. These account for 92.2% of all Part I Index crimes reported in that year.

The following chart depicts the trend in property crimes since 1976. As can be evidenced by this chart, the rate of auto theft has remained fairly constant over the past five years. The rate of breaking and entering has remained stable over the past 3 years, with a slight increase in 1980.

Prior to 1972 the only reported larcenies which were included in the Part I offenses were those involving money or property worth $50.00 or more. During that time, larcenies numbered slightly less than breaking and enterings. Since 1973, with the inclusion of all larcenies, the statistics for this crime have taken a dramatic leap. Larcenies now make up approximately 59.2% of all property offenses.

CRIME RATE
(Per 100,000 Population)



PROPERTY CRIMES AND ROBBERY

For the purposes of gaining an insight into the occurrence of property related crimes in the state of Kentucky it is helpful to view the personal crime of robbery in the same context. The reason for this is that robbery, like the crimes against property, is motivated by a desire to illegally obtain merchandise belonging to another individual. Therefore, when viewing the state as a whole in an effort to determine where property motivated crimes occur, robbery must be included as a property crime, although it is, at the same time, a serious personal offense. The following table depicts the distribution of property motivated crimes in Kentucky. The table does not include all property offenses, but only those which are Part I crimes.

Area Development District	Part I Crimes		Robbery & Property Crimes (Part I)					
	Total Number	% Against Property	Total Property	Rate Property	# of Property			
					Robbery	Larceny	B & E	Auto Th.
Purchase	5,571	95.8	5,338	2960.6	80	3,190	1,711	357
Pennyrile	6,076	93.4	5,676	2786.5	100	3,344	1,895	337
Green River	6,600	95.0	6,272	3155.0	81	3,972	1,906	313
Barren River	6,001	95.2	5,715	2666.2	76	3,761	1,505	373
Lincoln Trail	3,727	94.1	3,507	1618.0	58	2,099	1,103	247
Jefferson	41,069	96.2	39,513	4934.7	2,114	21,170	13,112	3,117
Northern Kentucky	14,065	95.9	13,491	4336.0	303	8.450	3,799	939
Buffalo Trace	552	94.4	521	956.9	5	288	198	30
Gateway	1,057	94.4	998	1506.4	11	582	308	97
FIVCO	3,551	95.8	3,403	2423.4	25	1,895	1,085	398
Big Sandy	2,366	90.2	2,135	1179.3	25	849	903	358
Kentucky River	1,896	86.9	1,648	1236.2	19	605	703	321
Cumberland Valley	5,251	91.9	4,824	2138.8	103	1,915	1,967	839
Lake Cumberland	2,792	94.6	2,642	1556.1	28	1,389	1,039	186
Bluegrass	24,417	94.9	23,166	4254.0	440	14,750	6,657	1,319
TOTAL KENTUCKY	**124,990**	**95.0**	**118,749**	**3261.0**	**3,468**	**68,259**	**37,891**	**9,131**

STATE OFFENSE DATA — 1980

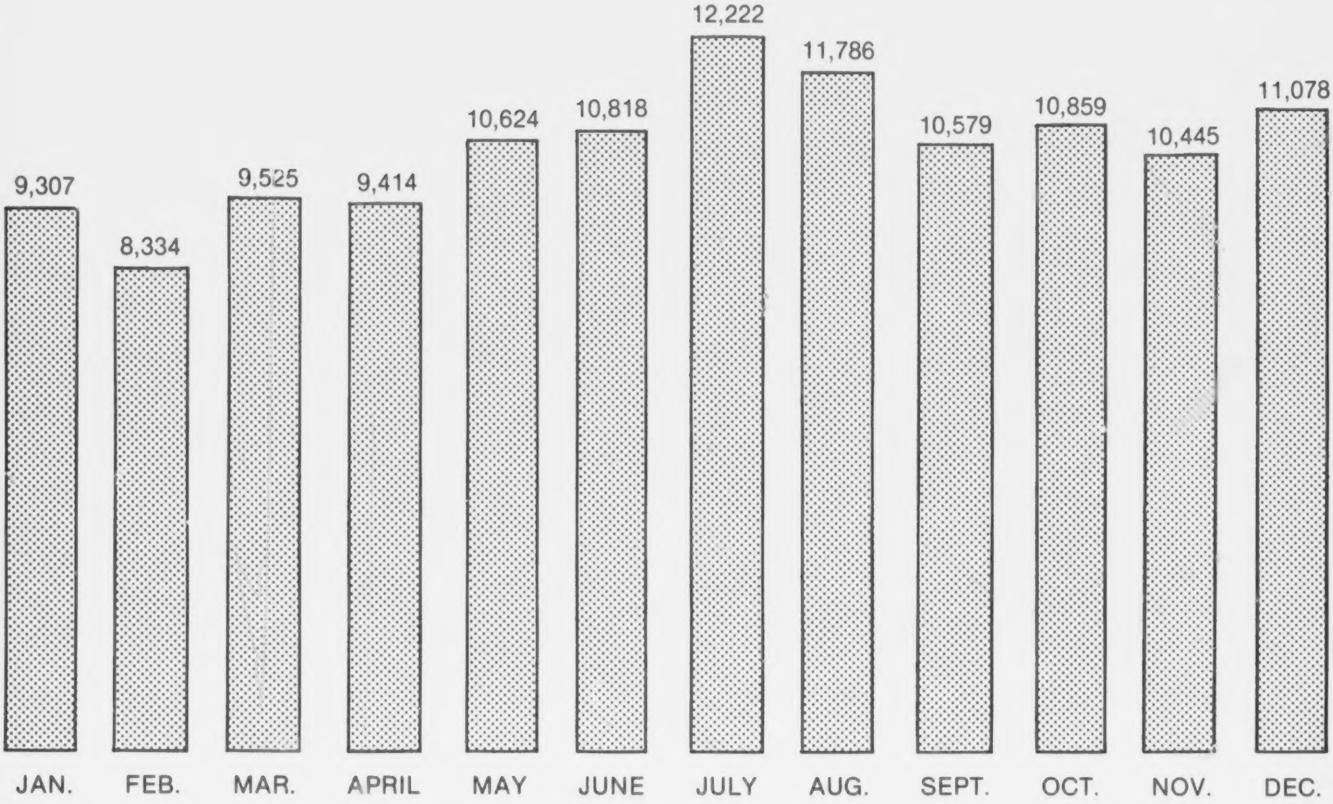
OFFENSES	NUMBER OF ALL OFFENSES	NUMBER OF INDEX OFFENSES	RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS FOR INDEX OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF INDEX OFFENSES	PERCENT OF INDEX OFFENSES CLEARED
Murder	321	321	8.8	0.3	83.8
Manslaughter	7				
Forcible Rape	698	698	19.2	0.6	63.8
Rape by Force	590				
Assault to Rape	108				
Robbery	3,468	3,468	95.2	2.8	30.9
Armed—Any Weapon	2,009				
Strong Arm—No Weapon	1,459				
Assault	10,192	5,222	143.4	4.2	64.5
Gun	1,650				
Knife or Cutting Instrument	849				
Other Dangerous Weapon	1,101				
Hands, Fist, Feet, Etc. Aggravated	1,622				
Other Assaults—Not Aggravated	4,970				
Breaking and Entering	37,891	37,891	1,040.5	30.3	14.2
Forcible Entry	30,855				
Unlawful Entry	5,764				
Attempted Forcible Entry	1,272				
Larceny—Theft	68,259	68,259	1,874.5	54.6	16.2
Auto Theft	9,131	9,131	250.7	7.3	13.6
TOTAL FOR KENTUCKY	**129,967**	**124,990**	**3,432.4**		**18.3**

ESTIMATED POPULATION 3,641,479

CRIME TRENDS 1979-1980

INDEX OF OFFENSES	YEAR	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT CHANGE	RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS	PERCENT CHANGE
MURDER	1979	335	− 4.2	9.5	− 7.4
	1980	321		8.8	
FORCIBLE RAPE	1979	719	− 2.9	20.4	− 5.9
	1980	698		19.2	
ROBBERY	1979	3,247	+ 6.8	92.0	+ 3.5
	1980	3,468		95.2	
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1979	4,444	+ 17.5	125.9	+ 13.9
	1980	5,222		143.4	
BREAKING AND ENTERING	1979	32,086	+ 18.1	909.0	+ 14.4
	1980	37,891		1,040.5	
LARCENY—THEFT	1979	62,409	+ 9.4	1,768.0	+ 6.0
	1980	68,259		1,874.5	
AUTO THEFT	1979	9,033	+ 1.1	255.9	− 2.0
	1980	9,131		250.7	
TOTAL FOR KENTUCKY	**1979**	**112,273**	**+ 11.3**	**3,180.5**	**+ 7.8**
	1980	**124,990**		**3,432.4**	

TOTAL CRIME INDEX OFFENSES BY MONTH KENTUCKY — 1980



OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980

County		Total Crime Index	Index Offenses Cleared (Percent)	Murder	Manslaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
ADAIR	Rate*	1,349		0		13			20		
	1980	204	15.2	0	0	2	2	0	3	2	1
	1979	154	42.2	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
ALLEN	Rate	712		0		14			7		
	1980	100	35.0	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
	1979	63	44.4	0	0	4	4	0	1	1	0
ANDERSON	Rate	1,967		0		0			8		
	1980	247	21.1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	1979	208	19.2	0	0	0	0	0	5	4	1
BALLARD	Rate	559		0		11			0		
	1980	49	40.8	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
	1979	66	81.8	1	0	3	3	0	2	0	2
BARREN	Rate	1,000		6		3			9		
	1980	337	38.3	2	0	1	1	0	3	2	1
	1979	383	79.6	0	0	0	0	0	9	7	2
BATH	Rate	870		10		0			0		
	1980	87	12.6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	62	32.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BELL	Rate	3,306		21		21			50		
	1980	1,032	19.6	7	0	7	6	1	17	11	6
	1979	874	23.7	4	1	7	6	1	6	5	1
BOONE	Rate	6,036		4		42			109		
	1980	2,751	14.1	2	0	19	10	9	50	38	12
	1979	2,544	16.2	2	1	11	7	4	48	43	5
BOURBON	Rate	2,164		5		31			21		
	1980	419	24.1	1	0	6	6	0	4	3	1
	1979	285	29.8	0	0	1	1	0	5	4	1
BOYD	Rate	4,357		2		4			30		
	1980	2,416	14.8	1	1	2	1	1	17	16	1
	1979	1,765	16.6	2	0	12	11	1	54	40	14
BOYLE	Rate	3,026		12		8			20		
	1980	756	27.2	3	0	2	2	0	5	1	4
	1979	673	24.7	1	0	4	2	2	5	4	1
BRACKEN	Rate	658		0		0			0		
	1980	51	33.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	46	50.0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
BREATHITT	Rate	1,115		24		12			18		
	1980	169	20.6	4	0	2	2	0	3	3	0
	1979	141	46.1	5	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
BRECKINRIDGE	Rate	1,204		6		6			30		
	1980	203	12.8	1	0	1	1	0	5	4	1
	1979	197	23.9	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	1
BULLITT	Rate	1,261		7		9			16		
	1980	540	5.6	3	0	4	4	0	7	4	3
	1979	420	11.4	1	0	6	6	0	3	3	0
BUTLER	Rate	1,224		0		0			9		
	1980	135	22.9	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	1979	77	30.3	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
CALDWELL	Rate	2,716		30		22			22		
	1980	366	22.9	4	0	3	3	0	3	2	1
	1979	294	22.5	2	0	2	1	1	7	5	2
CALLOWAY	Rate	3,437		3		7			13		
	1980	1,031	20.8	1	0	2	2	0	4	3	1
	1979	646	19.2	2	0	1	1	0	3	3	0
CAMPBELL	Rate	3,333		2		22			70		
	1980	2,758	17.3	2	0	18	17	1	58	35	23
	1979	2,486	15.3	4	1	13	13	0	44	20	24
CARLISLE	Rate	1,440		0		18			0		
	1980	79	12.7	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1979	63	15.7	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

* Crime Rates are per 100,000 population. Counties having less than 100,000 population (1980 county population) will reflect a rate greater than the actual number of crimes reported. The rate represents the number of crimes which would have been reported (based on the actual ratio of crimes/population) if the county population were 100,000. In counties having more than 100,000 population, the rate is the average number of crimes reported per 100,000.

OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980 (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands, Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Larceny	Auto Theft
40						674				503	99
6	2	0	2	2	0	102	90	12	0	76	15
11	4	2	1	1	3	73	59	14	0	62	8
36						256				349	50
24	4	1	0	0	19	36	28	8	0	49	7
16	2	3	0	1	10	25	21	4	0	24	3
175						804				892	88
26	5	1	0	16	4	101	85	13	3	112	11
25	3	2	2	8	10	79	74	4	1	95	14
80						240				182	46
27	1	1	2	3	20	21	20	0	1	16	4
16	0	0	3	1	12	28	27	0	1	25	3
21						347				561	53
42	1	1	4	1	35	117	108	9	0	189	18
54	6	1	6	2	39	124	106	18	0	202	33
30						320				430	80
17	1	0	1	1	14	32	25	7	0	43	8
18	6	0	3	0	9	28	24	4	0	22	3
209						1,015				1,276	444
121	31	10	12	18	50	345	288	48	9	434	151
99	30	5	6	7	51	244	205	29	10	398	167
180						1,266				3,946	489
117	10	6	9	57	35	577	481	68	28	1,798	223
92	4	3	10	32	43	492	403	45	44	1,691	251
108						728				1,121	150
48	9	3	4	5	27	141	124	9	8	217	29
56	9	4	5	9	29	87	83	3	1	146	19
242						1,185				2,586	308
249	33	11	31	59	115	657	492	106	59	1,434	171
127	12	7	17	31	60	527	450	50	27	971	132
280						821				1,689	196
74	3	2	4	61	4	205	172	18	15	422	49
84	3	6	10	35	30	155	134	12	9	407	47
129						310				219	0
20	3	1	4	2	10	24	23	0	1	17	0
6	0	2	0	1	3	28	28	0	0	10	3
100						419				277	265
27	14	2	0	1	10	71	62	9	0	47	45
43	16	4	0	3	20	56	51	3	2	29	26
41						492				534	95
28	5	1	1	0	21	83	82	1	0	90	16
21	1	1	1	0	18	106	98	8	0	76	9
30						406				693	90
32	9	1	2	1	19	175	163	10	2	299	39
19	0	1	5	3	10	165	161	4	0	193	43
27						517				490	181
19	2	1	0	0	16	57	48	9	0	54	20
13	3	0	0	0	10	28	26	2	0	36	8
141						1,202				1,151	148
46	3	3	3	10	27	162	150	5	7	155	20
32	2	1	3	6	20	127	117	3	7	136	8
120						807				2,347	140
52	6	0	2	28	16	242	213	21	8	704	42
38	0	1	5	13	19	163	144	14	5	434	24
120						1,115				1,744	260
152	21	22	9	47	53	923	799	96	28	1,443	215
109	9	9	3	47	41	798	686	91	21	1,400	159
128						638				620	36
10	2	0	2	3	3	35	28	5	2	34	2
4	0	1	0	2	1	32	31	1	0	38	9

OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980

County		Total Crime Index	Index Offenses Cleared (Percent)	Murder	Manslaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
CARROLL	Rate*	3,101		11		0			43		
	1980	288	14.9	1	1	0	0	0	4	2	2
	1979	180	18.3	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
CARTER	Rate	1,314		4		4			20		
	1980	329	10.0	1	0	1	1	0	5	4	1
	1979	351	32.2	2	0	1	1	0	4	3	1
CASEY	Rate	569		7		0			7		
	1980	84	30.9	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	1979	102	23.5	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
CHRISTIAN	Rate	4,865		8		41			113		
	1980	3,224	30.7	5	0	27	22	5	75	34	41
	1979	2,828	27.2	8	0	22	15	7	49	34	15
CLARK	Rate	2,755		4		7			28		
	1980	781	27.9	1	0	2	2	0	8	8	0
	1979	648	27.8	3	1	2	2	0	13	9	4
CLAY	Rate	1,571		39		18			18		
	1980	356	23.9	9	0	4	4	0	4	4	0
	1979	255	40.0	7	0	1	1	0	9	7	2
CLINTON	Rate	1,048		11		0			0		
	1980	95	34.7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	91	41.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRITTENDEN	Rate	1,615		11		11			0		
	1980	149	40.3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1979	124	23.4	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
CUMBERLAND	Rate	1,051		28		0			0		
	1980	76	42.1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	55	78.2	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	1
DAVIESS	Rate	4,184		8		16			53		
	1980	3,586	21.0	7	0	14	14	0	45	25	20
	1979	3,527	21.8	3	0	14	10	4	66	50	16
EDMONSON	Rate	1,430		10		0			0		
	1980	143	7.7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	120	15.8	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
ELLIOTT	Rate	745		29		58			0		
	1980	51	31.4	2	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
	1979	28	46.4	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
ESTILL	Rate	986		0		27			21		
	1980	144	21.5	0	0	4	4	0	3	3	0
	1979	141	34.0	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
FAYETTE	Rate	7,665		5		35			173		
	1980	15,586	15.7	11	0	71	62	9	351	209	142
	1979	13,537	16.9	18	3	68	53	15	275	170	105
FLEMING	Rate	470		8		16			8		
	1980	58	29.3	1	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
	1979	55	36.4	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
FLOYD	Rate	1,320		2		14			17		
	1980	641	13.6	1	0	7	7	0	8	7	1
	1979	561	38.0	2	0	5	4	1	4	2	2
FRANKLIN	Rate	4,267		14		21			41		
	1980	1,789	18.2	6	0	9	9	0	17	11	6
	1979	1,620	22.6	3	0	8	7	1	22	13	9
FULTON	Rate	3,380		11		11			78		
	1980	303	26.1	1	0	1	1	0	7	5	2
	1979	270	28.5	1	0	0	0	0	7	5	2
GALLATIN	Rate	2,491		21		21			62		
	1980	120	17.5	1	0	1	1	0	3	2	1
	1979	91	26.4	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
GARRARD	Rate	1,781		9		28			37		
	1980	191	32.4	1	0	3	3	0	4	4	0
	1979	129	46.5	0	1	1	0	1	2	1	1

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OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980 (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands, Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Larceny	Auto Theft
108						1,346				1,346	247
16	1	1	3	5	6	125	103	20	2	125	23
17	5	0	2	0	10	49	41	6	2	112	9
84						511				503	188
51	12	1	1	7	30	128	108	14	6	126	47
78	21	2	8	29	18	133	107	23	3	121	30
20						251				271	13
5	0	0	0	3	2	37	26	11	0	40	2
13	3	0	0	2	8	21	15	6	0	62	13
279						1,363				2,826	235
354	25	24	41	95	169	903	775	103	25	1,873	156
187	21	14	19	47	86	764	645	103	16	1,741	143
81						769				1,704	162
120	4	5	3	11	97	218	200	12	6	483	46
104	12	5	2	5	80	174	154	20	0	390	42
123						552				468	353
75	22	2	2	2	47	125	106	17	2	106	80
49	9	2	2	2	34	90	78	12	0	70	63
66						320				618	33
29	3	0	2	1	23	29	26	3	0	56	3
23	3	0	1	1	18	31	29	2	0	52	3
43						585				911	54
15	0	0	1	3	11	54	46	7	1	84	5
16	3	0	2	3	8	60	56	4	0	46	9
69						567				359	28
10	1	0	1	3	5	41	37	4	0	26	2
8	[illegible]	0	0	0	7	16	11	5	0	30	5
139						1,203				2,575	190
358	19	43	25	32	239	1,031	760	198	73	2,207	163
397	18	13	11	17	338	897	617	231	49	2,294	194
40						630				660	90
5	3	0	1	0	1	63	54	9	0	66	9
9	5	1	0	2	1	51	46	5	0	45	14
117						175				263	102
11	4	3	1	0	3	12	9	3	0	18	7
6	5	0	1	0	0	7	5	2	0	4	9
89						479				301	69
18	7	3	0	3	5	70	55	14	1	44	10
37	13	0	3	3	18	64	56	7	1	47	8
270						1,977				4,798	407
1,013	152	131	207	58	465	4,015	2,602	1,218	195	9,744	826
1,039	117	129	208	58	527	3,446	2,438	845	163	8,582	636
16						260				130	32
18	2	0	0	0	16	32	28	4	0	16	4
13	2	0	0	0	11	27	23	4	0	21	2
93						554				451	189
74	31	2	7	5	29	269	235	30	4	219	92
83	50	5	5	5	18	203	170	32	1	201	81
290						1,299				2,447	175
129	11	11	18	81	8	542	369	159	14	1,021	73
153	18	8	10	77	40	462	318	134	10	916	96
190						1,350				1,606	134
57	1	5	5	6	40	121	108	3	10	144	12
58	2	4	2	7	43	86	71	3	12	150	11
83						789				1,328	187
13	1	0	1	2	9	38	33	4	1	64	9
12	2	1	0	2	7	39	33	4	2	37	9
249						608				710	120
27	6	2	1	18	0	66	62	2	2	77	13
25	4	1	1	7	12	56	47	9	0	49	8

OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980

County		Total Crime Index	Index Offenses Cleared (Percent)	Murder	Man-slaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
GRANT	Rate*	2,183		8		0			23		
	1980	290	10.3	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	2
	1979	299	32.1	0	0	2	1	1	9	8	1
GRAVES	Rate	2,102		9		18			35		
	1980	718	29.4	3	0	6	6	0	12	9	3
	1979	615	22.6	1	0	3	3	0	26	33	13
GRAYSON	Rate	1,433		10		5			10		
	1980	293	12.3	2	1	1	1	0	2	2	0
	1979	279	35.6	1	0	0	0	0	5	4	1
GREEN	Rate	711		0		0			9		
	1980	78	26.9	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	1979	68	42.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREENUP	Rate	1,422		0		3			5		
	1980	554	14.9	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	1
	1979	471	33.3	2	0	4	3	1	5	5	0
HANCOCK	Rate	973		0		0			0		
	1980	75	26.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	86	29.1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
HARDIN	Rate	1,930		6		18			28		
	1980	1,716	19.1	5	0	16	9	7	25	22	3
	1979	1,698	27.2	6	0	15	12	3	28	25	3
HARLAN	Rate	2,224		14		24			67		
	1980	934	18.5	6	0	10	10	0	28	17	11
	1979	860	42.1	9	0	3	3	0	21	20	1
HARRISON	Rate	535		7		0			13		
	1980	81	30.9	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
	1979	112	30.4	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
HART	Rate	1,877		20		0			26		
	1980	284	14.1	3	0	0	0	0	4	3	1
	1979	229	31.0	0	0	1	1	0	3	3	0
HENDERSON	Rate	4,731		2		32			74		
	1980	1,930	27.8	1	0	13	10	3	30	15	15
	1979	1,758	28.2	0	1	11	7	4	31	16	15
HENRY	Rate	867		16		0			8		
	1980	110	20.9	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	1979	115	22.6	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
HICKMAN	Rate	1,631		0		49			66		
	1980	99	32.3	0	0	3	3	0	4	3	1
	1979	64	42.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HOPKINS	Rate	2,594		2		4			22		
	1980	1,196	36.7	1	0	2	2	0	10	9	1
	1979	1,031	29.5	6	0	6	4	2	17	16	1
JACKSON	Rate	771		25		9			0		
	1980	92	40.2	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1979	55	50.9	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	2
JEFFERSON	Rate	5,732		11		30			307		
	1980	39,067	15.9	76	0	207	160	47	2,095	1,128	967
	1979	35,942	20.0	91	24	254	194	60	1,869	1,040	829
JESSAMINE	Rate	1,835		16		16			8		
	1980	466	23.2	4	0	4	3	1	2	2	0
	1979	358	28.8	4	0	6	5	1	6	4	2
JOHNSON	Rate	1,270		16		8			16		
	1980	309	19.7	4	0	2	2	0	4	3	1
	1979	285	31.9	3	0	4	4	0	0	0	0
KENTON	Rate	5,610		7		32			136		
	1980	7,619	13.4	10	2	44	38	6	185	109	76
	1979	7,307	14.7	12	0	36	26	10	180	109	71
KNOTT	Rate	1,063		0		6			17		
	1980	190	11.6	0	0	1	1	0	3	2	1
	1979	128	39.1	2	0	1	1	0	2	2	0

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OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980 (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands, Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Larceny	Auto Theft
105						881				978	188
18	7	0	5	2	4	117	84	29	4	130	25
38	5	3	16	4	10	110	89	18	3	126	24
79						606				1,238	117
84	7	2	4	14	57	207	140	64	3	423	40
99	8	1	1	8	81	192	136	53	3	344	31
39						469				812	88
26	2	1	4	1	18	96	85	10	1	166	18
26	4	1	3	4	14	117	111	5	1	131	13
100						255				292	55
14	0	1	2	8	3	28	27	1	0	32	6
15	8	0	0	1	6	27	22	5	0	27	5
98						554				631	131
63	7	1	8	22	25	216	185	18	13	246	51
73	5	1	1	39	27	131	114	15	2	231	52
104						532				298	39
13	2	1	5	0	5	41	35	6	0	23	3
7	1	0	0	1	5	43	34	6	3	37	2
66						543				1,116	154
83	13	10	7	28	25	483	414	54	15	992	137
100	11	8	10	36	35	481	437	37	7	969	134
274						833				743	269
249	51	10	29	25	134	350	289	44	17	312	113
235	52	11	14	12	146	288	237	46	5	327	123
13						172				297	33
17	1	0	0	1	15	26	21	5	0	45	5
11	2	0	1	2	6	40	37	2	1	57	7
89						688				978	66
31	9	2	1	3	16	104	91	13	0	148	10
34	7	2	3	0	22	80	73	7	0	120	13
191						1,061				3,160	211
339	13	10	21	34	261	433	290	92	51	1,289	86
345	10	10	24	20	281	418	273	99	46	1,149	85
118						378				260	87
24	13	1	0	1	9	48	43	4	1	33	11
16	6	2	2	0	6	55	50	4		38	11
132						643				659	82
26	1	3	3	1	18	39	38	0	1	40	5
12	7	0	0	0	5	19	18	1	0	29	9
135						883				1,364	184
145	12	16	12	22	83	407	379	23	5	629	85
126	12	6	10	18	80	320	303	16	1	552	84
109						360				159	109
23	9	2	1	1	10	43	35	6	2	19	13
27	2	0	1	1	23	34	28	6	0	13	0
168						1,808				2,971	437
1,432	429	232	285	198	288	12,322	10,244	1,709	369	20,245	2,978
1,837	429	205	277	174	752	10,051	8,898	976	177	19,430	3,162
169						610				941	75
44	8	5	4	26	1	155	143	9	3	239	19
40	3	1	2	4	30	103	99	4	0	199	30
103						456				535	136
91	15	1	4	5	66	111	100	10	1	130	33
65	7	5	4	6	43	100	90	10	0	124	32
187						1,404				3,529	315
655	35	44	43	132	401	1,907	1,596	181	130	4,792	427
535	25	59	53	85	313	1,875	1,444	292	139	4,461	521
156						386				336	162
57	20	2	1	5	29	69	58	11	0	60	29
42	18	1	0	5	18	52	45	6	1	26	19

OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980

County		Total Crime Index	Index Offenses Cleared (Percent)	Murder	Manslaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
KNOX	Rate*	2,094		20		7			37		
	1980	627	15.2	6	0	2	2	0	11	10	1
	1979	521	31.3	6	0	3	2	1	5	5	0
LARUE	Rate	1,063		8		0			42		
	1980	126	31.7	1	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
	1979	85	37.5	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
LAUREL	Rate	2,742		10		18			42		
	1980	1,053	15.1	4	0	7	7	0	16	13	3
	1979	800	32.5	2	0	6	6	0	19	17	2
LAWRENCE	Rate	1,422		7		21			7		
	1980	201	31.3	1	0	3	3	0	1	1	0
	1979	156	18.6	1	0	1	1	0	2	1	1
LEE	Rate	927		13		0			0		
	1980	71	49.3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	57	71.9	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LESLIE	Rate	1,059		40		7			7		
	1980	157	16.6	6	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
	1979	140	48.6	5	0	1	1	0	12	11	1
LETCHER	Rate	1,117		13		7			0		
	1980	338	28.7	4	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
	1979	284	51.4	4	0	5	5	0	9	6	3
LEWIS	Rate	902		0		13			7		
	1980	131	11.5	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	1
	1979	151	17.2	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
LINCOLN	Rate	1,381		5		5			0		
	1980	262	38.2	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
	1979	204	11.3	2	0	7	5	2	2	2	0
LIVINGSTON	Rate	1,869		43		11			11		
	1980	173	16.8	4	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
	1979	160	23.8	0	0	1	1	0	3	3	0
LOGAN	Rate	1,843		4		13			33		
	1980	444	32.2	1	0	3	2	1	8	5	3
	1979	389	37.4	2	0	4	4	0	5	3	2
LYON	Rate	1,676		0		0			0		
	1980	109	26.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	112	37.5	0	0	1	1	0	3	0	3
McCRACKEN	Rate	4,386		8		18			83		
	1980	2,686	20.5	5	0	11	8	3	51	30	21
	1979	2,820	22.8	7	0	5	3	2	74	58	16
McCREARY	Rate	1,677		6		38			13		
	1980	261	40.2	1	0	6	6	0	2	2	0
	1979	213	59.2	1	0	2	2	0	4	3	1
McLEAN	Rate	2,098		0		30			0		
	1980	211	21.8	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
	1979	189	37.9	0	1	1	0	1	2	1	1
MADISON	Rate	4,004		11		19			58		
	1980	2,135	15.8	6	0	10	8	2	31	17	14
	1979	2,142	22.2	5	0	10	10	0	32	23	9
MAGOFFIN	Rate	906		7		7			15		
	1980	122	24.6	1	0	1	1	0	2	2	0
	1979	112	42.9	5	0	2	2	0	2	2	0
MARION	Rate	2,769		11		0			51		
	1980	488	31.8	2	0	0	0	0	9	4	5
	1979	479	23.0	3	0	3	3	0	9	1	8
MARSHALL	Rate	2,384		4		12			8		
	1980	606	9.1	1	0	3	3	0	2	2	0
	1979	436	14.9	1	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
MARTIN	Rate	1,019		7		14			0		
	1980	142	35.2	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
	1979	121	48.8	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	1

* Crime Rates are per 100,000 population. Counties having less than 100,000 population (1980 county population) will relfect a rate greater than the actual number of crimes reported. The rate represents the number of crimes which would have been reported (based on the actual ratio of crimes/population) if the county population were 100,000. In counties having more than 100,000 population, the rate is the average number of crimes reported per 100,000.

OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980 (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands, Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Larceny	Auto Theft
160						865				574	431
63	28	3	7	10	15	259	228	26	5	172	129
87	41	2	3	1	40	176	148	25	3	162	122
59						532				380	42
28	4	0	2	1	21	63	58	5	0	45	5
21	0	3	2	1	15	36	29	6	1	38	2
75						1,042				1,120	435
77	15	1	5	8	48	400	349	48	3	430	167
94	16	1	5	3	69	326	278	45	3	267	155
219						510				502	156
78	16	3	6	6	47	72	61	11	0	71	22
48	13	2	2	2	29	52	42	9	1	68	13
183						483				183	65
22	2	2	0	10	8	37	33	2	2	14	5
24	5	0	3	4	12	23	19	4	0	14	4
182						378				236	209
35	22	2	0	3	8	56	48	8	0	35	31
43	15	1	0	4	23	44	40	4	0	23	35
122						469				337	169
115	21	2	7	7	78	142	132	10	0	102	51
108	26	3	3	4	72	126	121	4	1	61	43
34						406				406	34
13	4	1	0	0	8	59	54	1	4	59	5
11	1	0	1	3	6	62	58	4	0	72	9
185						459				648	79
41	7	6	5	17	6	87	79	7	1	123	15
44	9	2	2	7	24	65	60	4	1	92	16
151						767				767	119
15	3	1	3	7	1	71	60	10	1	71	11
17	6	1	4	2	4	67	54	9	4	65	11
62						527				1,092	112
99	4	3	3	5	84	127	101	23	3	263	27
93	9	1	1	12	70	126	106	17	3	200	29
215						615				754	92
14	0	6	8	0	0	40	37	2	1	49	6
8	0	2	2	3	1	57	54	3	0	40	4
135						1,308				2,494	340
116	16	18	19	30	33	801	658	135	8	1,527	208
136	22	17	15	35	47	743	622	89	32	1,698	204
71						874				572	103
119	6	1	3	1	108	136	118	17	1	89	16
87	12	0	2	1	72	89	81	7	1	79	23
99						1,015				855	99
19	3	3	2	2	9	102	83	19	0	86	10
13	3	1	1	2	6	99	73	25	1	72	8
135						1,050				2,470	261
110	14	12	16	30	38	560	477	70	13	1,317	139
119	13	8	11	26	61	478	428	48	2	1,381	178
111						372				230	164
52	10	0	1	4	37	50	44	6	0	31	22
34	6	0	3	1	24	50	46	4	0	31	12
329						630				1,572	176
73	13	7	6	32	15	111	94	16	1	277	31
60	6	7	0	7	40	99	83	16	0	317	28
35						956				1,178	171
29	4	1	1	3	20	245	212	28	5	302	44
31	6	0	3	8	14	173	155	13	5	206	36
100						395				223	280
56	5	2	3	4	42	55	51	4	0	31	39
34	9	0	1	[illegible]	23	41	35	6	0	23	41

OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980

County		Total Crime Index	Index Offenses Cleared (Percent)	Murder	Manslaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
MASON	Rate*	1,701		0		11			17		
	1980	299	19.7	0	0	2	1	1	3	3	0
	1979	395	12.4	1	0	3	2	1	3	2	1
MEADE	Rate	936		0		4			13		
	1980	214	17.8	0	0	1	1	0	3	2	1
	1979	208	22.9	4	0	0	0	0	8	7	1
MENIFEE	Rate	551		0		20			0		
	1980	28	14.3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1979	35	42.9	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
MERCER	Rate	1,688		10		31			10		
	1980	318	24.2	2	0	6	6	0	1	1	0
	1979	249	10.4	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
METCALFE	Rate	540		0		11			11		
	1980	51	27.7	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
	1979	53	24.5	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
MONROE	Rate	928		0		16			33		
	1980	114	52.6	0	0	2	2	0	4	4	0
	1979	90	41.1	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	1
MONTGOMERY	Rate	1,689		10		20			15		
	1980	339	17.7	2	0	4	2	2	3	2	1
	1979	301	5.3	1	0	1	1	0	3	3	0
MORGAN	Rate	1,059		0		0			16		
	1980	128	17.2	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
	1979	109	28.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MUHLENBURG	Rate	1,815		3		19			25		
	1980	585	29.4	1	0	6	6	0	8	6	2
	1979	489	45.2	2	0	3	3	0	1	0	1
NELSON	Rate	1,711		4		7			29		
	1980	470	19.4	1	0	2	2	0	8	7	1
	1979	358	23.9	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
NICHOLAS	Rate	795		0		28			0		
	1980	57	14.0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
	1979	45	26.7	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
OHIO	Rate	1,129		9		18			14		
	1980	247	29.1	2	0	4	4	0	3	3	0
	1979	190	55.8	2	0	9	9	0	2	1	1
OLDHAM	Rate	2,156		7		15			11		
	1980	591	18.3	2	0	4	4	0	3	3	0
	1979	524	28.2	2	0	7	7	0	7	5	2
OWEN	Rate	1,526		0		34			0		
	1980	133	9.8	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
	1979	124	20.9	0	0	4	4	0	4	2	2
OWSLEY	Rate	543		0		0			0		
	1980	31	19.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	31	38.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PENDLETON	Rate	[illegible]		9		9			0		
	1980	106	11.3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
	1979	[illegible]	35.8	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1
PERRY	Rate	2,444		21		6			36		
	1980	815	15.7	7	0	2	2	0	12	9	3
	1979	824	29.4	11	0	3	3	0	11	11	0
PIKE	Rate	1,428		14		14			14		
	1980	1,152	22.1	11	2	11	11	0	11	9	2
	1979	975	35.1	11	0	11	8	3	15	13	2
POWELL	Rate	1,345		18		0			9		
	1980	149	21.6	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
	1979	110	30.0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
PULASKI	Rate	2,385		11		6			22		
	1980	1,081	20.3	5	0	3	3	0	10	8	2
	1979	847	26.2	7	0	2	1	1	15	14	1

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OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980 (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands, Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Larceny	Auto Theft
34						438				1,087	114
24	3	1	1	1	18	77	69	3	5	191	20
17	0	2	2	1	12	82	72	3	7	278	23
44						320				481	74
23	4	2	2	2	13	73	63	9	1	110	17
41	5	2	1	1	32	58	49	7	2	113	16
20						275				216	20
2	0	0	1	0	1	14	13	1	0	11	1
1	0	0	1	0	0	15	15	0	0	17	1
153						541				859	84
33	3	6	4	16	4	102	88	7	7	162	16
35	2	2	0	4	27	92	81	5	6	132	14
74						180				233	31
7	2	0	1	4	0	17	15	2	0	22	3
1	1	0	0	0	0	32	23	9	0	17	1
163						179				521	16
25	5	3	4	8	5	22	21	1	0	64	2
18	14	0	0	0	4	45	38	7	0	26	2
60						468				902	214
24	8	2	1	1	12	94	88	2	4	181	43
26	5	4	1	0	16	89	86	3	0	166	31
149						331				464	99
18	8	0	2	8	0	40	35	5	0	56	12
10	4	0	0	5	1	44	40	4	0	46	10
99						434				1,126	109
72	22	3	4	3	40	140	114	25	1	363	35
42	10	5	3	0	24	126	106	19	1	279	60
109						506				1,005	51
102	10	14	3	3	72	139	124	15	0	276	14
54	8	2	8	1	35	114	106	7	1	196	28
28						181				488	70
8	1	1	0	0	6	13	10	3	0	35	5
14	4	1	1	0	8	20	15	5	0	11	7
41						425				535	87
41	6	1	2	0	32	93	80	12	1	117	19
43	5	2	3	0	33	87	76	11	0	63	17
117						839				1,036	131
51	1	10	9	12	19	230	203	21	6	284	36
51	4	6	5	8	28	206	174	27	5	248	31
34						746				597	115
6	1	1	1	0	3	65	50	15	0	52	10
3	2	0	0	1	0	46	42	3	1	57	10
17						456				53	17
9	1	0	0	0	8	26	25	0	1	3	1
6	3	0	0	2	1	11	11	0	0	12	3
37						429				420	64
5	3	0	0	1	1	47	38	8	1	46	7
12	1	0	3	0	8	44	38	6	0	35	9
222						776				939	444
96	54	3	7	10	22	259	215	41	3	313	148
127	70	5	9	9	34	243	206	35	2	313	150
113						517				542	212
317	52	12	7	20	226	418	326	86	6	438	172
305	49	5	9	6	236	352	284	63	5	391	126
72						560				551	135
8	3	2	2	1	0	62	58	4	0	61	15
20	4	2	2	5	7	45	43	2	0	37	13
48						810				1,306	162
146	9	2	11	0	124	370	316	51	1	597	74
99	7	1	5	1	85	323	291	30	2	417	69

OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980

County		Total Crime Index	Index Offenses Cleared (Percent)	Murder	Man-slaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
ROBERTSON	Rate*	570		0		0			0		
	1980	13	15.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	13	53.9	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
ROCKCASTLE	Rate	1,759		14		0			100		
	1980	245	18.4	2	0	0	0	0	14	12	2
	1979	142	43.7	1	4	2	2	0	9	9	0
ROWAN	Rate	2,496		16		0			31		
	1980	475	14.3	3	0	0	0	0	6	5	1
	1979	474	21.7	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	1
RUSSELL	Rate	1,460		7		7			30		
	1980	197	35.0	1	0	1	1	0	4	3	1
	1979	112	16.9	2	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
SCOTT	Rate	2,710		9		9			14		
	1980	590	15.1	2	0	2	2	0	3	1	2
	1979	625	8.2	0	0	5	5	0	13	12	1
SHELBY	Rate	2,607		13		4			29		
	1980	620	16.6	3	0	1	1	0	7	5	2
	1979	553	3.1	1	0	7	7	0	5	4	1
SIMPSON	Rate	2,652		21		27			27		
	1980	388	31.4	3	0	4	3	1	4	2	2
	1979	317	10.1	0	0	4	2	2	9	6	3
SPENCER	Rate	1,595		0		0			0		
	1980	95	11.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1979	82	31.7	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
TAYLOR	Rate	1,931		5		14			24		
	1980	404	21.0	1	0	3	3	0	5	3	2
	1979	348	20.1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
TODD	Rate	1,159		8		0			17		
	1980	135	13.3	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
	1979	107	34.6	3	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
TRIGG	Rate	1,484		32		0			11		
	1980	139	21.6	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	1979	155	39.4	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
TRIMBLE	Rate	734		0		0			16		
	1980	46	41.3	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
	1979	46	43.8	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
UNION	Rate	1,825		0		17			11		
	1980	325	29.2	0	0	3	2	1	2	2	0
	1979	342	29.8	0	0	4	2	2	1	1	0
WARREN	Rate	5,721		13		21			71		
	1980	4,005	17.0	9	0	15	13	2	50	28	22
	1979	3,628	22.2	8	2	22	15	7	43	30	13
WASHINGTON	Rate	2,024		0		9			9		
	1980	217	13.4	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
	1979	159	18.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WAYNE	Rate	1,837		6		23			12		
	1980	312	24.7	1	0	4	4	0	2	0	2
	1979	305	22.0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
WEBSTER	Rate	1,522		7		13			7		
	1980	226	31.4	1	0	2	2	0	1	1	0
	1979	180	32.2	1	0	2	1	1	3	3	0
WHITLEY	Rate	2,789		3		21			40		
	1980	912	23.6	1	0	7	6	1	13	10	3
	1979	744	35.0	1	0	9	7	2	18	15	3
WOLFE	Rate	1,564		15		45			0		
	1980	105	31.4	1	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
	1979	61	36.1	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
WOODFORD	Rate	2,663		0		23			40		
	1980	466	22.5	0	0	4	2	2	7	5	2
	1979	315	15.2	0	0	2	2	0	5	1	4

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OFFENSE DATA BY COUNTY — 1980 (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands, Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Larceny	Auto Theft
44						263				219	44
2	0	0	0	1	1	6	3	2	1	5	1
1	0	0	0	1	0	6	5	1	0	1	2
136						819				488	201
38	10	3	2	4	19	114	101	12	1	68	28
24	9	0	4	4	7	58	50	7	1	28	27
73						673				1,530	173
30	3	1	1	9	16	128	108	16	4	291	33
31	6	0	2	10	13	131	114	15	2	285	34
237						519				556	104
36	10	4	5	13	4	70	61	9	0	75	14
28	5	1	1	2	19	37	34	3	0	50	11
87						744				1,728	119
59	3	3	2	11	40	162	131	30	1	376	26
66	7	0	0	8	51	157	149	5	3	401	34
143						1,182				1,064	172
56	9	6	13	6	22	281	253	28	0	253	41
52	9	6	8	12	17	245	201	36	8	207	53
48						731				1,620	178
45	2	0	1	4	38	107	102	5	0	237	26
39	2	1	3	1	32	85	71	13	1	189	23
134						688				655	118
10	2	0	3	3	2	41	32	8	1	39	7
10	3	0	2	1	4	29	26	2	1	38	7
52						521				1,181	134
15	0	0	0	11	4	109	94	11	4	247	28
16	3	0	1	1	11	101	90	11	0	228	12
43						507				490	94
16	3	1	1	0	11	59	56	3	0	57	11
8	0	0	1	1	6	42	40	2	0	48	10
53						630				673	85
6	2	0	2	1	1	59	52	5	2	63	8
12	1	1	0	4	6	73	68	2	3	63	11
128						239				271	80
13	4	2	2	0	5	15	10	4	1	17	5
7	1	0	0	3	3	25	19	5	1	15	2
202						522				966	107
89	11	2	3	20	53	93	83	9	1	172	19
78	7	1	3	9	58	122	105	14	3	171	24
223						1,221				3,813	359
334	29	34	44	49	178	855	607	216	32	2,669	251
393	24	46	40	54	229	766	534	179	53	2,361	264
75						513				1,334	84
9	3	1	2	2	1	55	49	5	1	143	9
7	0	1	1	1	4	56	50	6	0	95	5
65						689				889	153
56	3	5	3	0	45	117	104	30	3	151	26
45	10	2	1	1	31	138	124	11	3	133	17
121						761				525	88
32	6	5	2	5	14	113	104	6	3	78	13
35	7	1	1	4	22	72	66	4	2	66	23
86						1,012				1,144	483
139	18	0	3	7	111	331	295	36	0	374	158
117	19	2	6	3	87	237	220	14	3	305	144
238						641				462	163
16	13	0	1	2	0	43	40	3	0	31	11
5	5	0	0	0	0	30	25	5	0	19	4
166						754				1,554	126
31	2	1	1	25	2	132	122	7	3	272	22
29	2	1	2	3	21	93	91	0	2	186	21

OFFENSE DATA BY CITY — 1980
CITIES OVER 10,000 POPULATION

CITY	TOTAL CRIME INDEX	Murder	Man slaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
ASHLAND Percent Index Offenses Cleared	1,860 16.2	1	1	2	1	1	12	11	1
BOWLING GREEN Percent Index Offenses Cleared	2,839 18.5	5	0	8	7	1	39	21	18
COVINGTON Percent Index Offenses Cleared	4,693 13.9	7	1	32	26	6	148	83	65
DANVILLE Percent Index Offenses Cleared	608 27.6	1	0	2	2	0	4	1	3
ELIZABETHTOWN Percent Index Offenses Cleared	566 16.3	1	0	2	2	0	6	6	0
ERLANGER Percent Index Offenses Cleared	926 18.8	1	0	4	4	0	11	8	3
FLORENCE Percent Index Offenses Cleared	1,477 16.7	2	0	4	2	2	32	23	9
FT. THOMAS Percent Index Offenses Cleared	241 15.4	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
FRANKFORT Percent Index Offenses Cleared	1,267 21.5	4	0	3	3	0	14	9	5
GEORGETOWN Percent Index Offenses Cleared	368 13.6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
GLASGOW Percent Index Offenses Cleared	137 65.7	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
HENDERSON Percent Index Offenses Cleared	1,502 12.3	0	0	6	4	2	27	13	14
HOPKINSVILLE Percent Index Offenses Cleared	2,083 23.4	3	0	5	4	1	45	15	30
JEFFERSON P.D. Percent Index Offenses Cleared	853 17.2	1	0	1	1	0	9	6	3
LEXINGTON Percent Index Offenses Cleared	14,004 16.5	11	0	69	60	9	341	205	136
LOUISVILLE Percent Index Offenses Cleared	20,072 18.1	60	0	138	103	35	1,771	905	866
MADISONVILLE Percent Index Offenses Cleared	576 53.8	0	0	1	1	0	5	4	1
MAYFIELD Percent Index Offenses Cleared	400 26.8	1	0	1	1	0	9	7	2
MIDDLESBORO Percent Index Offenses Cleared	570 22.3	2	0	5	5	0	8	6	2
MURRAY Percent Index Offenses Cleared	475 23.2	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1

*Includes Entire County

OFFENSE DATA BY CITY — 1980
CITIES OVER 10,000 POPULATION (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Total Larceny	Auto Theft
173	10	10	28	50	75	436	310	74	52	1,192	119
235	16	30	27	32	130	607	419	159	29	1,878	197
486	29	37	28	31	361	1,194	1,005	95	94	2,013	274
61	1	1	4	51	4	152	123	15	14	353	39
11	0	0	0	10	1	115	112	3	0	383	49
86	0	1	8	76	1	178	148	25	5	599	48
44	5	4	2	26	7	223	145	61	17	1,073	106
16	0	1	1	9	5	73	44	20	9	149	6
84	3	9	10	61	1	330	220	108	2	795	38
37	0	2	0	5	30	78	60	17	1	287	15
16	0	0	0	0	16	57	53	4	0	66	10
282	11	8	9	21	233	292	173	72	47	1,065	63
122	13	18	29	54	8	520	448	54	18	1,320	76
19	2	1	3	2	11	213	189	12	12	376	45
949	151	128	199	43	428	3,859	2,560	1,110	189	8,415	788
823	327	168	223	105	0	6,542	5,407	983	152	8,390	1,848
[illegible]	2	4	2	12	39	169	169	0	0	348	35
[illegible]	1	1	0	5	10	99	76	22	1	265	18
[illegible]	4	7	6	12	26	151	123	22	6	313	62
24	0	0	0	24	0	73	68	0	5	358	19

OFFENSE DATA BY CITY — 1980
CITIES OVER 10,000 POPULATION

CITY	TOTAL CRIME INDEX	Murder	Man slaughter	Forcible Rape Total	Rape by Force	Attempt Rape	Robbery Total	Armed Any Weapon	Strong Arm
NEWPORT Percent Index Offenses Cleared	1,407 16.1	2	0	13	13	0	48	27	21
OWENSBORO Percent Index Offenses Cleared	3,112 19.4	6	0	9	9	0	43	23	20
PADUCAH Percent Index Offenses Cleared	2,134 17.3	4	0	8	7	1	41	23	18
RADCLIFF Percent Index Offenses Cleared	643 27.4	3	0	9	2	7	7	5	2
RICHMOND Percent Index Offenses Cleared	760 25.0	3	0	3	2	1	15	8	7
ST. MATTHEWS Percent Index Offenses Cleared	790 16.9	1	0	2	2	0	16	11	5
SHIVELY Percent Index Offenses Cleared	835 14.0	1	0	4	4	0	26	18	8
SOMERSET Percent Index Offenses Cleared	544 16.2	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	1
WINCHESTER Percent Index Offenses Cleared	507 39.7	1	0	0	0	0	7	7	0
JEFFERSON COUNTY POLICE *Percent Index Offenses Cleared	14,848 12.5	13	0	62	50	12	245	173	72
BOONE COUNTY P.D. *Percent Index Offenses Cleared	1,027 11.6	0	0	12	6	6	14	12	2
CAMPBELL COUNTY P.D. *Percent Index Offenses Cleared	313 9.6	0	0	2	2	0	2	1	1
KENTON COUNTY P.D. *Percent Index Offenses Cleared	414 10.6	2	1	5	5	0	4	2	2

*County P.D.'s Listed Separately Because of size of Dept.

OFFENSE DATA BY CITY — 1980
CITIES OVER 10,000 POPULATION (CONT'D)

Assault Total	Gun	Cutting Instrument	Other Weapon	Hands Feet, Etc. Aggravated	Non-Aggravated	Breaking and Entering	Forcible Entry	No Force	Attempt Forcible Entry	Total Larceny	Auto Theft
111	18	18	6	33	36	**508**	457	46	5	**622**	139
291	16	39	21	28	187	**880**	629	180	71	**1,938**	132
56	13	10	14	17	2	**585**	503	77	5	**1,314**	128
31	1	5	0	16	9	**181**	168	0	13	**372**	49
63	1	4	9	24	25	**234**	215	11	8	**416**	51
22	1	3	2	14	2	**118**	128	30	20	**518**	55
66	10	6	5	2	43	**187**	174	6	7	**537**	57
27	1	1	3	0	22	**145**	118	27	0	**361**	30
101	1	4	2	8	86	**97**	97	0	0	**358**	29
451	87	53	47	72	192	**4,795**	4,011	638	146	**8,540**	934
38	2	2	3	26	5	**313**	303	1	9	**578**	77
3	0	0	1	1	1	**167**	146	19	2	**127**	13
35	3	4	1	17	10	**158**	128	20	10	**182**	38

MURDER IN KENTUCKY

DEFINITION

Murder is defined as the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought. Any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime is included in the count. This index offense is recorded by police on the basis of incidents reported. It should not be construed that those figures reflect arrest, arraignment, or conviction data. Traffic deaths caused by the negligence of someone other than the victim are not included here, but are counted under manslaughter by negligence. Suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are also excluded.

CLEARANCE RATE

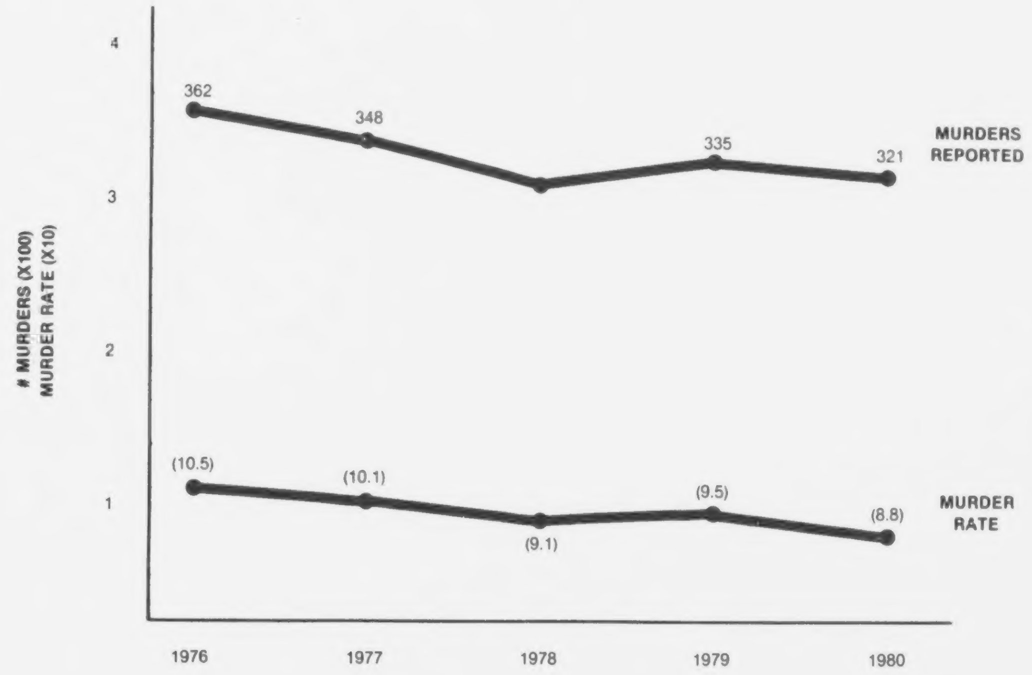
Much of the recent literature being generated from the field of criminal investigation outlines a number of characteristics associated with the crime of murder. Researchers have found possible indications that most murders occur between acquaintances spontaneously, usually as the result of a heated argument or other highly emotional situation. Many times one or both of the parties are under the influence of alcohol, reacting violently with little or no regard as to the consequences of their actions. In "smoking gun" cases, where the perpetrator is still at the scene of the murder when police arrive, or in cases where there are witnesses present, although the assailant may have fled, it is relatively easy for investigators to determine the identity of the murderer and to effect an arrest. When the identity of the suspect is unknown, the investigator's task becomes more difficult, and usually requires much more effort. Due to the heinous nature of the crime, murders are given high priority in criminal caseloads, with intense continuing investigations usually resulting in the identity and arrest of a suspect. Given the above considerations, however, the clearance rate among murder cases is normally very high compared with other types of crimes.

In 1980, law enforcement agencies in Kentucky cleared 83.8% of all murders reported. Twelve of the cases (4.5%) resulted in juvenile arrests.

HOW MANY MURDERS WERE COMMITTED?

In 1980, 321 cases of murder and non-negligent manslaughter were reported to law enforcement agencies in Kentucky.

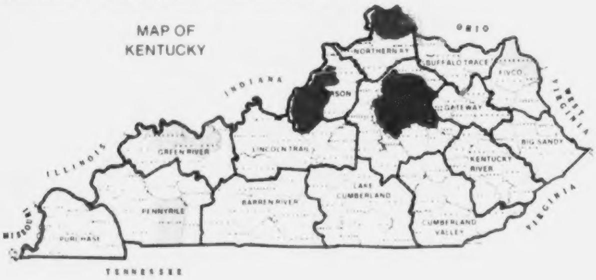
The following chart depicts the number and rate of murders committed in Kentucky over the past five years.



WHERE DO MURDERS OCCUR IN KENTUCKY?

For the purpose of representing those areas of the state in which murders occurred most frequently in 1980, the following table is presented. It depicts the number of murders reported in each Area Development District, the percent of the total occurring in each area, and the murder rate.

KENTUCKY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

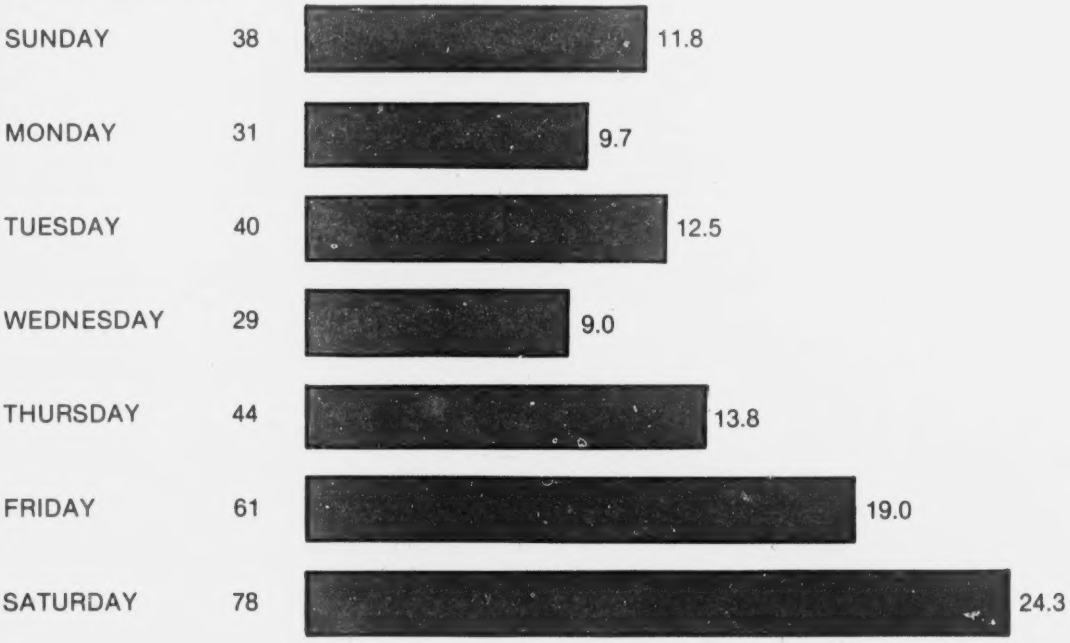

MAP OF
KENTUCKY
OHIO
INDIANA
ILLINOIS
MISSOURI
TENNESSEE
VIRGINIA
WEST VIRGINIA
NORTHERN KY
BUFFALO TRACE
FIVCO
SON
GATEWAY
BIG SANDY
GREEN RIVER
LINCOLN TRAIL
KENTUCKY RIVER
PENNYRILE
BARREN RIVER
LAKE CUMBERLAND
CUMBERLAND VALLEY
PURCHASE

MURDER AND NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

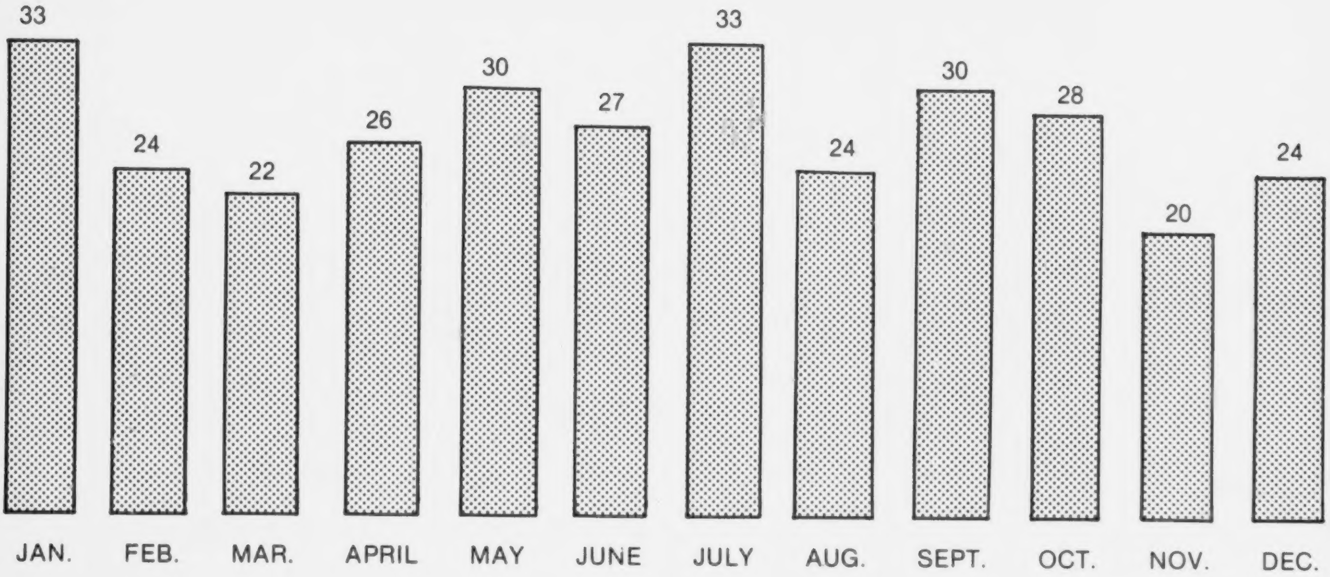
Area Development District	Number Reported	Percent of Total	Murder Rate
Purchase	11	3.4	6.1
Pennyrile	20	6.2	9.8
Green River	11	3.4	5.5
Barren River	19	5.9	8.9
Lincoln Trail	12	3.7	5.5
Jefferson	86	26.8	10.7
Northern Kentucky	18	5.6	5.8
Buffalo Trace	1	0.3	1.8
FIVCO	5	1.6	3.6
Gateway	6	1.9	9.1
Big Sandy	18	5.6	9.9
Kentucky River	23	7.1	17.3
Cumberland Valley	37	11.6	16.8
Lake Cumberland	13	4.1	7.7
Bluegrass	41	12.8	7.5
TOTAL	321	100.0	8.8

WHEN DO MURDERS OCCUR?

BY DAY OF WEEK — 1980



MURDER BY MONTH — 1980



MONTHLY PERCENTAGES 1976-1980

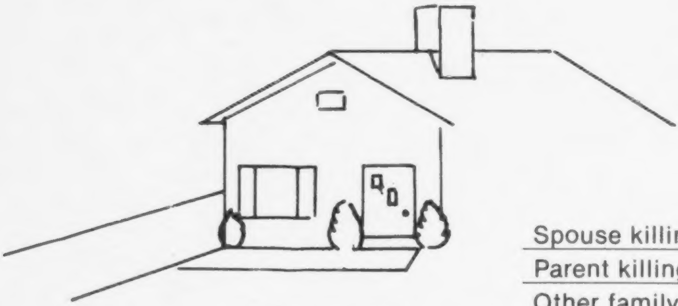
MURDER												
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
1976	8.6	8.8	6.9	8.3	6.1	9.1	8.6	12.1	8.6	6.3	9.7	6.9
1977	5.7	9.5	6.1	9.5	7.2	6.6	10.4	9.5	5.7	10.9	8.0	10.9
1978	7.6	7.2	6.9	8.5	9.4	9.4	10.1	8.8	10.7	6.3	7.2	7.9
1979	8.0	7.4	9.5	6.5	8.3	6.8	8.6	9.8	7.7	8.3	6.8	11.6
1980	10.3	7.5	6.9	8.1	9.4	8.4	10.3	7.5	9.4	8.7	6.2	7.5
AVG.	13.8	9.6	8.6	9.8	9.9	9.7	11.7	11.0	10.3	9.8	8.8	9.0

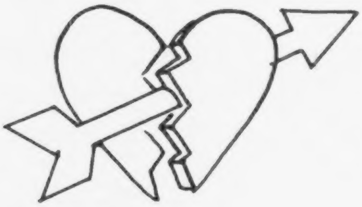
PERCENT OCCURRED BY QUARTER				
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
1976	24.3	23.5	29.3	22.9
1977	21.3	23.3	25.6	29.8
1978	21.7	27.4	29.6	21.4
1979	25.7	21.6	26.1	26.7
1980	24.9	25.9	27.2	22.4
AVG.	23.5	24.3	27.6	24.6

WHO COMMITS MURDER?

CIRCUMSTANCES

In Kentucky in 1980 over 75% of the murders reported were committed by a person known to the victim. One-third of these were committed between family members.





$MONEY
REVENGE

	Number	% of Total
Spouse killing spouse	28	8.7
Parent killing child	4	1.2
Other family	38	11.8
Romantic triangle and lover's quarrels	20	6.5
Other arguments	150	46.7
TOTAL	240	
Known Felony Type	50	15.6
Suspected Felony Type	31	9.7
TOTAL	81	25.2
GRAND TOTAL	321	100.0%

Murders, when perpetrated during the commission of a crime and those classified as gangland slayings, or sex motivated, are identified under the program as "felony murders"; this type of circumstance or motive accounted for 25.2% of the total number of homicides in 1980.

PERSONS ARRESTED

At the present time, the only statewide data available pertaining to personal characteristics of criminal offenders must be gleaned from arrest data. Arrest statistics, however, result only from the conclusions drawn during a police investigation. They do not take into consideration subsequent judicial proceedings which may find the arrestee completely innocent, or guilty of a lesser offense. Arrest statistics, likewise, will not reflect those offenders who commit crimes, but who are not reported to or arrested by police.

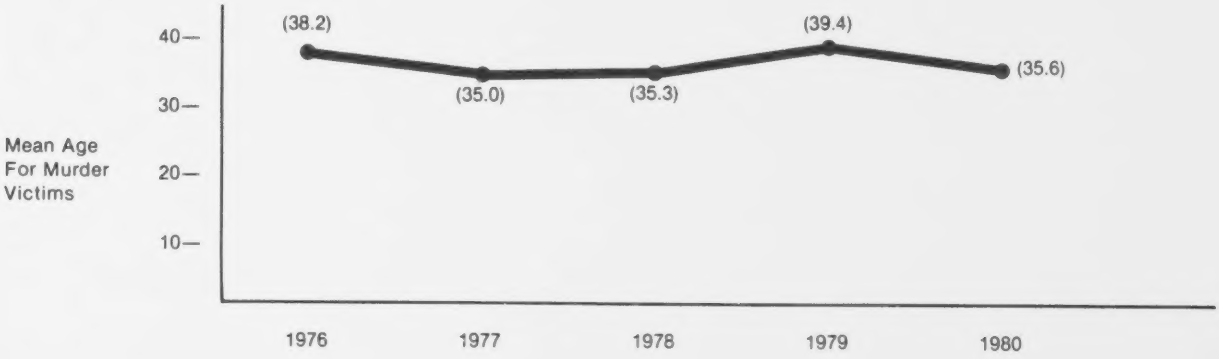
The following table profiles age, sex, and race of persons arrested for murder in 1980 by Area Development District. These figures measure arrests made, not offenses reported.

PERSONS ARRESTED FOR MURDER

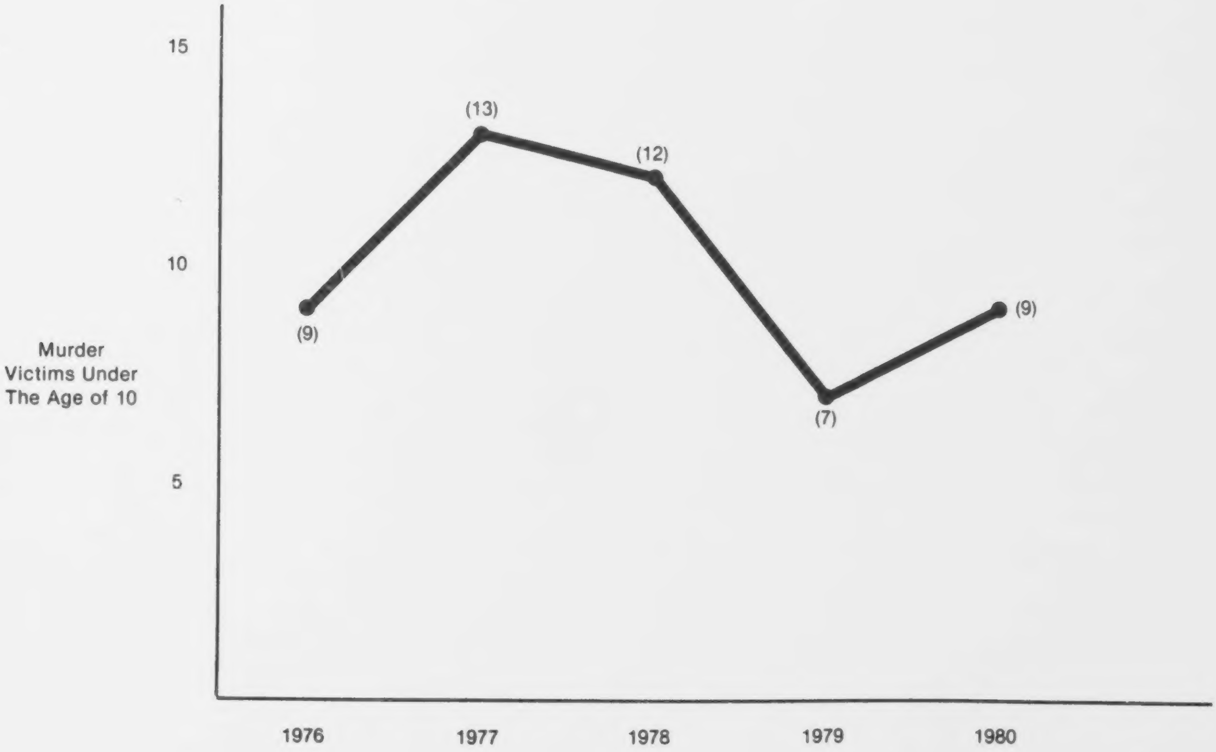
Area Development District	Sex		Race		Age											GRAND TOTAL
	M	F	White	Non-White	Under 11	11 -14	15 -17	TOT JUV	18 -24	25 -34	35 -44	45 -54	55 -64	Over 64	Total Adult	
Purchase	9	2	4	7	0	0	0	0	4	4	2	1	0	0	11	11
Pennyrile	14	2	11	5	0	0	2	2	4	3	5	2	0	0	14	16
Green River	6	1	7	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	2	0	0	6	7
Barren River	14	1	14	1	0	0	1	1	6	4	3	0	0	1	14	15
Lincoln Trail	9	1	7	3	0	0	1	1	3	5	1	0	0	0	9	10
Jefferson	78	15	45	48	0	0	7	7	28	26	20	4	5	3	86	93
Northern Kentucky	19	1	15	5	0	0	2	2	9	4	3	0	2	0	18	20
Buffalo Trace	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Gateway	5	2	7	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0	2	0	7	7
FIVCO	5	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	1	5	5
Big Sandy	14	2	16	0	0	0	1	1	3	8	1	2	1	0	15	16
Kentucky River	34	1	35	0	0	0	3	3	12	13	4	1	0	2	32	35
Cumberland Valley	36	3	39	0	0	0	3	3	12	14	8	1	0	1	36	39
Lake Cumberland	9	2	11	0	0	0	1	1	3	3	1	2	1	0	10	11
Bluegrass	31	5	23	13	0	0	1	1	8	12	6	5	3	1	35	36
TOTAL	284	38	239	83	0	0	23	23	96	102	56	22	14	9	299	322

AGE

In 1980, one in three persons killed by murder or non-negligent manslaughter were between the ages of 20 and 29. The mean age for victims in 1980 was 35.6 years.



Nine children under the age of 10 amounted to 2.8% of all murder victims in 1980.



SEX

Approximately four out of every five murder victims in 1980 were males. The mean age for males murdered was 27.5 years, with the greatest number of victims within the 25-29 year age group. Among females, the mean age was slightly higher, 30.3 years, with the greatest number of victims falling between the ages of 25 and 29.

RACE

Seventy eight and five-tenths percent of all murder victims in 1980 were white. The remainder were black. Among white victims, the average age was 28 years, with the greatest number between the ages of 25 and 29. Among black victims, the mean age was 27 years with the greatest number between 25 and 29 also.

WEAPONS

Handguns were used in more than half of the murders committed in 1980. Rifles and shotguns were used in 10.6% and 8.4% of the cases, respectively. In summary, firearms were used in 72.6% of the murders, or 4 out of every 5. Cutting instruments and other weapons were used in 21.5% of the cases, and personal weapons (such as hands, feet, etc.) were used in the remaining (5.9%).

MURDER VICTIMS — WEAPONS USED 1980

AGE	NUMBER	HANDGUN	RIFLE	SHOTGUN	CUTTING OR STABBING	PERSONAL WEAPON (Hands, etc.)	ALL OTHER WEAPONS
Under 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1-4	7	3	2	0	0	1	1
5-9	2	1	0	0	0	1	0
10-14	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
15-19	30	11	4	2	8	1	4
20-24	47	21	5	5	11	2	3
25-29	59	38	6	4	6	2	3
30-34	44	27	6	3	4	1	3
35-39	27	18	2	3	2	0	2
40-44	24	13	2	3	4	2	0
45-49	23	11	4	2	2	2	2
50-54	10	7	0	0	1	1	1
55-59	15	5	2	0	2	2	4
60-64	10	7	0	2	0	1	0
65-69	6	2	0	1	0	1	2
70-74	6	4	1	0	0	0	1
75 and Over	10	4	0	1	0	2	3
Total for Kentucky	321	172	34	27	40	19	29
Percent		53.6	10.6	8.4	12.5	5.9	9.0

MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE, SEX AND RACE, 1980

AGE	NUMBER	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF AGE	SEX		RACE				ETHNIC ORIGIN	
			MALE	FEMALE	WHITE	BLACK	AMER. INDIAN OR ALASK. NATIVE	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER	HISPANIC	NOT HISPANIC
Under 1										
1-4	7	2.2	3	4	5	2				7
5-9	2	0.6	1	1	1	1				2
10-14	1	0.3	1		1					1
15-19	30	9.3	20	10	29	1				30
20-24	47	14.6	36	11	35	12				47
25-29	59	18.4	47	12	45	14				59
30-34	44	13.7	37	7	37	78				44
35-39	27	8.4	22	5	21	6				27
40-44	24	7.5	22	2	18	6				24
45-49	23	7.2	17	6	15	8				23
50-54	10	3.1	10		10					10
55-59	15	4.7	10	5	8	7				15
60-64	10	3.1	8	2	9	1				10
65-69	6	1.9	6		6					6
70-74	6	1.9	6		4	2				6
75 and Over	10	3.1	6	4	8	2				10
TOTAL FOR KENTUCKY	321		252	69	252	69				321
PERCENT			78.5	21.5	78.5	21.5				100.0

RAPE IN KENTUCKY

DEFINITION

Forcible rape is defined as the carnal knowledge of a person forcibly and against their will. All assaults to rape and attempts to rape are counted; carnal abuse, statutory rape, and other sex offenses are not included.

CLEARANCE RATE

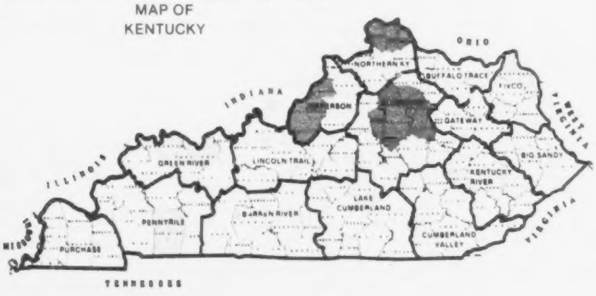
Of 698 rapes and rape attempts reported in Kentucky in 1980, 63.8% were cleared by arrest. Thirty-nine of these resulted in juvenile arrests.

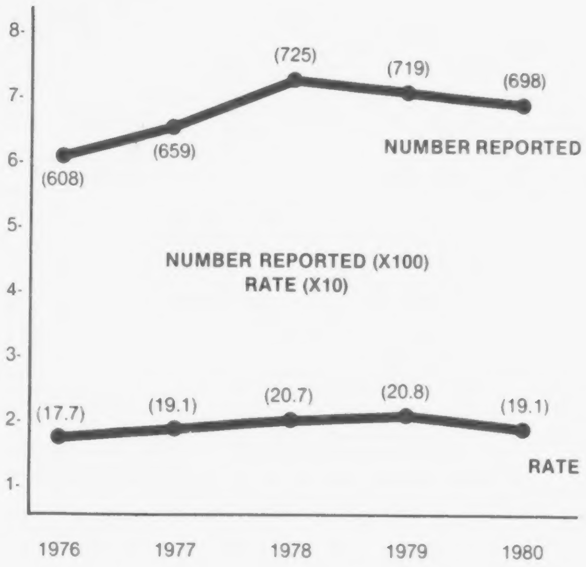
In the past, the major problem in combating rape has not been in the category of clearance of cases, so much as in the accurate reporting of cases. Due to the threat of embarrassment, shame, public criticism, or some other emotional strain, rape victims have been reluctant to report this offense to police and authorities. Through public education campaigns, the growth of counseling centers for rape victims and their families, increased awareness by agencies, and recent legislation, it is hoped that more victims are coming forward to report this crime when it occurs. At this time, however, there is no way of accurately determining whether there is an increase in reporting, or not.

HOW MANY RAPES OCCURRED?

There were 698 rapes reported in Kentucky in 1980. This represents a decrease of 2.9% over 1979. The trend in reported rapes, as well as the crime rate for the past five years, is depicted on the graph at the top of the page.

KENTUCKY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
MAP OF
KENTUCKY


OHIO
INDIANA
ILLINOIS
MISSOURI
TENNESSEE
WEST VIRGINIA
VIRGINIA
NORTHERN KY
BUFFALO TRACE
FIVCO
JEFFERSON
GATEWAY
BIG SANDY
GREEN RIVER
LINCOLN TRAIL
KENTUCKY RIVER
LAKE CUMBERLAND
PENNYRILE
BARREN RIVER
PURCHASE
CUMBERLAND VALLEY



WHERE DO RAPES OCCUR IN KENTUCKY?

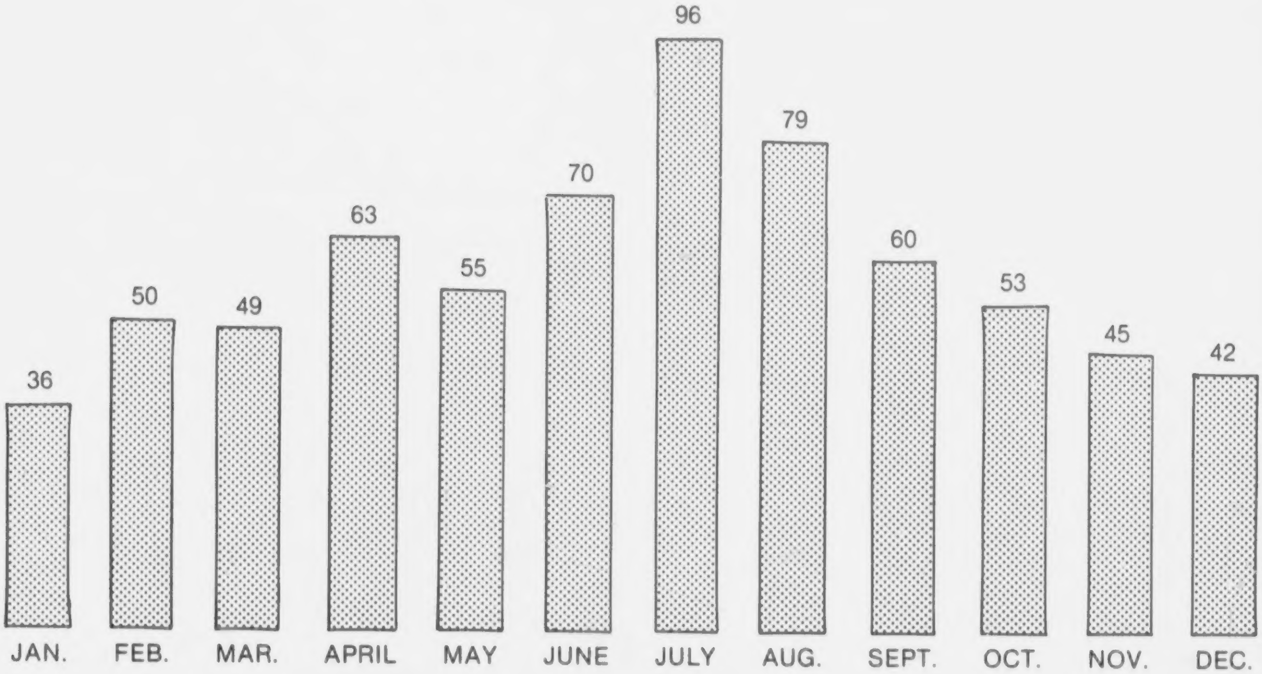
RAPE BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

Area Development District	Number Reported	Percent of Total	Rape Rate
Purchase	28	4.0	15.5
Pennyrile	40	5.7	19.6
Green River	39	5.6	19.6
Barren River	28	4.0	13.1
Lincoln Trail	22	3.2	10.2
Jefferson	216	30.9	26.9
Northern Kentucky	86	12.3	27.6
Buffalo Trace	6	0.9	11.0
Gateway	5	0.7	7.5
FIVCO	11	1.6	7.8
Big Sandy	23	3.3	12.7
Kentucky River	11	1.6	8.3
Cumberland Valley	38	5.4	16.8
Lake Cumberland	19	2.7	11.2
Bluegrass	126	18.1	23.1
TOTAL	698	100.0	19.1

For the purpose of representing those areas of the state in which rapes occurred most frequently in 1980, and juvenile involvement in rape, this chart is presented. The chart depicts the number of rapes reported in each Area Development District, the percent of the total occurring in each area, and juvenile arrests made in each area.

WHEN DO RAPES OCCUR?

RAPE BY MONTH — 1980



MONTHLY PERCENTAGES 1976-1980

	RAPE											
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
1976	5.4	6.6	6.8	10.3	11.2	9.7	10.4	11.0	8.5	7.6	7.1	5.4
1977	5.1	5.5	7.6	10.5	7.9	8.0	10.1	11.4	9.9	7.6	9.0	7.4
1978	4.4	4.6	6.8	7.0	7.2	10.5	8.8	14.2	13.0	6.6	8.6	8.4
1979	5.4	6.7	8.1	6.3	9.3	10.4	10.7	9.0	12.0	8.5	6.1	7.5
1980	5.0	7.2	7.0	9.0	7.9	10.0	13.8	11.3	8.6	7.6	6.4	6.0
AVG.	5.1	6.1	7.3	8.6	8.7	9.7	10.8	11.4	10.4	7.6	7.4	6.9

	PERCENT OCCURRED BY QUARTER			
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
1976	18.8	31.2	29.9	20.1
1977	18.2	26.4	31.4	24.0
1978	15.7	24.7	36.0	23.6
1979	20.2	26.0	31.7	22.1
1980	19.2	26.9	33.7	20.0
AVG.	18.4	27.0	32.5	22.0

These tables depict the incidence of rape in 1980 according to month, and percentage of total rape offenses reported by month since 1976. During the past five years, rape has been reported consistently most often during the warm summer months, particularly August. The lowest incidence of rape has been in January.

WHO COMMITS RAPE?

In 1971 Menachem Amir published a classic study on rape which attacks some of the commonly-held fallacious beliefs about rapists. According to Amir's study, rapes are not committed by sexually unfulfilled men, unable to control sudden desires as has often been thought. Rather, his data showed that 90% of group rapes and 58% of rapes committed by a single person were planned, not impulsive. Furthermore, 60% of the rapists in the study were married and led normal lives. Their only difference from other persons was in their tendencies toward violence and their mode for expressing it. Amir also showed that over one-third of all rapes are committed by a man forcing his way into the victim's home, and one-half of all rapes occur in a residence. Other figures indicated that 48% of the rapists he studied were known to the victim, not stranger, that in 93.2% of the cases the rapist and the victim were of the same race (and of those which were not, white men attacked black women more often than black men attacked white women), and that only 4% of all reported rapes involved precipitative behavior on the part of the victim.*

PERSONS ARRESTED

In Kentucky, the only data collected pertaining to rapists deals with age, sex, and race of persons arrested for rape. Most of these were young males (although 4 females were arrested for rape). 72.7 percent of those arrested were white, with non-whites arrested generally in the central and western areas of the state. This data is presented in the following chart, depicting persons arrested for rape in 1980. It should be remembered that arrest statistics do not allow for the innocence of the arrestee, nor for offenders who do not get reported to police, or are not arrested.

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*Swanson, Chamelin, Territo, Criminal Investigation (Santa Monica, California: Goodyear Publishing Co., Inc., 1977), p. 311.

PERSONS ARRESTED FOR RAPE

[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]		Age											
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Under [illegible]	11 [illegible]	15 [illegible]	TOT JUV	18 [illegible]	25 [illegible]	35 [illegible]	45 -54	55 -64	Over [illegible]	Total Adult	GRAND TOTAL
Purchase	33	0	29	4	0	0	2	2	16	10	4	1	0	0	31	33
Pennyrile	36	1	18	19	0	2	6	8	21	5	2	0	0	1	29	37
Green River	25	0	16	9	0	2	4	6	9	7	1	1	1	0	19	25
Barren River	23	0	15	8	0	0	1	1	10	9	1	2	0	0	22	23
Lincoln Trail	10	1	8	3	0	0	1	1	4	5	1	0	0	0	10	11
Jefferson	122	1	67	56	0	0	8	8	56	40	16	3	1	0	116	124
Northern Kentucky	40	0	37	3	0	0	2	2	21	10	7	0	0	0	38	40
Buffalo Trace	4	0	4	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4
Gateway	4	0	4	0	0	0	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	4
FIVCO	5	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	5	5
Big Sandy	20	0	20	0	0	0	3	3	11	5	1	0	0	0	17	20
Kentucky River	7	0	7	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	2	0	0	0	6	7
Cumberland Valley	37	0	35	2	0	1	5	6	10	12	6	0	0	3	31	37
Lake Cumberland	15	0	14	1	0	0	1	1	7	7	0	0	0	0	14	15
Bluegrass	77	1	58	20	0	0	5	5	24	29	15	5	0	0	73	78
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ROBBERY IN KENTUCKY

DEFINITION

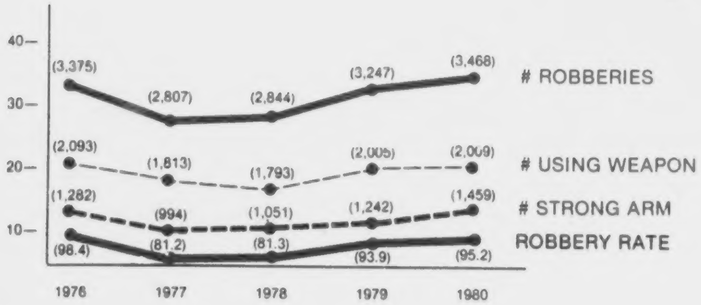
Robbery is defined as the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will by violence or by putting him in fear. The element of personal confrontation is always present in this crime. Under the Program, all assaults or attempts to rob are included. Robberies are reported in two general categories — armed, any weapon (when any object is used as a weapon) and strong arm, which includes muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong arm tactics are employed.

CLEARANCE RATE

Of 3,468 reported robberies in Kentucky during 1980, 30.9% were cleared by arrest. Of these, 17.3% were juvenile arrests. Although robbery is a very serious personal crime, the clearance rate for robbery crimes is the lowest of the four major personal crimes (murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault). One factor which could impact the clearance rate of this crime might be the likelihood that the victim and robber are strangers. Without the victim's identification of a suspect, the detective's investigation becomes more difficult.

HOW MANY ROBBERIES OCCURRED?

In 1980, 3,468 robberies were reported to law enforcement agencies in Kentucky. The trend in robbery rates and the number of robberies since 1976 are depicted on the following chart. As can be determined by the chart, armed robberies accounted for approximately 57.9% of all robberies reported.



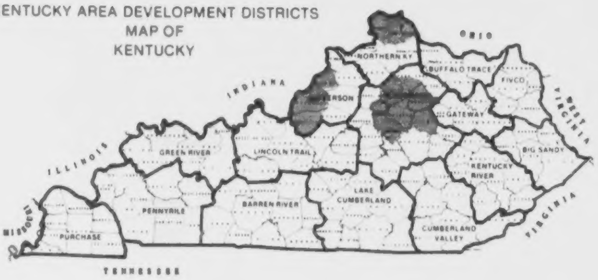
WHERE DO ROBBERIES OCCUR IN KENTUCKY?

The table depicts the distribution of total robberies and robbery rates in 1980 by Area Development District. Note the extremely high incidence of robbery in major urban areas.

ROBBERY BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

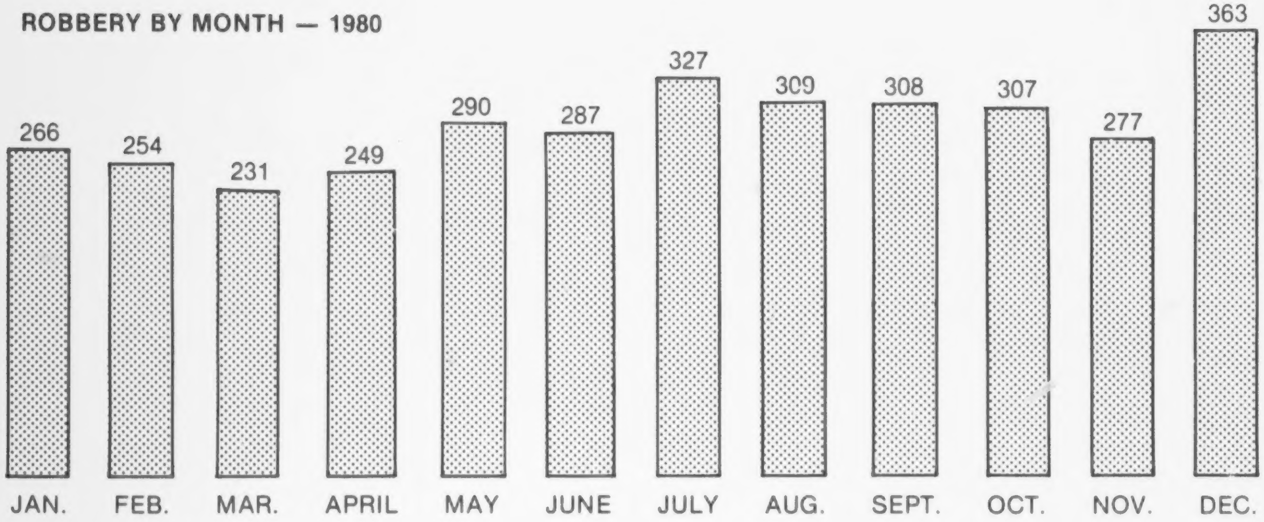
Area Development District	Number Reported	Percent of Total	Robbery Rate
Purchase	80	2.3	44.4
Pennyrile	100	2.9	49.0
Green River	81	2.3	40.7
Barren River	76	2.2	35.5
Lincoln Trail	58	1.7	26.8
Jefferson	2,114	60.9	264.0
Northern Kentucky	303	8.7	97.4
Buffalo Trace	5	0.1	9.2
Gateway	11	0.4	16.6
FIVCO	25	0.7	17.8
Big Sandy	25	0.7	13.8
Kentucky River	19	0.6	14.3
Cumberland Valley	103	3.0	45.7
Lake Cumberland	28	0.8	16.5
Bluegrass	440	12.7	80.8
TOTAL	**3,468**	**100.0**	**95.2**

KENTUCKY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
MAP OF
KENTUCKY


OHIO
NORTHERN KY
BUFFALO TRACE
FIVCO
INDIANA
JEFFERSON
GATEWAY
WEST VIRGINIA
ILLINOIS
GREEN RIVER
LINCOLN TRAIL
BIG SANDY
KENTUCKY RIVER
LAKE CUMBERLAND
BARREN RIVER
PENNYRILE
MISSOURI
PURCHASE
CUMBERLAND VALLEY
VIRGINIA
TENNESSEE

WHEN DO ROBBERIES OCCUR?

ROBBERY BY MONTH — 1980



In 1980, more robberies occurred in the month of December than in any other month of the year. The next highest month was July, followed by September and August. The lowest incidence of robbery occurred in March.

Overall, since 1976 robbery has occurred most frequently in the final quarter of the year, and least frequently in the beginning months.

MONTHLY PERCENTAGES 1976-1980

					ROBBERY							
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
1976	10.0	9.6	6.7	7.3	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.7	9.1	8.8	7.5	9.5
1977	8.2	7.6	7.7	7.4	6.0	6.5	9.0	9.0	9.9	9.4	9.5	9.8
1978	7.9	7.1	7.1	6.7	7.9	7.5	8.2	9.0	8.6	8.7	9.6	11.7
1979	8.2	8.1	6.9	7.1	7.1	8.1	8.7	7.9	8.9	10.7	8.4	9.9
1980	7.7	7.3	6.7	7.2	8.4	8.3	9.4	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.0	10.5
AVG	8.4	7.9	7.0	7.1	7.5	7.7	8.6	8.5	9.1	9.3	8.6	10.3

		PERCENT OCCURRED BY QUARTER		
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
1976	26.3	23.2	24.7	25.8
1977	23.5	19.9	27.9	28.7
1978	22.1	22.1	25.8	30.0
1979	23.2	22.3	25.5	29.0
1980	21.7	23.9	27.2	27.4
AVG	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ROBBERY — PLACE OF OCCURRENCE — 1980

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE
Highway	1,563	45.1	$ 373,116	$ 239
Commercial House	626	18.1	$ 609,472	$ 974
Gas-Service Station	173	4.9	$ 70,598	$ 408
Chain Store	155	4.5	$ 120,087	$ 775
Residence	350	10.1	$ 371,699	$ 1,062
Bank	28	0.8	$ 388,762	$13,884
Miscellaneous	573	16.5	$ 297,765	$ 520
TOTAL FOR KENTUCKY	3,468	100.0	$2,231,499	$ 643

Forty-five percent of all robberies reported in 1980 occurred on the street, 10.1% in residences, and the remainder in other buildings, including banks, stores, gas stations, commercial houses, etc. Commercial houses accounted for 18.1% of all reported robberies, the most frequent of any interior location. Commercial houses includes hotels, motels, lodges and all commercial establishments other than banks, chain stores and gas stations.

Bank robberies accounted for the highest average value of property loss, with banks and commercial house recording the highest total value loss.

WHO COMMITS ROBBERY?

Of the four major personal crimes (murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) robbery arrests reflect by far the greatest amount of juvenile involvement. 20 percent of all cases cleared by arrest were attributable to juveniles. Among adults arrested, 48% were between 18 and 24 years of age. While the number of white offenders arrested continued to outweigh the number of non-white offenders, non-white representation was 44% in robbery, the highest percentage in any Part I offense.

The following table depicts the information on persons arrested for robbery in each Area Development District. It must be remembered, however, that these figures represent persons arrested only. They do not consider the guilt or innocense of the arrestee. Also, since only 30.9% of all robberies reported are cleared by arrest, more than half of the robberies reported in 1980 will not be represented on this table.

PERSONS ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY

Area Development District	Sex		Race		Age											GRAND TOTAL
	M	F	White	Non-White	Under 11	11 -14	15 -17	TOT JUV	18 -24	25 -34	35 -44	45 -54	55 -64	Over 64	Total Adult	
Purchase	40	1	25	16	0	0	1	1	21	13	3	2	1	0	40	41
Pennyrile	46	2	23	25	0	2	9	11	23	12	1	0	0	1	37	48
Green River	44	2	42	4	0	2	15	17	22	4	1	1	1	0	29	46
Barren River	48	1	30	19	0	0	5	5	27	10	6	1	0	0	44	49
Lincoln Trail	26	2	20	8	0	0	4	4	17	6	1	0	0	0	24	28
Jefferson	675	45	259	461	1	32	122	155	338	168	48	9	2	0	565	720
Northern Kentucky	119	6	112	13	0	3	28	31	58	30	5	1	0	0	94	125
Buffalo Trace	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3	3
Gateway	4	0	3	1	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	4
FIVCO	18	1	17	2	0	0	2	2	13	4	0	0	0	0	17	19
Big Sandy	17	0	17	0	0	0	1	1	8	7	1	0	0	0	16	17
Kentucky River	4	0	4	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	4
Cumberland Valley	72	5	73	4	0	2	10	12	34	19	9	2	1	0	65	77
Lake Cumberland	26	1	27	0	2	0	4	6	12	7	1	1	0	0	21	27
Bluegrass	122	9	89	42	1	2	24	27	60	30	12	1	1	0	104	131
TOTAL	1,264	75	744	595	4	43	227	274	640	311	89	18	6	1	1,065	1,339

# AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

DEFINITION

Aggravated Assault, as defined under the Kentucky Uniform Crime Reporting System, is an attempt or offer with unlawful force or violence, to do serious physical injury to another. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that any injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.

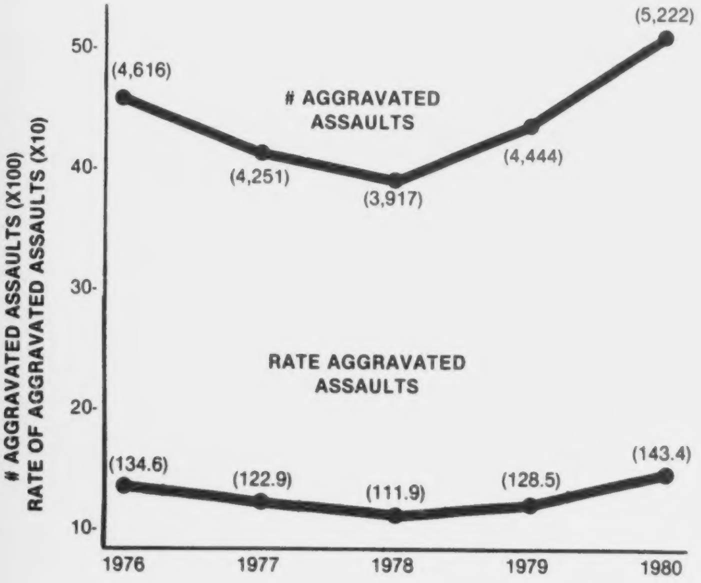
CLEARANCE RATE

Of 5,222 aggravated assaults reported to police agencies in Kentucky during 1980, 64.5% were cleared by arrest. Of these, 292 (8.7%), resulted in juvenile arrests. The element of confrontation between victim and offender, present in this case, probably contributes to this relatively high rate of clearance as it does in other crimes against the person.

HOW MANY AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS OCCURRED?

In 1980, 5,222 aggravated assaults were reported to police. This represents a 17.5% increase from 1979.

The five-year trend in aggravated assaults is depicted on the following chart.



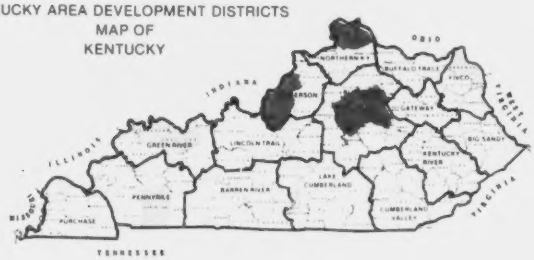
WHERE IN KENTUCKY DO AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS OCCUR?

### AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

Area Development District	Number Reported	Percent of Total	Aggravated Assault Rate
Purchase	194	3.7	107.6
Pennyrile	340	6.5	166.6
Green River	278	5.3	139.8
Barren River	239	4.6	111.5
Lincoln Trail	186	3.6	85.8
Jefferson	1,254	24.0	156.6
Northern Kentucky	470	9.0	151.1
Buffalo Trace	24	0.5	44.1
Gateway	48	0.9	72.4
FIVCO	232	4.4	165.2
Big Sandy	190	3.6	104.9
Kentucky River	214	4.1	160.5
Cumberland Valley	351	6.7	155.6
Lake Cumberland	118	2.3	69.5
Bluegrass	1,084	20.8	199.1
TOTAL	5,222	100.0	143.4

This table compares the incidence of aggravated assault by Area Development District.

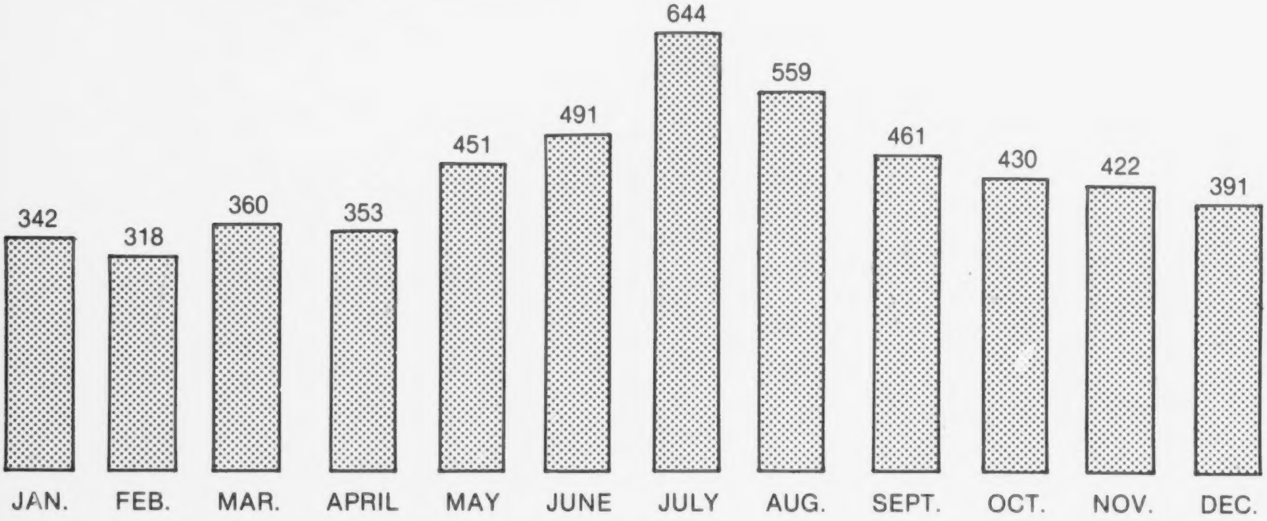
KENTUCKY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
MAP OF
KENTUCKY



OHIO
INDIANA
ILLINOIS
MISSOURI
TENNESSEE
VIRGINIA
WEST VIRGINIA
NORTHERN KY
BUFFALO TRAIL
FIVCO
ERSON
GATEWAY
BIG SANDY
KENTUCKY RIVER
GREEN RIVER
LINCOLN TRAIL
PENNYRILE
BARREN RIVER
LAKE CUMBERLAND
CUMBERLAND VALLEY
PURCHASE

WHEN DO AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS OCCUR?

AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS BY MONTH — 1980



In 1980, more aggravated assaults occurred in July than in any other month of the year. In general over the past five years aggravated assaults have consistently been reported most often during the warm months between June and September. The lowest incidence of this crime occurs particularly in January and February.

MONTHLY PERCENTAGES 1976-1980

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT												
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
1976	6.5	8.0	7.5	6.9	8.5	9.8	9.5	11.4	9.6	8.0	7.4	6.9
1977	6.4	6.4	7.7	7.9	9.5	9.2	11.5	8.5	9.5	8.0	7.9	7.5
1978	5.9	6.4	8.7	7.5	9.1	8.9	8.8	9.7	9.8	8.3	8.4	8.5
1979	6.8	5.7	7.6	8.4	8.5	9.0	8.8	10.4	9.4	10.0	7.4	8.0
1980	6.5	6.1	6.9	6.8	8.6	9.4	12.3	10.7	8.8	8.2	8.1	7.5
AVG.	6.4	6.5	7.7	7.5	8.8	9.3	10.2	10.1	9.4	8.5	7.8	7.7

PERCENT OCCURRED BY QUARTER				
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
1976	22.0	25.2	30.5	22.3
1977	20.5	26.6	29.5	23.4
1978	21.0	25.5	28.2	25.2
1979	20.1	25.9	28.6	25.4
1980	19.5	24.8	31.8	23.8
AVG.	[illegible]	[illegible]	30.2	24.0

WHO COMMITS ASSAULT?

PERSONS ARRESTED

The following chart describes the age, sex, and race of 3,775 persons arrested for aggravated assault by area development district. As can be determined by the chart, 10.3% of the arrests made were juveniles and 9.7% were females. Whites accounted for 75.7% of total persons arrested. It must be remembered, however, that arrest data does not reflect guilt or innocence and does not include offenders not arrested by police.

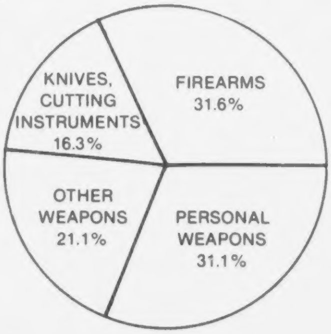
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Area Development District	Sex		Race		Age											GRAND TOTAL
	M	F	White	Non-White	Under 11	11 -14	15 -17	TOT JUV	18 -24	25 -34	35 -44	45 -54	55 -64	Over 64	Total Adult	
Purchase	131	19	118	32	1	0	10	11	46	49	21	14	7	2	139	150
Pennyrile	185	28	142	71	0	8	49	57	68	41	26	7	6	8	156	213
Green River	169	14	149	34	1	0	18	19	56	65	26	12	1	4	164	183
Barren River	179	13	168	24	0	3	18	21	67	50	34	17	2	1	171	192
Lincoln Trail	123	16	102	37	0	0	11	11	41	45	25	10	6	1	128	139
Jefferson	1,350	167	930	587	9	27	121	157	529	467	193	94	56	21	1,360	1,517
Northern Kentucky	110	9	110	9	0	2	20	22	40	36	14	5	0	2	97	119
Buffalo Trace	14	1	14	1	0	0	1	1	7	4	3	0	0	0	14	15
Gateway	24	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	8	11	4	1	0	0	24	24
FIVCO	100	2	102	0	0	3	3	6	25	44	20	5	1	1	96	102
Big Sandy	110	10	120	0	0	3	8	11	19	41	24	19	4	2	109	120
Kentucky River	112	14	125	1	0	0	7	7	37	53	15	11	2	1	119	126
Cumberland Valley	168	12	174	6	0	3	12	15	55	55	27	10	10	8	165	180
Lake Cumberland	97	9	102	4	0	0	1	1	41	38	11	10	5	0	105	106
Bluegrass	536	53	476	113	1	6	42	49	170	215	90	42	17	6	540	589
TOTAL	3,408	367	2,856	919	12	55	321	388	1,209	1,214	533	257	117	57	3,387	3,775

WEAPONS USED

The use or attempted use of a dangerous weapon in an assault or the serious injury inflicted by hands, fists, or feet separates this Index Offense from those assaults categorized as "simple" and not aggravated in nature. The victim of an actual assault of this type may suffer serious injury or permanent disability and all assaults to kill and attempts to kill are recorded in this area. Most aggravated assaults, like murders, probably occur within the family unit or among neighbors or acquaintances.

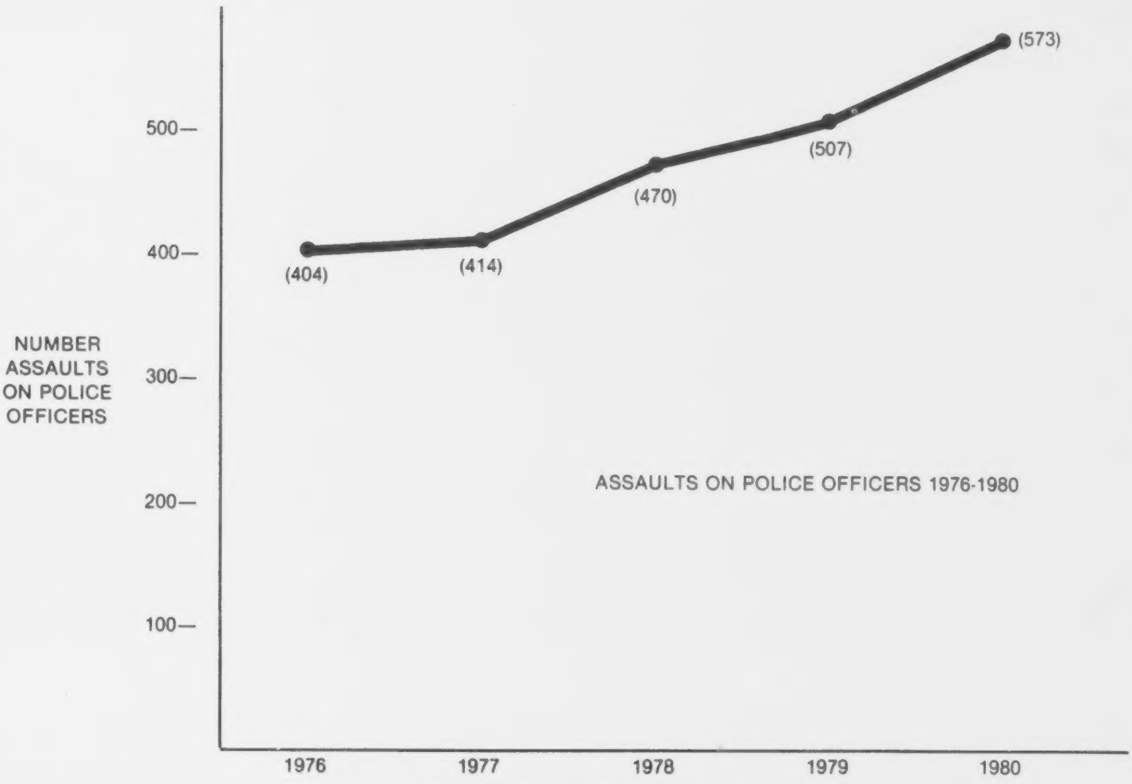
During 1980, 31.6% of all aggravated assaults reported were committed through the use of a firearm. Knives and cutting instruments contributed 16.3%, other weapons used 21.1% of the time, and the remaining 31.1% involved the use of personal weapons (hands, feet, fists, etc).



POLICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED

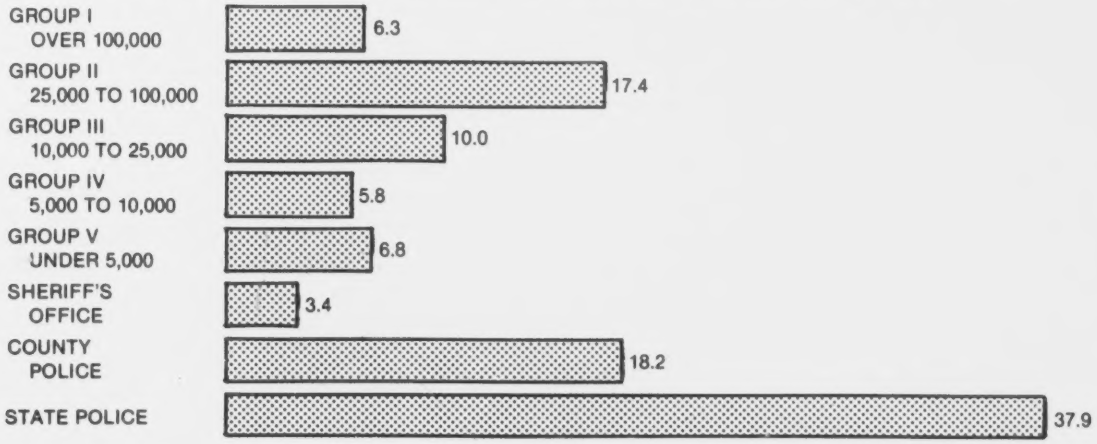
The killing or assault of a police officer has implications which reach far beyond the overt act. Such occurrences, are, in effect, an attack upon the law and upon society itself. These attacks constitute an immediate threat to the well-being of the community and the police officers who protect and serve it. This situation must become a subject of serious public concern.

The total number of police officer assaults over 13.0% in 1980 and 573 officers were assaulted. 32.3% of these assaults resulted in injuries.



NUMBER OF POLICE OFFICERS ASSAULTED PER 100 OFFICERS BY POPULATION GROUP 1980

The highest rate of assaults in 1980 occurred among State Police where 37.9% assaults per 100 officers were reported. The County Police sustained 18.2% assaults per 100 officers.



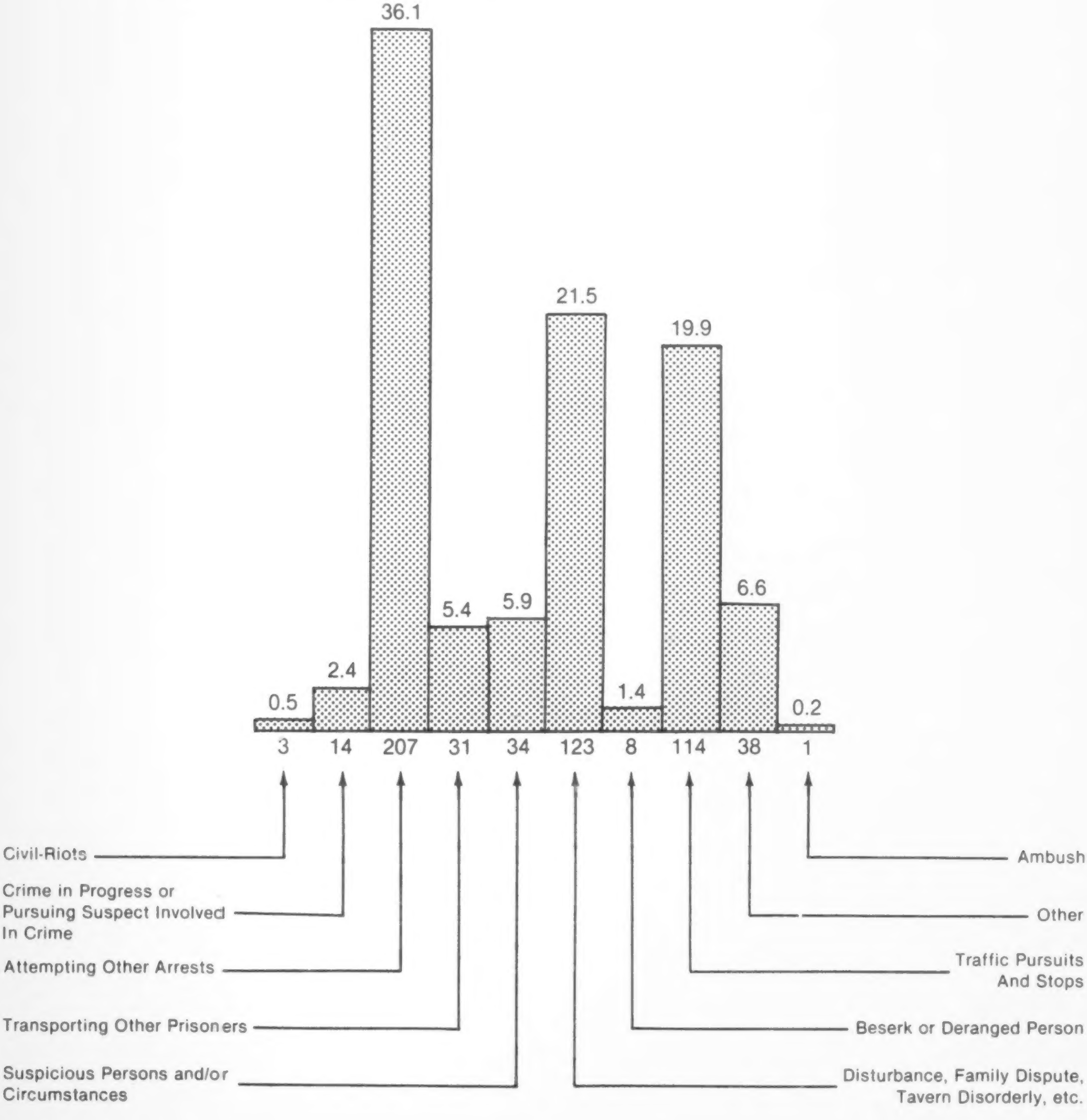
TYPE OF ACTIVITY 1980
BY
POLICE ASSAULTED

A study of the type of service being rendered by the police officer when he was assaulted gives an indication of the degree of jeopardy an officer faces in a given situation.

The three activities reflecting the highest rates of officer assault were:

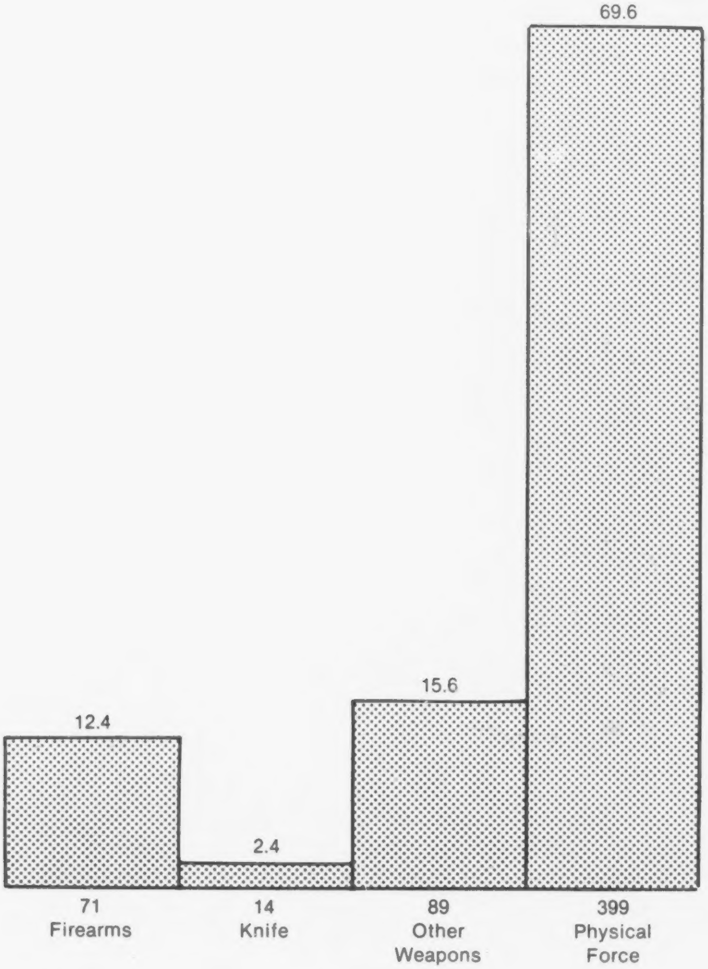
(1) attempting other arrests — 36.1
(2) answering disturbance calls, including family disputes — 21.5
(3) making traffic pursuits and stops — 19.9

The remaining assaults by type of activity are shown in chart form.

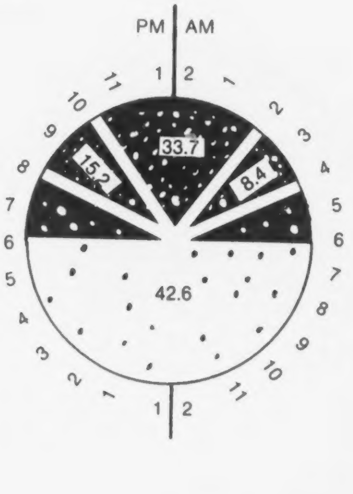


WEAPONS USED IN ASSAULTS ON POLICE OFFICERS 1980

In assaults upon police officers in 1980, personal weapons (hands, feet, etc.) were used in 69.6% of the assaults. Other dangerous weapons (includes everything but firearms and knives) were used in 15.6 percent of all police assaults. Firearms and knives had respective usage rates of 12.4 and 2.4 percent.



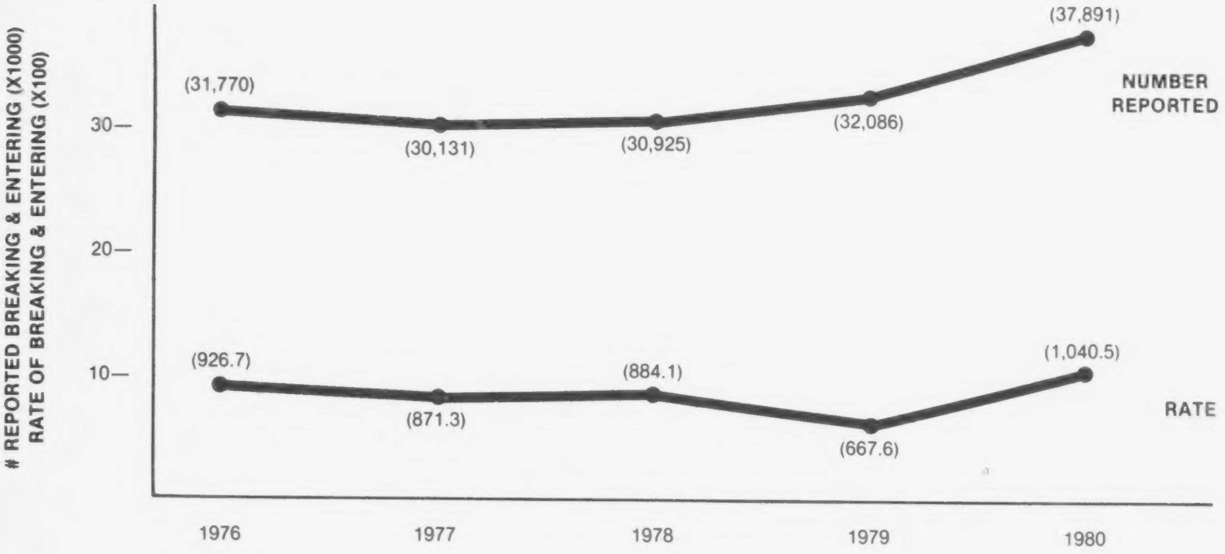
TIME OF POLICE ASSAULTS



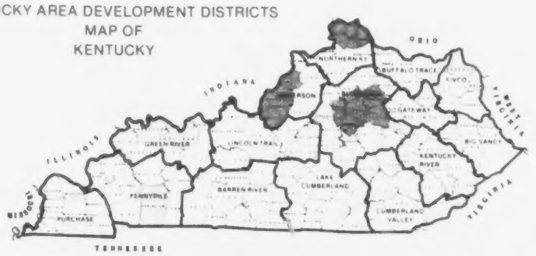
An indication of time periods and related assault rates is presented to indicate the hours of greatest danger to police officers.

The four-hour period 10:00 P.M. to 2:00 A.M. accounted for 33.6 percent of the assaults on police officers in 1980. The six-hour period 8:00 P.M. to 2:00 A.M. recorded 48.9 percent of the police assault cases, with the eight-hour period from 8:00 P.M. to 4:00 A.M. accounting for 73.8% of the assaults on police in 1980.

BREAKING AND ENTERING



KENTUCKY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
MAP OF
KENTUCKY



OHIO
INDIANA
ILLINOIS
MISSOURI
TENNESSEE
WEST VIRGINIA
VIRGINIA
NORTHERN KY
BUFFALO TRACE
FIVCO
GATEWAY
BIG SANDY
KENTUCKY RIVER
CUMBERLAND VALLEY
LAKE CUMBERLAND
BARREN RIVER
LINCOLN TRAIL
GREEN RIVER
PENNYRILE
PURCHASE

DEFINITION

Under this program, breaking and entering is defined as the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or larceny, even though no force was used to gain entrance. Crimes reported in this category are broken down into three subclassifications: forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry.

CLEARANCE RATE

Of 37, 891 cases of breaking and entering reported to police agencies in Kentucky during 1980, 14.2% (5,375) were cleared by arrest. Of those cases, 34.2% (1,836) resulted in juvenile arrests.

HOW MANY B&E'S WERE COMMITTED?

The 37,891 reported breaking and enterings during 1980 marked a 18.1% increase from the previous year. The five-year trend for this offense is depicted on the chart above.

WHERE DO B&E'S OCCUR IN KENTUCKY?

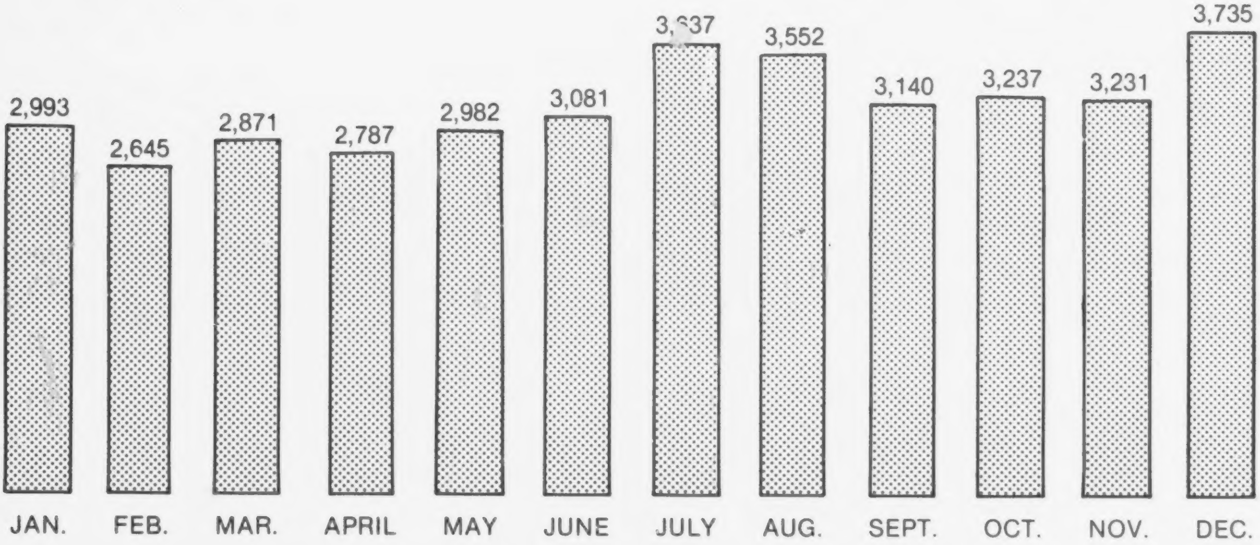
The following table depicts the incidence of Breaking and Entering by Area Development District.

BREAKING AND ENTERING BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

Area Development District	Number Reported	Percent of Total	Breaking & Entering Rate
Purchase	1,711	4.4	949.0
Pennyrile	1,895	5.0	928.7
Green River	1,906	5.0	958.8
Barren River	1,505	4.0	702.1
Lincoln Trail	1,103	3.0	508.9
Jefferson	13,112	34.6	1,637.5
Northern Kentucky	3,799	10.0	1,220.9
Buffalo Trace	198	0.5	363.6
Gateway	308	0.8	464.9
FIVCO	1,085	2.9	772.7
Big Sandy	903	2.4	498.8
Kentucky River	703	1.9	527.4
Cumberland Valley	1,967	5.2	872.1
Lake Cumberland	1,039	2.8	611.9
Bluegrass	6,657	17.6	1,222.4
TOTAL	37,891	100.0	1,040.5

WHEN DO BREAKING AND ENTERINGS OCCUR?

BREAKING AND ENTERING BY MONTH — 1980



December marked the highest incidence of breaking and entering in 1980. Since 1976 this offense has occurred slightly more frequently in the latter half of the year, particularly between July and December, than in the first half. The months of February and April mark the lowest reported incidence of breaking and entering.

MONTHLY PERCENTAGES 1976-1980

BREAKING AND ENTERING												
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
1976	8.6	9.4	7.9	7.6	7.6	7.7	9.3	8.8	8.0	8.6	7.7	8.8
1977	7.3	8.3	8.3	7.3	7.5	7.8	8.7	8.8	8.6	8.8	9.0	9.6
1978	7.6	7.5	8.1	7.3	7.9	7.7	8.9	9.2	8.0	8.7	9.1	10.0
1979	8.3	7.7	8.9	7.5	7.7	7.5	9.0	9.4	8.0	8.7	8.2	9.2
1980	7.9	7.0	7.6	7.4	7.9	8.1	9.6	9.4	8.3	8.5	8.5	9.9
AVG.	7.9	8.0	8.1	7.4	7.7	7.8	9.1	9.1	8.2	8.7	8.5	9.5

PERCENT OCCURRED BY QUARTER				
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
1976	25.9	22.9	26.1	25.1
1977	23.9	22.6	26.1	27.4
1978	23.2	22.9	26.1	27.8
1979	24.9	22.7	26.4	26.1
1980	22.5	23.4	27.3	27.0
AVG.	24.0	[illegible]	26.4	27.0

BY TYPE OF BUILDING AND TIME OF DAY

The following table shows that over 52% of all breaking and enterings that were reported in 1980 were known to occur in the nighttime. Almost 30% were known to occur during the day. The time of the remaining offenses was unknown.

Residences made up 62.1% of all reported breaking and entering cases and represented 66.1% of all property value loss. The incidence of night-time burglary was only slightly greater than daytime for residences, while among nonresidences over three times as many offenses occurred at night.

BREAKING AND ENTERING—1980

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE
Residence: Night	10,801	28.5	$ 9,706,720	$899
Day	8,731	23.0	$ 7,727,958	$885
Unknown	3,988	10.5	$ 3,236,667	$812
Non-Residence: Night	9,180	24.2	$ 6,153,440	$670
Day	2,614	6.9	$ 1,626,241	$622
Unknown	2,577	6.8	$ 2,844,840	$110
Total for Kentucky	37,891		$31,295,866	$826

WHO COMMITS BREAKING AND ENTERING?

Arrest statistics for breaking and entering show that 38.8% of all arrests for that offense in 1980 were juveniles. 95.3% were males and 81.4% were white. Persons between 11 and 34 years of age accounted for over 93.9% of all arrest for this offense. Arrest statistics, however, do not consider the arrestee's possible innocence, and only count those persons who police are able to catch. In breaking and entering, the clearance rate by arrest was only 14% in 1980.

PERSONS ARRESTED FOR BREAKING AND ENTERING

Area Development District	Sex		Race		Age											
	M	F	White	Non-White	Under 11	11 -14	15 -17	TOT JUV	18 -24	25 -34	35 -44	45 -54	55 -64	Over 64	Total Adult	GRAND TOTAL
Purchase	275	14	247	42	2	15	60	77	146	48	16	2	0	0	212	289
Pennyrile	504	20	420	104	2	45	170	217	211	70	18	2	6	0	307	524
Green River	526	21	471	76	2	44	169	215	255	66	3	3	5	0	332	547
Barren River	391	18	356	53	1	33	94	128	179	81	14	5	2	0	281	409
Lincoln Trail	158	5	148	15	0	20	37	57	70	28	5	2	1	0	106	163
Jefferson	2,014	121	1,439	696	37	280	596	913	807	307	75	23	8	2	1,222	2,135
Nortnern Kentucky	438	21	447	12	6	54	160	220	167	52	14	4	2	0	239	459
Buffalo Trace	33	0	31	2	0	2	9	11	16	5	1	0	0	0	22	33
Gateway	28	1	29	0	0	0	6	6	15	6	2	0	0	0	23	29
FIVCO	138	4	138	4	1	4	42	47	59	22	12	2	0	0	95	142
Big Sandy	169	6	175	0	0	12	48	60	88	20	2	3	2	0	115	175
Kentucky River	133	11	137	7	0	14	34	48	67	22	4	2	1	0	96	144
Cumberland Valley	364	12	370	6	1	31	134	166	138	54	15	2	1	0	210	376
Lake Cumberland	270	7	263	14	0	15	73	88	143	32	12	1	1	0	189	277
Bluegrass	814	46	669	191	18	83	190	291	384	131	39	10	5	0	569	860
TOTAL	6,255	307	5,340	1,222	70	652	1,822	2,544	2,745	944	232	61	34	2	4,018	6,562

LARCENY IN KENTUCKY

DEFINITION

Larceny-Theft is the unlawful taking or stealing of property or articles of value without the use of force, violence, or fraud. It includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from autos, thefts of auto parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc. In the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, this crime category does not include embezzlement, "congames", forgery, and worthless checks. Auto theft is excluded from this category for crime reporting purposes in as much as it is a separate Crime Index Offense.

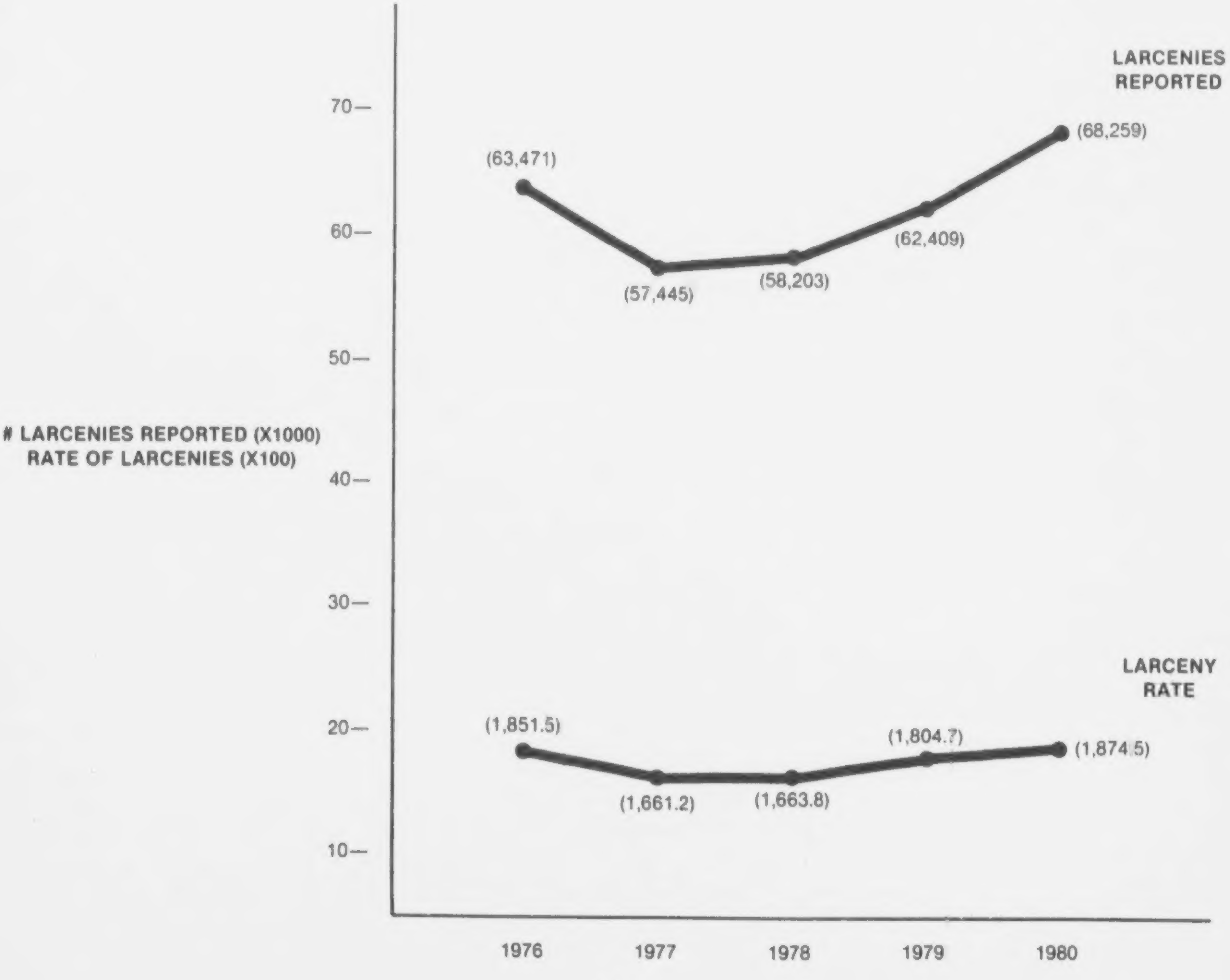
The Crime Index Offense of larceny formerly included only those thefts where the value of the goods stolen is $50 or more. It might be noted that this classification was changed in 1973 and the total larceny cases are now being used in the compilation of the Crime Index.

CLEARANCE RATE

Of 68,259 cases of larceny reported to police agencies in Kentucky during 1980, 16.2% were cleared by arrest. Of those cases, 26.3% (2,921) resulted in juvenule arrests.

HOW MANY LARCENIES WERE COMMITTED?

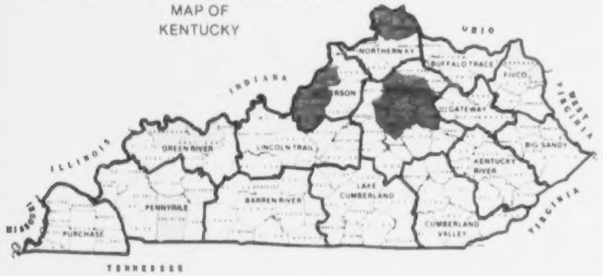
The 68,259 reported larcenies during 1980 marked a 9.4% increase from the previous year. The five-year trend for this offense is depicted on the following chart.



WHERE DO LARCENIES OCCUR IN KENTUCKY?

The following table depicts the incidence of larceny by Area Development District.

KENTUCKY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS
MAP OF
KENTUCKY


OHIO
INDIANA
ILLINOIS
MISSOURI
WEST VIRGINIA
VIRGINIA
TENNESSEE
NORTHERN KY
BUFFALO TRACE
FIVCO
JEFFERSON
GATEWAY
BIG SANDY
GREEN RIVER
LINCOLN TRAIL
KENTUCKY RIVER
LAKE CUMBERLAND
PENNYRILE
BARREN RIVER
PURCHASE
CUMBERLAND VALLEY

LARCENY BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

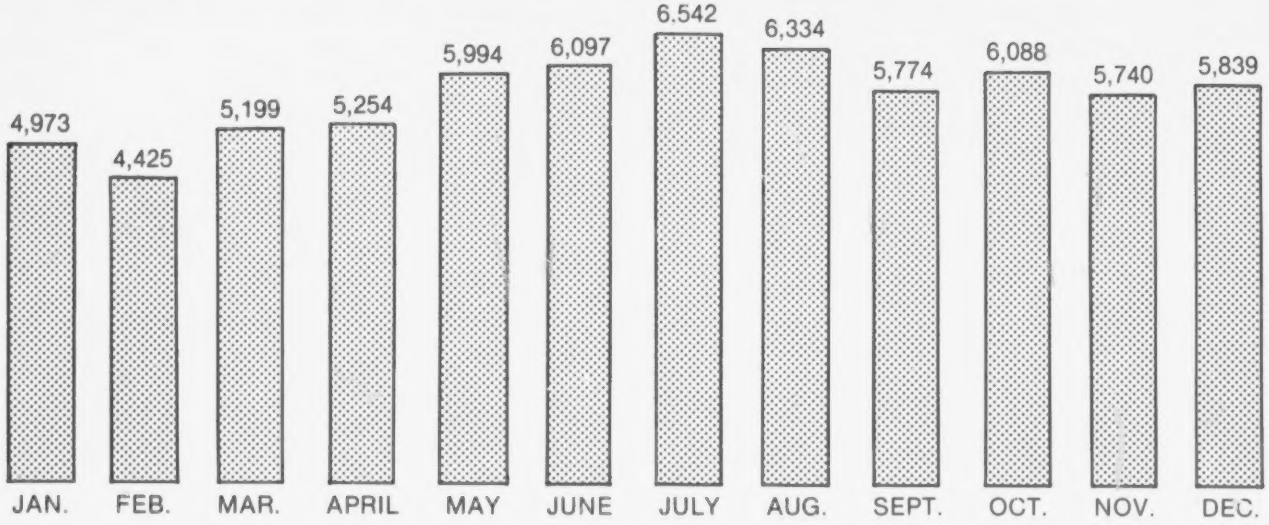
Area Development District	Number Reported	Percent of Total	Larceny Rate
Purchase	3,190	4.7	1,769.2
Pennyrile	3,344	4.9	1,638.8
Green River	3,972	5.8	1,998.0
Barren River	3,761	5.5	1,754.6
Lincoln Trail	2,099	3.1	968.4
Jefferson	21,170	31.0	2,643.9
Northern Kentucky	8,450	12.4	2,715.8
Buffalo Trace	288	0.4	528.9
Gateway	582	0.8	878.5
FIVCO	1,895	2.8	1,349.5
Big Sandy	849	1.2	468.9
Kentucky River	605	0.9	453.8
Cumberland Valley	1,915	2.8	849.1
Lake Cumberland	1,389	2.1	818.1
Bluegrass	14,750	21.6	2,708.5
TOTAL	68,259	100.0	1,874.5

PROPERTY BY TYPE AND VALUE

(1) Type of Property	Value of Property Stolen in Your City Stolen (2)	Recovered (3)
(A) Currency, Notes, Etc.	$ 5,465,729	$ 408,131
(B) Jewelry and Precious Metals	11,817,635	852,254
(C) Clothing and Furs	1,596,930	127,743
(D) Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles	29,383,219	14,336,797
(E) Office Equipment	608,244	65,621
(F) Televisions, Radios, Stereos, Etc.	6,073,789	519,378
(G) Firearms	2,132,007	273,890
(H) Household Goods	2,687,985	224,924
(I) Consumable Goods	1,205,192	290,396
(J) Livestock	1,083,465	147,579
(K) Miscellaneous	25,680,864	2,556,978
TOTALS	$87,735,077	$19,803,691

WHEN DO LARCENIES OCCUR?

LARCENY BY MONTH — 1980



July marked the highest incidence of larceny in 1980. Since 1976 this offense has occurred most frequently in the months between July and August. The month of February marks the lowest reported incidence of larceny.

MONTHLY PERCENTAGES 1976-1980

	LARCENY											
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
1976	8.1	9.2	8.4	8.3	8.2	8.7	8.9	8.8	7.8	8.4	7.5	7.7
1977	6.1	7.6	8.9	8.1	8.7	8.9	9.3	9.2	8.6	8.4	8.2	8.0
1978	5.4	6.4	7.9	8.5	8.7	9.0	9.6	9.9	8.5	9.2	8.5	8.4
1979	6.7	6.8	8.2	7.6	8.4	9.1	9.5	9.5	8.6	9.4	7.9	8.4
1980	7.3	6.5	7.6	7.7	8.8	8.9	9.6	9.3	8.5	8.9	8.4	8.6
AVG	6.7	7.3	8.2	8.0	8.6	8.9	9.4	9.3	8.4	8.9	8.1	[illegible]

	PERCENT OCCURRED BY QUARTER			
1976	25.7	25.2	25.5	23.6
1977	22.6	25.7	27.1	24.6
1978	19.7	26.2	28.0	26.1
1979	21.7	25.1	27.6	25.7
1980	21.4	25.4	27.4	25.9

CLASSIFICATION

Almost one out of every four larcenies which occurred in 1980 resulted in the taking of auto parts and accessories. This offense was closely followed in frequency by the unlawful taking of something from an automobile. Together, these two classifications accounted for over 45.9% of all reported larcenies, and resulted in 31.1% of all total property value loss for larceny.

The distribution of offenses and the property value associated with each classification are depicted on the following table.

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE
Pocket-Picking	217	0.3	$ 55,664	$ 257
Purse Snatching	392	0.6	$ 58,512	$ 149
Shoplifting	5,028	7.4	$ 488,250	$ 97
From Autos	13,783	20.1	$ 4,574,148	$ 332
Auto Parts and Accessories	17,567	25.7	$ 3,243,774	$ 185
Bicycles	6,480	9.5	$ 771,568	$ 119
From Buildings	11,231	16.4	$ 4,710,830	$ 419
From Coin Operated Machines	792	1.2	$ 772,837	$ 976
Livestock	526	0.8	$ 658,111	$1,251
Farm Equipment	673	1.0	$ 1,326,052	$1,970
All Other	11,570	17.0	$ 8,442,081	$ 730
Total for Kentucky	68,259		$25,101,827	$ 368

WHO COMMITS LARCENY?

Arrest statistics for larceny show that almost 29% of all arrests for that offense in 1980 were juveniles. Seventy-five percent were males and 78.6% were white. Arrest statistics, however, do not consider the arrestee's possible innocence, and only count those persons who police are able to catch. In larceny, the clearance rate by arrest was only 16% in 1980.

PERSONS ARRESTED FOR LARCENY

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Over	Total	[illegible]
Purchase	542	186	590	138	6	37	147	190	267	151	45	44	13	18	538	728
Pennyrile	703	269	681	291	3	50	177	230	385	192	84	38	31	12	742	972
Green River	700	214	797	117	16	66	224	306	360	128	57	43	16	4	608	914
Barren River	752	253	831	174	4	73	235	312	422	172	68	19	8	4	693	1,005
Lincoln Trail	310	136	343	103	9	21	62	92	169	98	43	20	17	7	354	446
Jefferson	2,516	1,044	2,164	1,396	24	289	693	1,006	1,222	726	281	195	89	41	2,554	3,560
Northern Kentucky	943	386	1,245	84	31	167	317	515	430	203	88	48	35	10	814	1,329
Buffalo Trace	51	5	56	0	0	5	9	14	27	3	5	3	2	2	42	56
Gateway	71	30	100	1	0	3	14	17	52	19	8	3	1	1	84	101
FIVCO	156	36	187	5	0	9	18	27	95	42	9	11	5	3	165	192
Big Sandy	208	42	247	3	0	18	49	67	107	39	16	14	6	1	183	250
Kentucky River	138	34	169	3	1	12	51	64	60	26	8	9	3	2	108	172
Cumberland Valley	572	130	689	13	1	40	180	221	304	98	40	23	12	4	481	702
Lake Cumberland	411	75	474	12	2	24	95	121	215	88	38	10	7	7	365	486
Bluegrass	1,510	714	1,750	474	22	194	425	641	946	343	145	71	51	27	1,583	2,224
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

AUTO THEFT IN KENTUCKY

DEFINITION

In Uniform Crime Reporting, auto theft includes all thefts and attempted thefts of a motor vehicle. This includes any vehicle which can be registered as a motor vehicle in this state. This definition excludes taking a motor vehicle for temporary use, such as a family situation or unauthorized by another having lawful access to the vehicle, such as chauffeurs, etc.

CLEARANCE RATE

Of 9,131 cases of auto theft reported to police agencies in Kentucky during 1980, 13.6% (1,241) were cleared by arrest. Of those cases, 32.8% (407) resulted in juvenile arrests.

HOW MANY AUTO THEFTS WERE COMMITTED?

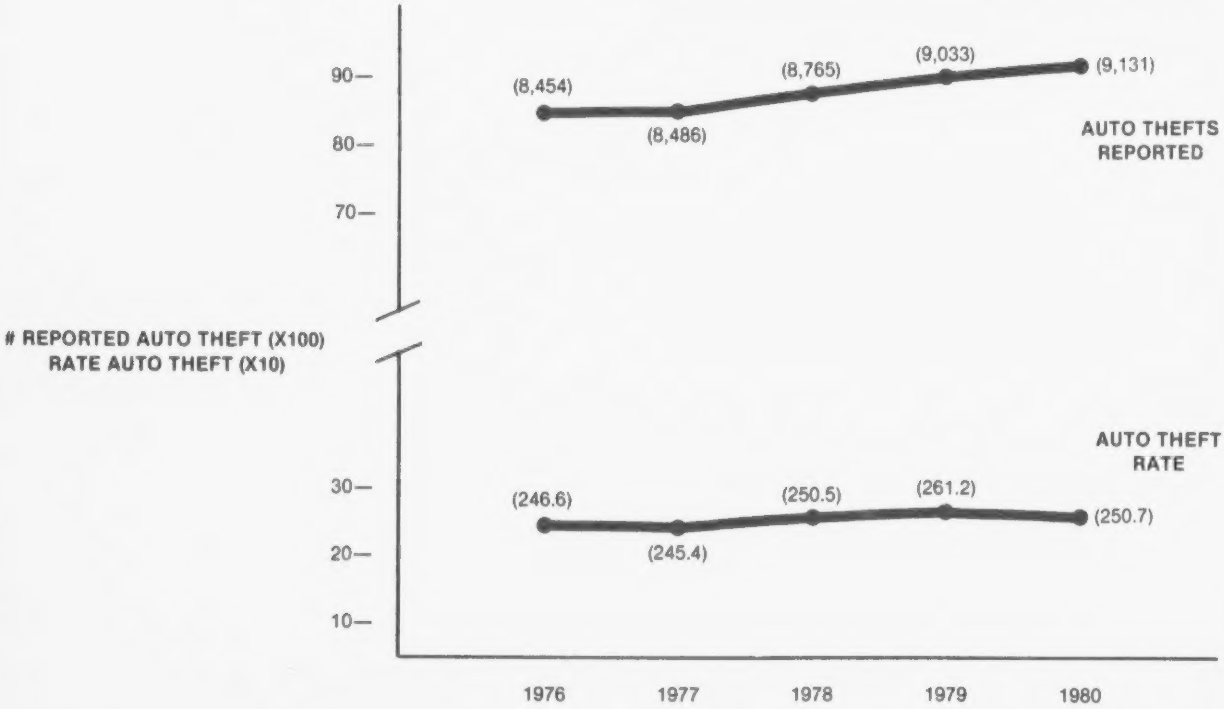
The 9,131 reported auto thefts during 1980 marked a 1.1% increase from the previous year. The five-year trend for this offense is depicted on the chart below.

WHERE DO AUTO THEFTS OCCUR IN KENTUCKY?

The following table depicts the incidence of auto theft by Area Development District.

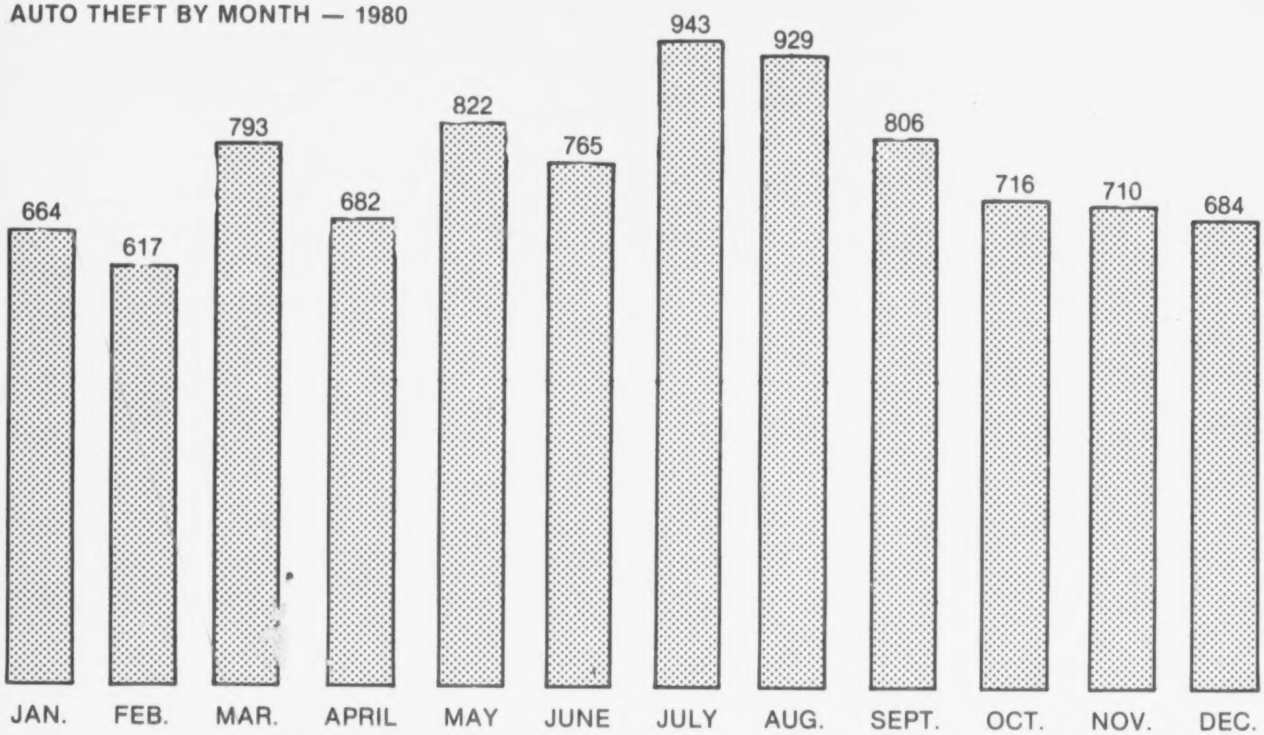
AUTO THEFT BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Purchase	357	3.9	198.0
Pennyrile	337	3.7	165.2
Green River	313	3.4	157.4
Barren River	373	4.1	174.0
Lincoln Trail	247	2.7	113.9
Jefferson	3,117	34.2	389.3
Northern Kentucky	939	10.3	301.8
Buffalo Trace	30	0.3	55.1
Gateway	97	1.1	146.4
FIVCO	298	3.2	212.2
Big Sandy	358	3.9	197.7
Kentucky River	321	3.5	240.8
Cumberland Valley	839	9.2	371.9
Lake Cumberland	186	2.0	109.6
Bluegrass	1,319	14.5	242.2
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]



WHEN DO AUTO THEFTS OCCUR?

AUTO THEFT BY MONTH — 1980



July marked the highest incidence of auto theft in 1980. Since 1976 this offense has occurred most frequently in the summer months May through September, and January and February marks the lowest reported incidence of auto theft.

MONTHLY PERCENTAGES 1976-1980

AUTO THEFT												
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
1976	8.4	8.7	8.7	7.6	8.2	8.9	8.4	9.4	8.4	8.4	7.0	7.9
1977	6.2	6.7	7.9	7.9	8.6	8.5	9.7	9.4	10.0	9.0	7.8	8.3
1978	5.5	6.2	8.1	8.4	8.6	8.3	10.2	9.5	9.4	9.1	8.4	8.5
1979	6.7	6.9	8.5	7.5	8.6	8.7	9.5	9.7	9.2	8.5	7.9	8.3
1980	7.3	6.8	8.7	7.5	9.0	8.4	10.3	10.2	8.8	7.8	7.8	7.5
AVG.	6.8	7.1	8.4	7.8	8.6	8.6	9.6	9.6	9.2	8.6	7.8	8.1

PERCENT OCCURRED BY QUARTER				
	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
1976	25.8	24.7	26.2	23.3
1977	20.8	25.0	29.1	25.1
1978	19.8	25.3	29.0	25.9
1979	22.1	24.8	28.4	24.7
1980	23.0	25.0	29.3	23.1
AVG.	22.3	25.0	28.4	24.4

WHO COMMITS AUTO THEFT?

Arrest statistics for auto theft show that over 42.5% of all arrests for that offense in 1980 were juveniles. Almost 91.8% were males and 88.5% were white, many of these below the age of 17. Arrest statistics, however, do not consider the arrestee's possible innocence, and only count those persons who police are able to catch. In auto theft, the clearance rate by arrest was only 13.6% in 1980.

PERSONS ARRESTED FOR AUTO THEFT

Area Development District	Sex		Race		Age											GRAND TOTAL
	M	F	White	Non-White	Under 11	11 -14	15 -17	TOT JUV	18 -24	25 -34	35 -44	45 -54	55 -64	Over 64	Total Adult	
Purchase	40	6	46	0	0	1	14	15	15	13	2	1	0	0	31	46
Pennyrile	74	7	67	14	0	7	30	37	31	11	1	1	0	0	44	81
Green River	127	7	125	9	0	2	58	60	41	14	16	1	1	1	74	134
Barren River	87	5	87	5	0	11	34	45	28	8	6	1	4	0	47	92
Lincoln Trail	55	6	55	6	0	3	25	28	19	10	2	2	0	0	33	61
Jefferson	246	24	172	98	0	29	87	116	97	33	14	8	1	1	154	270
Northern Kentucky	52	9	59	2	0	6	24	30	19	8	1	1	2	0	31	61
Buffalo Trace	6	0	6	0	0	0	2	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	4	6
Gateway	9	0	9	0	0	0	2	2	5	1	0	1	0	0	7	9
FIVCO	41	2	43	0	1	0	9	10	18	12	2	0	0	1	33	43
Big Sandy	58	0	58	0	0	5	12	17	22	12	4	3	0	0	41	58
Kentucky River	54	8	61	1	0	2	17	19	37	5	1	0	0	0	43	62
Cumberland Valley	140	9	148	1	0	8	47	55	52	25	13	4	0	0	94	149
Lake Cumberland	46	2	48	0	0	5	17	22	16	4	2	3	1	0	26	48
Bluegrass	147	20	155	12	2	16	71	89	50	15	7	3	2	1	78	167
TOTAL	1,182	105	1,139	148	3	95	449	547	453	172	71	29	11	4	740	1,287

STATE ARREST DATA

STATE ARREST DATA

A. STATE ARREST DATA

For the purpose of this report, an individual arrested for committing two or more offenses during a single crime incident will be charged only for the most serious offense. On the other hand, perpetrators of two or more crimes that did not occur in a given time period, or cannot be classified as a single incident, will be charged, upon arrest, for each separate offense.

In 1980, there were 217,326 arrests in the Commonwealth of Kentucky — 26,890 for Part I and 190,381 for Part II offenses. There was a 11.3 percent increase in reported Part I Index crimes while the arrest percentage increased 1.2 percent. The chart on Page 73 depicts the reported crimes and number of arrests for the past 5 years and shows the percent change from the preceding year.

The 26,890 arrests for Part I Index offenses constitute 12.4 percent of the arrests for all crimes in 1980. During 1980, 55 arrests for Manslaughter occurred which added to the 26,890 arrests for Part I offenses, equals the total of 26,945 as shown in the Table on Page 74. That table also provides the number of arrests for the Part II offenses and the percent of distribution for the groupings of offenses.

Arrests decreased for four Part I Index offenses during 1980. Rape −4.7, Breaking and Entering −3.6, Auto Theft −1.9, and Robbery −0.7. There was a slight increase in the arrests for Murder +1.9 and Assault +33.2. The overall percent increase in arrests from 1979 to 1980 was +1.2 percent. Page 75 presents this data along with the 1979-1980 comparison data for arrests for Part II offenses.

AGE OF ARRESTED PERSONS

The number of persons arrested in 1980 in 22 age categories is presented in a table on Pages 76-77 for Part I Crimes; 28.4 percent of the persons arrested were juvenile offenders (under 18 years of age). Between the ages of 18 and 34 years of age, 15,654 persons were arrested—this figure is more than half (58.1 percent) of the total arrested persons. These two general age groupings constitute 86.5 percent of the arrests in Kentucky during 1980.

The table on Page 78 shows the data for the past 5 years in four general age groupings—0-17, 18-34, 35-59, and 60+ for Part I Crimes.

Page 79 compares the arrest data of 1979-1980 by the arrests of persons under and over 18 years of age and provides the percent change for each of the Part I and II offenses. In the "under 18 years of age" column there are four Part I Crimes having between a 1.9 percent and 33.3 percent increase over 1979 and four having some percent decrease in juvenile arrests. The only major change in the arrests of persons over 18 years of age, between 1979 and 1980 is in the Aggravated Assault category (+33.2 percent).

ARRESTS BY SEX

The percent deviation of male/female arrests in 1980 is very slight compared to last year and the previous 5 year average. This year the arrests for Part I Crimes were 83.5 percent male and 16.5 percent female.

The table on Page 81 presents the male/female arrest data for all Part I and Part II groupings of offenses. As evident in recent years the female involvement in Larceny, Forgery and Counterfeiting, Fraud, Embezzlement,. Prostitution/Vice, and Runaways has been at least 27.0 percent and as high as 75.1 percent.

ARRESTS BY RACE

In 1980, 91.0 percent of the total arrests in Kentucky were White, 11.4 percent Negro, and less than 0.1 percent were Indian, Chinese, Japanese or all others.

The table on Page 82 shows the number of arrests by race for each of the Part I and II offenses.

When looking at the Part I offenses, the involvement of White in 1980 was 78.9 percent and 22.2 percent for Negroes, and the other 4 groupings are below 1 percent. The 1980 percentages were almost the same for Whites and Negroes, in comparison to the 1976-1980 average arrest by race figures. (See Page 83).

GAMBLING ARRESTS

The percent of gambling arrests for the year 1980 is 1.6 percent Lottery, 19.6 percent Bookmaking, and 63.8 percent all other gambling. (See Page 84.).

As one can see, the 1980 figures are very different from the 5 year average. As seen in the table below, the percents have varied widely in all three categories the last 5 years.

	% Lottery	% Bookmaking	% All Others
1976	0.3	14.5	85.1
1977	3.9	22.7	73.4
1978	2.3	10.1	87.6
1979	4.3	28.1	67.6
1980	1.6	19.6	63.8
AVG.	2.5	19.0	75.5

NARCOTIC ARRESTS

There were 11,455 total narcotic related arrests in 1980. Of this total 558 (4.9%) were related to opium or cocaine, 7,311 (63.8%) marijuana related, 546 (4.8%) synthetic narcotics related, and 3,040 (26.5%) for other dangerous non-narcotic drugs (Page 84).

B. CLEARANCE RATES

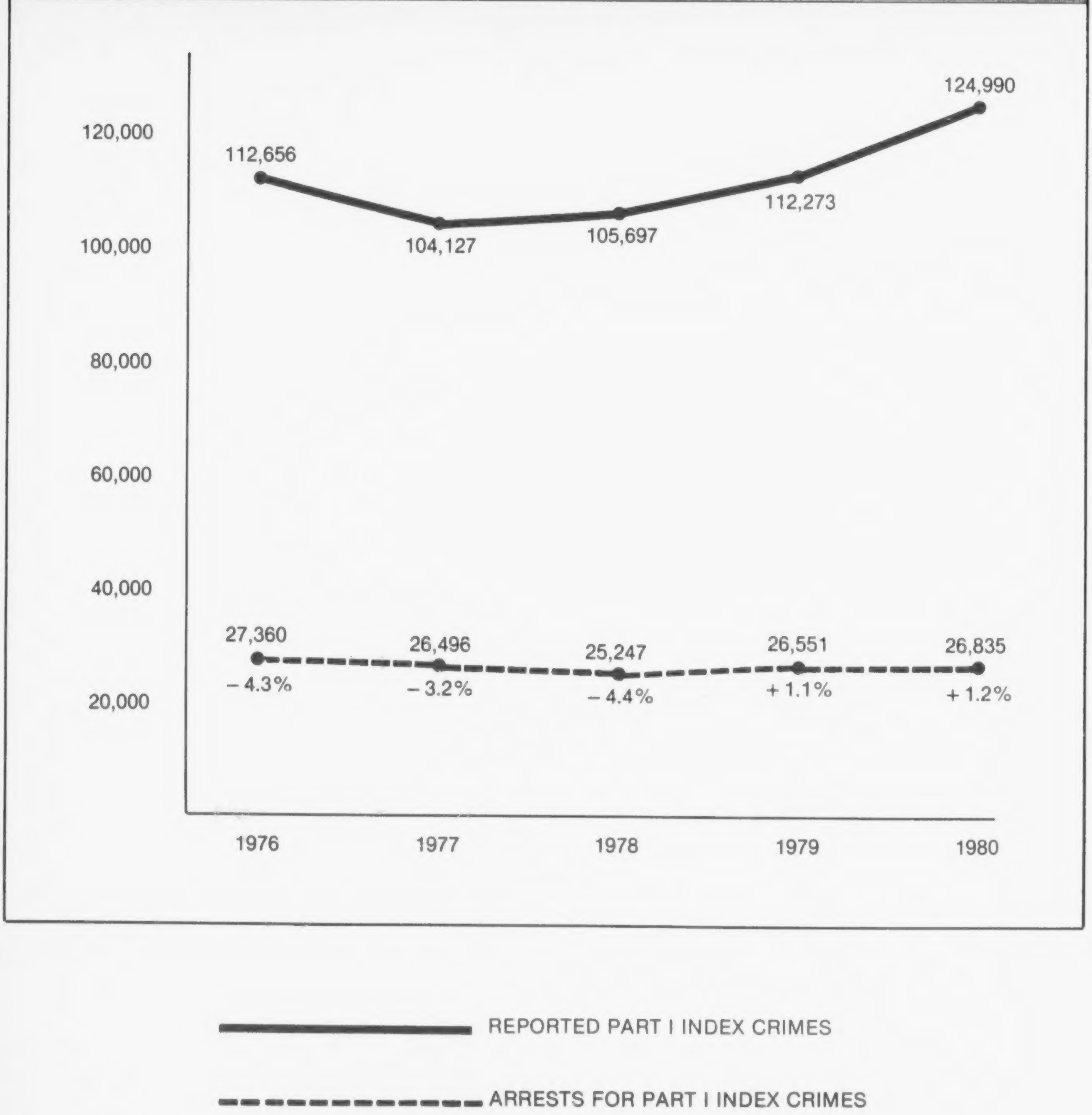
For Uniform Crime Reporting programs, a crime can be cleared through two procedures: clearance by arrest or clearance by exceptional means. A clearance by exceptional means occurs when some element beyond police control, such as the victim's refusal to prosecute, suicide of the offender, the killing of two persons in a double murder, the reporting of an offense through a death bed confession, and similar circumstances, precludes prosecution. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime.

During 1980, 20.8 percent of all reported Part I Crimes were cleared by arrest or exceptional means — 4.2 percent more than in 1979. The clearance rates for crimes against persons were: Murder 84 percent, Rape 64 percent, Robbery 31 percent and Aggravated Assault 65 percent. The clearance rates for crimes against property were: Breaking and Entering 14 percent, Larceny 16 percent, and Auto Theft 14 percent.

The table on Page 100 presents the annual clearance rates for each Part I offense for the years of 1976 thru 1980 and the average annual clearance rates for 5 year period.

The total reported crime by Area-Development District, the number of cases reported, the percent cleared and the percent involvement of adults and juveniles in the cleared cases are presented on Page 100. The percent involvement by each Part I crime are depicted on Page 101.

FIVE YEAR TREND FOR PART I INDEX CRIMES AND ARRESTS FOR KENTUCKY



TOTAL ARRESTS FOR THE STATE 1980

OFFENSE	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	PERCENT OF DISTRIBUTION
Murder	322	0.2
Manslaughter	55	0.0
Forcible Rape	463	0.2
Robbery	1,339	0.6
Aggravated Assault	3,775	1.7
Breaking and Entering	6,562	3.0
Larceny—Theft	13,142	6.1
Auto Theft	1,287	0.6
Sub Total for Above Offenses	26,945	12.4
Other Assaults	5,026	2.3
Arson	414	0.2
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1,944	0.9
Fraud	12,152	5.6
Embezzlement	65	0.0
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	2,783	1.3
Vandalism	1.036	0.5
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	2,369	1.1
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	475	0.2
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	526	0.2
Narcotic Drug Laws	11,455	5.3
Gambling	306	0.1
Offenses Against Family and Children	1,542	0.7
Driving Under the Influence	37,722	17.4
Liquor Laws	5,812	2.7
Drunkenness	68,050	31.3
Disorderly Conduct	9,725	4.5
Vagrancy	119	0.1
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	26,846	12.4
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	408	0.2
Run-Aways	1,606	0.7
Total	217,326	

COMPARISON OF STATE ARRESTS, 1979-1980

OFFENSE	1979 ARRESTS	1980 ARRESTS	PERCENT CHANGE
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	316	322	+ 1.9
Manslaughter by Negligence	83	55	– 33.7
Forcible Rape	486	463	– 4.7
Robbery	1,349	1,339	– 0.7
Aggravated Assault	2,833	3,775	+ 33.2
Breaking and Entering	6,807	6,562	– 3.6
Larceny—Theft	13,395	13,142	– 1.9
Auto Theft	1,365	1,287	– 5.7
Sub Total for Above Offenses	26,634	26,945	+ 1.2
Other Assaults	5,520	5,026	– 9.0
Arson	432	414	– 4.2
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1,647	1,944	+ 18.0
Fraud	11,692	12,152	+ 3.9
Embezzlement	29	65	+ 124.1
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	2,411	2,783	+ 15.4
Vandalism	1,218	1,036	– 14.9
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, etc.	2,141	2,369	+ 10.7
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	365	475	+ 30.1
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	631	526	– 16.7
Narcotic Drug Laws	11,210	11,455	+ 2.2
Gambling	256	306	+ 19.5
Offenses Against Family and Children	1,663	1,542	– 7.3
Driving Under the Influence	36,525	37,722	+ 3.3
Liquor Laws	6,084	5,812	– 4.5
Drunkenness	66,945	68,050	+ 1.7
Disorderly Conduct	9,988	9,725	– 2.6
Vagrancy	137	119	– 13.1
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	24,036	26,846	+ 11.7
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	552	408	– 26.1
Run-Aways	1,836	1,606	– 12.5
Total	211,952	217,326	+ 2.5

TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE — 1980

OFFENSES	10 AND UNDER	11-12	13-14	15	16	17	TOTAL UNDER 18
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	2	6	15	23
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	0	0	0	2	4	7
Forcible Rape	0	0	6	6	8	29	49
Robbery	2	14	31	55	67	105	274
Aggravated Assault	10	15	42	74	98	149	388
Breaking and Entering	70	169	483	472	625	725	2,544
Larceny—Theft	119	284	724	738	932	1,026	3,823
Auto Theft	3	14	81	121	179	149	547
Sub Total for Above Offenses	205	496	1,367	1,468	1,917	2,202	7,655
Other Assaults	12	16	60	71	79	121	359
Arson	20	21	38	29	17	32	157
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1	3	12	44	53	109	222
Fraud	1	6	17	18	36	99	177
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	14	17	115	125	202	215	688
Vandalism	36	48	101	86	90	108	469
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	0	0	14	25	35	62	136
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	3	5	11	10	29
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	0	3	10	9	10	13	45
Narcotic Drug Laws	0	17	112	238	419	641	1,427
Gambling	0	0	0	0	2	1	3
Offenses Against Family	27	7	10	4	8	6	62
Driving Under the Influence	2	0	12	17	219	654	904
Liquor Laws	1	5	80	193	469	762	1,510
Drunkenness	2	12	125	323	750	1,395	2,607
Disorderly Conduct	18	55	247	282	385	451	1,438
Vagrancy	0	2	1	5	2	4	14
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	44	137	456	590	702	900	2,829
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	8	15	82	82	94	112	393
Runaways	12	63	460	448	365	256	1,604
Total	403	923	3,322	4,062	5,865	8,155	22,730

TOTAL ARRESTS BY AGE — 1980

18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 AND OVER	TOTAL OVER 18
7	8	17	17	14	18	15	60	42	35	21	13	9	6	8	9	299
3	4	1	6	8	3	3	9	3	1	5	2	0	0	0	0	48
22	26	31	33	26	36	18	85	62	28	28	5	8	1	1	4	414
136	100	88	89	89	81	57	211	100	56	33	13	5	5	1	1	1,065
130	168	185	203	203	161	159	697	517	327	206	142	115	75	42	57	3,387
648	520	437	376	299	253	212	646	298	156	76	40	21	22	12	2	4,018
1,034	986	851	665	603	481	441	1,443	885	509	426	294	257	188	108	143	9,314
106	105	59	58	45	45	35	115	57	42	29	21	8	11	0	4	740
2,086	1,917	1,669	1,447	1,287	1,078	940	3,266	1,964	1,154	824	530	423	308	172	220	19,285
196	231	278	285	291	245	277	1,022	642	425	277	183	149	80	44	42	4,667
27	21	18	13	13	18	17	44	37	16	10	5	6	7	5	0	257
131	168	173	131	133	122	94	288	168	121	78	65	21	14	4	11	1,722
326	477	614	629	700	850	797	2,742	1,762	1,226	800	445	276	216	57	58	11,975
0	3	4	3	3	3	3	23	10	5	3	1	2	0	0	0	63
236	233	176	126	147	130	111	340	196	143	87	79	43	31	20	7	2,095
96	68	58	36	25	28	23	96	49	30	22	14	7	3	4	8	567
99	120	135	127	103	106	125	452	269	200	135	114	87	65	43	53	2,233
25	45	38	48	27	29	22	109	44	23	15	12	3	2	1	3	446
26	25	28	18	27	31	21	85	55	40	28	28	17	21	9	22	481
1,111	1,182	1,041	940	858	742	615	1,962	878	316	158	104	61	31	17	12	10,028
7	5	8	5	13	8	7	46	43	27	29	19	42	23	13	8	303
52	64	58	85	102	83	91	327	258	155	87	56	29	15	9	9	1,480
1,463	1,751	1,935	1,986	1,837	1,747	1,684	6,509	4,904	3,460	2,806	2,265	1,915	1,314	683	559	36,818
913	844	595	155	136	112	110	320	255	198	193	135	124	94	61	57	4,302
2,768	3,469	3,340	3,321	3,144	2,931	2,634	9,278	6,834	5,818	5,405	4,843	4,657	3,386	2,085	1,530	65,443
573	642	626	575	541	484	464	1,584	930	601	425	309	227	151	80	75	8,287
15	6	11	6	4	5	2	15	14	6	6	3	7	2	1	2	105
1,374	1,496	1,620	1,508	1,429	1,300	1,279	4,343	3,008	1,994	1,472	1,076	833	563	324	403	24,022
4	2	2	1	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ARREST BY AGE
FOR PART I OFFENSES

YEAR	NO. ARRESTS FOR PART I OFFENSES	AGE 0—17	AGE 18—34	AGE 35—59	AGE 60—+
1976	27,360	8,303 30.4	14,990 54.8	3,729 13.6	338 1.2
1977	26,496	8,480 32.0	14,424 54.4	3,252 12.3	340 1.3
1978	25,335	8,414 33.2	13,626 53.8	2,982 11.8	313 1.2
1979	26,551	8,324 31.4	14,888 56.1	2,950 11.1	389 1.5
1980	26,940	7,655 28.4	15,654 58.1	3,239 12.0	392 1.5
AVG.	(100%)	31.1	55.4	12.2	1.3

ARREST DATA BY AGE GROUP 1979-1980

OFFENSES	UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE			18 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER		
	1979	1980	PERCENT CHANGE	1979	1980	PERCEN CHANG
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	19	23	+ 21.1	297	299	+ 0.7
Manslaughter by Negligence	8	7	– 12.5	75	48	– 36.0
Forcible Rape	43	49	+ 14.0	443	414	– 6.5
Robbery	269	274	+ 1.9	1,080	1,065	– 1.4
Aggravated Assault	291	388	+ 33.3	2,542	3,387	+ 33.2
Breaking and Entering	2,816	2,544	– 9.7	3,991	4,018	+ 0.7
Larceny—Theft	4,205	3,823	– 9.1	9,190	9,314	+ 1.3
Auto Theft	681	547	– 19.7	684	740	+ 8.2
Sub Total for Above Offenses	8,332	7,655	– 8.1	18,302	19,285	+ 5.4
Other Assaults	334	359	+ 7.5	5,186	4,667	– 10.0
Arson	181	157	– 13.3	251	257	+ 2.4
Forgery and Counterfeiting	168	222	+ 32.1	1,479	1,722	+ 16.4
Fraud	202	177	– 12.4	11,490	11,975	+ 4.2
Embezzlement	0	2	+ 200.00	29	63	+ 117.2
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	585	688	+ 17.6	1,826	2,095	+ 14.7
Vandalism	539	469	– 13.0	679	567	– 16.5
Weapons Carrying, Possession, Etc.	121	136	+ 12.4	2,020	2,233	+ 10.5
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	5	29	+ 480.0	360	446	+ 23.9
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution	79	45	– 43.0	552	481	– 12.9
Narcotic Drug Laws	1,584	1,427	– 9.9	9,626	10,028	+ 4.2
Gambling	7	3	– 57.1	249	303	+ 21.7
Offenses Against Family and Children	199	62	– 68.8	1,464	1,480	+ 1.1
Driving Under the Influence	966	904	– 6.4	35,559	36,818	+ 3.5
Liquor Laws	1,741	1,510	– 13.3	4,343	4,302	– 0.9
Drunkenness	2,846	2,607	– 8.4	64,099	65,443	+ 2.1
Disorderly Conduct	1,420	1,438	+ 1.3	8,568	8,287	– 3.3
Vagrancy	43	14	– 67.4	94	105	+ 11.7
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	2,471	2,829	+ 14.5	21,565	24,022	+ 11.4
Curfew and Loitering Laws	541	393	– 27.4	11	15	+ 36.4
Runaways	1,834	1,604	– 12.5	2	2	NC
Total	24,198	22,730	– 6.1	187,754	194,596	+ 3.6

ARREST BY SEX
FOR PART I OFFENSES

YEAR	TOTAL PART I ARRESTS	NO. MALE ARRESTS	% MALE ARRESTS	NO. FEMALE ARRESTS	% FEMALE ARRESTS
1976	27,360	22,567	82.5	4,793	17.5
1977	26,496	21,996	83.0	4,500	17.0
1978	25,335	20,895	82.5	4,440	17.5
1979	26,551	21,824	82.5	4,810	18.1
1980	26,945	22,489	83.5	4,456	16.5
AVG.	26,537	21,954	82.8	4,480	17.2

TOTAL ARRESTS BY SEX — 1980

OFFENSES	PERSONS ARRESTED		PERCENT MALE	PERCENT FEMALE
	MALE	FEMALE		
Murder	284	38	88.2	11.8
Manslaughter	47	8	85.5	14.5
Forcible Rape	461	2	99.6	.4
Robbery	1,264	75	94.4	5.6
Aggravated Assault	3,408	367	90.3	9.7
Breaking and Entering	6,255	307	95.3	4.7
Larceny—Theft	9,588	3,554	73.0	27.0
Auto Theft	1,182	105	91.8	8.2
Sub Total for Above	**22,489**	**4,456**	**83.5**	**16.5**
Other Assaults	4,465	561	88.8	11.2
Arson	345	69	83.3	16.7
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1,404	540	72.2	27.8
Fraud	7,704	4,448	63.4	36.6
Embezzlement	34	31	52.3	47.7
Stolen Property	2,517	266	90.4	9.6
Vandalism	955	81	92.2	7.8
Weapons	2,220	149	93.7	6.3
Prostitution and Vice	118	357	24.8	75.2
Sex Offenses	507	19	96.4	3.6
Narcotic Drug Laws	10,058	1,397	87.8	12.2
Gambling	282	24	92.2	7.8
Offenses Against Family and Children	1,324	218	85.9	14.1
Driving While Intoxicated	35,870	1,852	95.1	4.9
Liquor Law	5.096	716	87.7	12.3
Drunkenness	64,117	3,933	94.2	5.8
Disorderly Conduct	8.079	1,646	83.1	16.9
Vagrancy	91	28	76.5	23.5
All Other Offenses	23,136	3,710	86.2	13.8
Curfew and Loitering	331	77	81.1	18.9
Run-Aways	717	889	44.7	55.3
Total	**191,859**	**25,467**	**88.3**	**11.7**

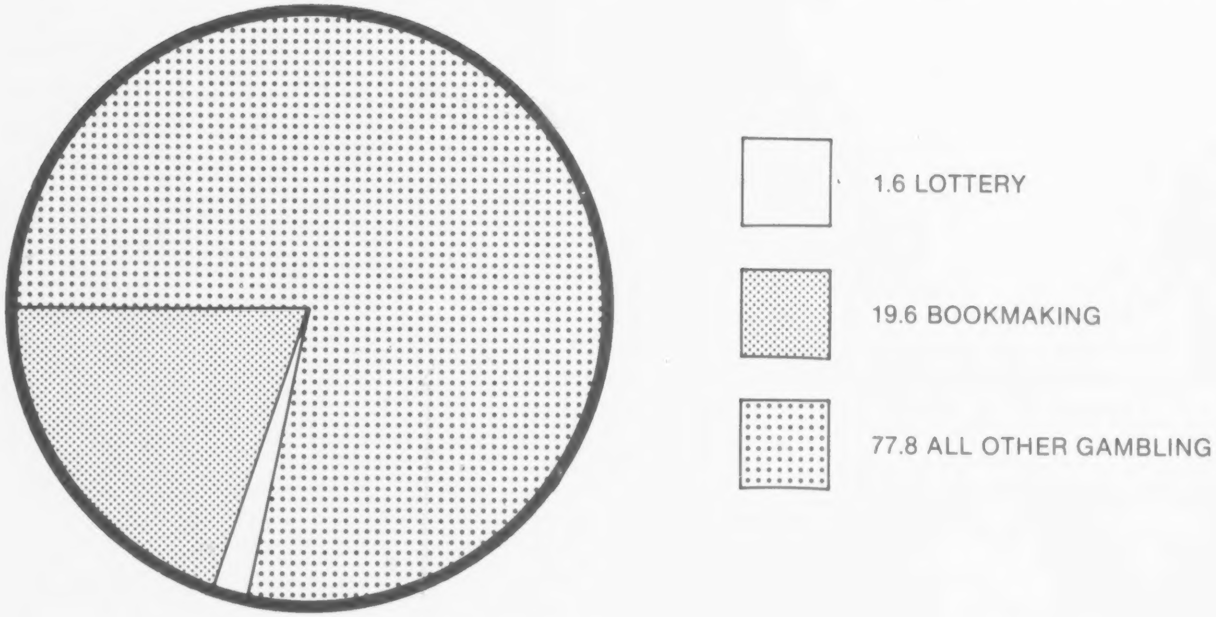
TOTAL ARRESTS BY RACE — 1980

OFFENSES	WHITE	BLACK	AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKAN NATIVE	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER	HISPANIC	NOT HISPANIC
Murder	234	88	0	0	0	322
Manslaughter	53	2	0	0	0	55
Forcible Rape	330	133	0	0	1	462
Robbery	744	593	0	2	1	1,338
Aggravated Assault	2,856	918	1	0	1	3,774
Breaking and Entering	5,340	1,221	1	0	0	6,562
Larceny—Theft	10,326	2,807	2	7	3	13,139
Auto Theft	1,139	148	0	0	0	1,287
Sub Total for Above Offenses	21,022	5,910	4	9	6	26,939
Other Assaults	4,146	876	0	4	6	5,020
Arson	372	42	0	0	0	414
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1,557	387	0	0	0	1,944
Fraud	10,619	1,526	1	6	6	12,146
Embezzlement	63	2	0	0	0	65
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	2,326	456	0	1	0	2,783
Vandalism	938	98	0		0	1,036
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	1,858	508	0	3	7	2,362
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	207	267	0	1	0	475
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	437	88	0	1	0	526
Narcotic Drug Laws	10,184	1,267	2	2	5	11,450
Gambling	160	146	0	0	0	306
Offenses Against Family and Children	1,405	137	0	0	0	1,542
Driving Under the Influence	35,706	2,005	5	6	20	37,702
Liquor Laws	5,481	329	2	0	0	5,812
Drunkenness	63,453	4,576	15	6	11	68,039
Disorderly Conduct	8,251	1,467	1	6	13	9,712
Vagrancy	77	42	0	0	0	119
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	22,929	3,906	3	8	21	26,825
Curfew and Loitering Laws	358	50	0	0	1	407
Runaways	1,427	178	1	0	3	1,603
Total	192,976	24,263	34	53	99	217,227

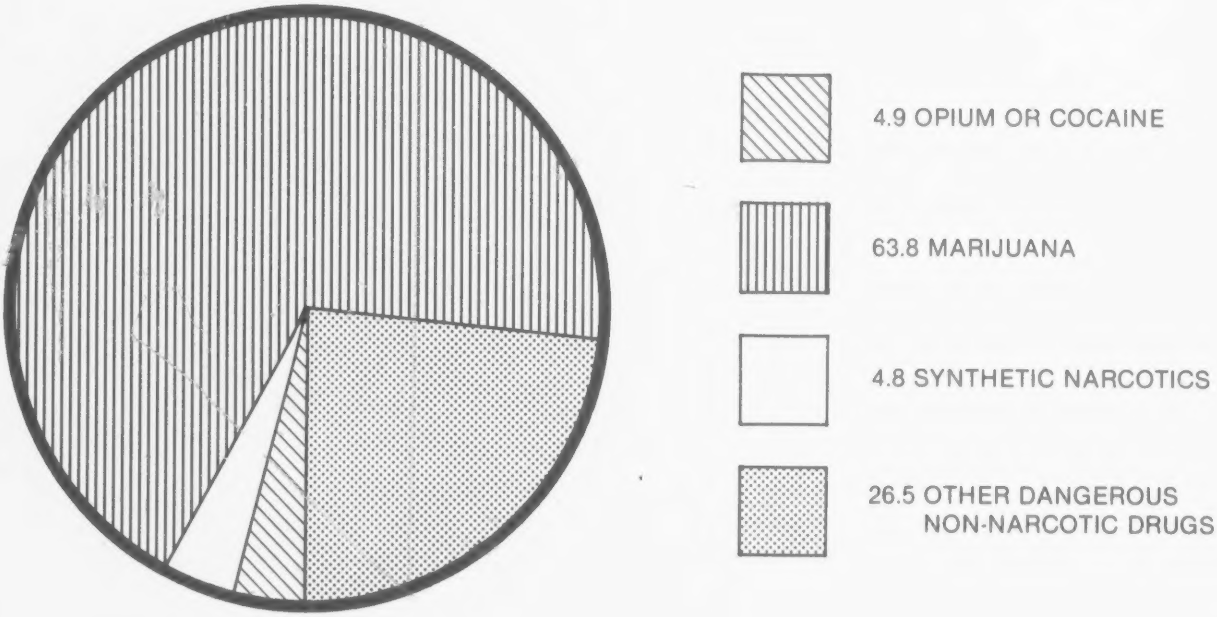
ARRESTS BY RACE FOR PART I CRIMES

	WHITE	BLACK	AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKAN NATIVE	ASIAN OR PACIFIC ISLANDER	ETHINIC ORIGIN		TOTAL ARRESTS
					HISPANIC	NOT HISPANIC	
1976	21,232 77.6	6,116 22.4					27,360
1977	20,685 78.1	5,781 21.8					26,496
1978	19,503 77.0	5,799 22.9					25,335
1979	20,647 77.5	5,942 22.3					26,634
1980	21,022 78.0	5,910 22.0	4	9	6	26,939	26,945
Average	77.0	22.0					

BREAKDOWN OF GAMBLING ARRESTS 1980



BREAKDOWN OF NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS 1980



NARCOTIC ARRESTS 1976-1980

Year	TOTAL NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS	OPIUM OR COCAINE AND THEIR DERIVATIVES	%	MARIJUANA	%	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS WHICH CAN CAUSE DRUG ADDICTION	%	OTHER DANGEROUS NON-NARCOTIC DRUGS	%
1976	10,013	329	3.3	7,721	77.1	330	3.3	1,633	16.3
1977	10,612	499	4.7	7,619	71.8	435	4.1	2,059	19.4
1978	10,930	503	4.6	7,624	69.7	437	4.0	2,366	21.7
1979	11,210	636	5.7	7,372	65.8	499	4.5	2,703	24.1
1980	11,455	558	4.8	7,311	63.8	546	4.8	3,040	26.5
			4.6		69.6		4.1		21.6

1980 NARCOTIC ARRESTS BY COUNTY AND TYPE OF DRUG

COUNTY	TOTAL NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS	OPIUM OR COCAINE AND THEIR DERIVATIVES	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS WHICH CAN CAUSE DRUG ADDICTION	OTHER DANGEROUS NON-NARCOTIC DRUGS
Adair	36	1	12	0	23
Allen	28	0	22	3	3
Anderson	18	1	13	1	3
Ballard	14	0	10	4	0
Barren	66	2	52	5	7
Bath	12	0	11	0	1
Bell	195	5	147	5	38
Boone	162	8	135	6	13
Bourbon	62	3	52	3	4
Boyd	61	3	51	1	6
Boyle	96	3	80	9	4
Bracken	16	0	15	0	1
Breathitt	26	0	20	0	6
Breckinridge	12	0	12	0	0
Bullitt	47	0	40	2	5
Butler	13	1	8	0	4
Caldwell	17	2	11	2	2
Calloway	61	3	40	4	14
Campbell	279	9	231	16	23
Carlisle	0	0	0	0	0
Carroll	22	0	20	0	2
Carter	32	1	29	0	2
Casey	42	0	40	1	1
Christian	235	11	201	11	12
Clark	204	6	145	12	41
Clay	42	2	36	0	4
Clinton	21	0	21	0	0
Crittenden	33	4	27	0	2
Cumberland	17	0	12	0	5
Daviess	312	6	236	47	23
Edmonson	3	0	3	0	0
Elliott	11	3	7	0	1
Estill	18	0	10	0	8
Fayette	553	159	336	19	39

1980 NARCOTIC ARRESTS BY COUNTY AND TYPE OF DRUG

COUNTY	TOTAL NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS	OPIUM OR COCAINE AND THEIR DERIVATIVES	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS WHICH CAN CAUSE DRUG ADDICTION	OTHER DANGEROUS NON-NARCOTIC DRUGS
Fleming	3	0	2	1	0
Floyd	86	1	80	1	4
Franklin	210	19	150	16	25
Fulton	10	0	9	0	1
Gallatin	24	3	18	1	2
Garrard	9	1	5	0	3
Grant	54	2	48	0	4
Graves	33	0	29	1	3
Grayson	23	0	12	1	10
Green	8	0	6	1	1
Greenup	121	5	115	0	1
Hancock	23	1	12	2	8
Hardin	164	3	144	3	14
Harlan	121	3	98	5	15
Harrison	18	1	8	0	9
Hart	18	0	16	0	2
Henderson	131	15	94	6	16
Henry	3	0	3	0	0
Hickman	8	0	5	0	3
Hopkins	209	7	176	6	20
Jackson	20	2	13	2	3
Jefferson	3,106	106	781	108	2,111
Jessamine	77	5	44	9	19
Johnson	59	7	37	6	9
Kenton	600	20	453	65	62
Knott	49	2	39	3	5
Knox	40	2	34	2	2
Larue	8	0	8	0	0
Laurel	177	8	155	3	11
Lawrence	42	4	27	1	10
Lee	14	1	13	0	0
Leslie	29	1	28	0	0
Letcher	49	1	42	5	1
Lewis	10	0	7	0	3

1980 NARCOTIC ARRESTS BY COUNTY AND TYPE OF DRUG

COUNTY	TOTAL NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS	OPIUM OR COCAINE AND THEIR DERIVATIVES	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS WHICH CAN CAUSE DRUG ADDICTION	OTHER DANGEROUS NON-NARCOTIC DRUGS
Lincoln	26	0	23	0	3
Livingston	14	4	9	0	1
Logan	60	1	48	8	3
Lyon	16	2	12	0	2
McCracken	220	14	173	8	25
McCreary	17	0	17	0	0
McLean	11	0	7	0	4
Madison	181	7	129	8	37
Magoffin	38	2	30	2	4
Marion	50	0	41	1	8
Marshall	53	0	42	4	7
Martin	43	4	35	0	4
Mason	18	0	15	2	1
Meade	22	1	20	0	1
Menifee	11	1	10	0	0
Mercer	35	0	18	8	9
Metcalfe	4	0	4	0	0
Monroe	20	0	11	9	0
Montgomery	27	2	23	1	1
Morgan	16	1	12	1	2
Muhlenberg	47	3	35	2	7
Nelson	38	0	37	1	0
Nicholas	6	1	5	0	0
Ohio	18	2	11	2	3
Oldham	178	4	153	3	18
Owen	3	0	3	0	0
Owsley	9	0	9	0	0
Pendleton	27	1	14	3	9
Perry	111	2	107	0	2
Pike	207	3	175	5	24
Powell	284	4	250	1	29
Pulaski	230	5	169	9	47
Robertson	7	0	6	0	1
Rockcastle	22	1	20	1	0

1980 NARCOTIC ARRESTS BY COUNTY AND TYPE OF DRUG

COUNTY	TOTAL NARCOTIC DRUG LAW ARRESTS	OPIUM OR COCAINE AND THEIR DERIVATIVES	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS WHICH CAN CAUSE DRUG ADDICTION	OTHER DANGEROUS NON-NARCOTIC DRUGS
Rowan	111	8	98	3	2
Russell	8	0	8	0	0
Scott	37	1	27	1	8
Shelby	43	3	33	1	6
Simpson	23	5	17	0	1
Spencer	18	0	15	3	0
Taylor	54	2	51	0	1
Todd	8	0	8	0	0
Trigg	8	1	6	0	1
Trimble	13	0	8	0	5
Union	22	1	18	3	0
Warren	388	7	284	35	62
Washington	6	0	6	0	0
Wayne	45	3	40	0	2
Webster	22	1	21	0	0
Whitley	96	3	76	2	15
Wolfe	49	4	42	0	3
Woodford	113	1	84	20	8
Total	**11,455**	**558**	**7,311**	**546**	**3,040**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

OFFENSES	ADAIR	ALLEN	ANDERSON	BALLARD	BARREN	BATH	BELL	BOONE
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	5
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	2	0	1	1	0	5	4
Robbery	3	2	1	0	10	0	17	21
Aggravated Assault	6	3	19	5	5	2	39	13
Breaking and Entering	21	19	21	13	62	4	80	57
Larceny—Theft	9	19	22	12	76	6	136	218
Auto Theft	3	2	2	0	8	0	15	5
Sub Total for Above Offenses	**43**	**47**	**65**	**31**	**164**	**13**	**296**	**323**
Other Assaults	1	19	4	21	36	15	36	51
Arson	4	0	2	1	0	0	4	3
Forgery and Counterfeiting	0	8	4	3	8	2	4	17
Fraud	170	46	182	47	201	7	15	31
Embezzlement	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	3	8	5	8	8	2	64	73
Vandalism	2	0	0	1	2	2	2	4
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	2	0	1	1	19	1	65	40
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	2	1	0	1	6	2	4	3
Narcotic Drug Laws	36	28	18	14	66	12	195	162
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Offenses Against Family	0	3	6	11	6	4	10	24
Driving Under the Influence	113	68	138	32	419	62	508	734
Liquor Laws	13	1	11	23	42	13	102	87
Drunkenness	381	140	121	23	609	132	1,472	363
Disorderly Conduct	22	18	22	7	86	18	125	107
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0
All Other Offenses Except Traffic	85	123	96	77	369	31	520	139
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	1
Runaways	9	5	1	3	2	4	4	41
Total	**886**	**524**	**676**	**304**	**2052**	**320**	**3438**	**2206**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

BOURBON	BOYD	BOYLE	BRACKEN	BREATHITT	BRECKINRIDGE	BULLITT	BUTLER	CALDWELL	CALLOWAY	CAMPBELL	CARLISLE	CARROLL	CARTER	CASEY	CHRISTIAN
2	1	2	0	4	1	4	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	2	5
0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	2	1	0	1	1	3	0	1	4	7	1	0	0	0	26
2	14	2	0	0	4	1	3	2	5	13	0	1	3	0	29
14	29	43	9	9	4	13	2	14	32	27	5	7	14	2	105
30	79	23	8	16	9	21	10	27	55	122	4	17	10	15	188
60	97	148	7	21	8	6	35	44	128	383	13	25	16	16	403
14	22	11	0	4	3	5	2	8	6	11	0	4	2	1	25
127	**245**	**232**	**24**	**55**	**30**	**54**	**52**	**97**	**231**	**565**	**23**	**54**	**46**	**36**	**781**
27	66	3	11	11	21	19	16	26	15	31	3	14	30	4	166
0	2	3	0	0	0	4	1	3	3	2	0	4	1	7	19
15	6	16	6	5	45	6	0	5	12	3	0	7	0	1	37
136	31	26	23	5	295	159	38	66	128	3	10	12	57	12	452
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
14	32	17	0	7	6	19	3	4	7	108	2	6	4	4	74
6	15	3	5	0	1	1	0	0	0	15	5	0	14	1	62
16	22	13	0	9	2	8	5	5	2	35	0	0	1	4	84
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	2
3	7	4	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	21	1	1	4	0	4
62	61	96	16	26	12	47	13	17	61	279	0	22	32	42	235
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
9	17	12	5	4	9	19	1	5	14	22	2	3	18	2	91
255	381	324	60	269	88	470	80	145	253	737	14	130	304	127	643
25	15	36	6	8	13	44	1	6	65	183	1	14	29	25	128
472	796	496	77	533	129	541	161	171	165	1,010	5	263	500	317	1,345
39	95	28	11	31	17	62	6	22	41	469	1	11	45	15	207
2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
150	210	296	28	107	126	116	73	88	137	272	26	41	143	35	1,138
1	0	4	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	17	0	0	4	0	2
3	21	9	0	5	8	17	2	1	0	26	1	2	1	0	98
1,366	**2,022**	**1,618**	**274**	**1,076**	**803**	**1,595**	**453**	**662**	**1,135**	**3,824**	**94**	**585**	**1,233**	**632**	**5,568**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

OFFENSES	CLARK	CLAY	CLINTON	CRITTENDEN	CUMBERLAND	DAVIESS	EDMONSON	ELLIOTT
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	3	11	1	1	0	5	0	2
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	7	0	1	0	10	0	2
Robbery	8	0	0	0	0	28	0	0
Aggravated Assault	23	21	6	3	3	63	2	9
Breaking and Entering	65	23	22	15	12	301	3	1
Larceny—Theft	111	59	35	50	16	474	5	2
Auto Theft	7	22	0	4	1	89	0	0
Sub Total for Above Offenses	**217**	**144**	**64**	**74**	**32**	**970**	**10**	**16**
Other Assaults	102	31	20	15	6	242	1	3
Arson	0	3	1	1	0	5	1	4
Forgery and Counterfeiting	28	0	1	2	4	112	0	0
Fraud	151	13	54	155	24	1,215	0	4
Embezzlement	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	21	11	3	7	10	109	0	0
Vandalism	1	1	0	2	0	178	0	27
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	27	13	2	5	4	43	1	3
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	7	0	1	0	2	19	0	0
Narcotic Drug Laws	204	42	21	33	17	312	3	11
Gambling	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family	51	1	3	8	14	103	0	0
Driving Under the Influence	713	285	166	127	69	874	70	40
Liquor Laws	58	31	17	60	6	221	13	6
Drunkenness	1,402	883	273	73	212	1,833	195	46
Disorderly Conduct	150	95	49	29	22	344	10	2
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0
All Other Offenses Except Traffic	694	185	88	98	70	931	48	27
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	2	2	0	4	0	41	0	0
Runaways	24	8	0	0	1	112	1	1
Total	**3,853**	**1,749**	**767**	**694**	**493**	**7,671**	**353**	**190**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

ESTILL	FAYETTE	FLEMING	FLOYD	FRANKLIN	FULTON	GALLATIN	GARRARD	GRANT	GRAVES	GRAYSON	GREEN	GREENUP	HANCOCK	HARDIN	HARLAN
0	12	1	1	4	1	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	3	4
1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	1
0	42	1	2	6	1	1	3	0	10	2	0	0	0	4	8
3	85	1	1	4	3	2	6	4	8	1	2	2	0	8	5
5	185	2	33	79	15	4	25	4	14	4	10	31	2	36	48
19	361	6	54	83	12	8	9	22	58	9	11	33	17	65	51
20	1,202	2	34	147	51	18	31	16	149	24	0	49	13	209	91
4	54	2	12	20	4	5	0	25	7	7	1	11	1	33	18
52	**1,943**	**15**	**137**	**343**	**87**	**38**	**75**	**72**	**250**	**49**	**24**	**126**	**33**	**362**	**226**
8	295	13	31	15	42	19	0	6	58	18	3	25	5	40	156
0	11	0	8	1	2	5	2	6	7	0	0	4	1	4	5
13	114	1	3	68	4	1	3	21	17	47	1	4	0	32	18
25	481	37	6	1,302	120	6	80	5	252	204	41	112	16	340	51
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0
4	239	2	7	40	6	6	0	19	17	10	0	6	0	81	23
1	120	7	2	9	0	3	0	1	25	0	0	27	0	14	11
1	99	1	24	34	3	4	3	5	8	6	0	5	1	31	38
0	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	41	1	1	8	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	3	1	10	2
18	553	3	86	210	10	24	9	54	33	23	8	121	23	164	121
1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	1
4	79	1	4	5	26	6	13	4	35	5	2	24	1	25	52
162	844	100	448	727	211	62	106	249	253	170	89	480	71	856	604
20	236	1	75	31	16	14	10	16	17	25	2	24	10	16	188
263	5,753	133	831	1,163	193	66	149	130	172	250	97	362	75	925	1,501
21	549	14	52	135	14	12	15	10	35	24	5	46	9	117	141
0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	994	59	216	525	87	38	79	38	159	95	34	128	28	240	860
0	56	0	0	18	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	3
1	148	2	5	27	0	7	0	39	16	1	0	6	1	65	13
630	**12,632**	**390**	**1,936**	**4,662**	**822**	**314**	**544**	**675**	**1,361**	**928**	**306**	**1,508**	**275**	**3,339**	**4,014**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

OFFENSES	HARRISON	HART	HENDERSON	HENRY	HICKMAN	HOPKINS	JACKSON	JEFFERSON
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	1	2	1	0	0	2	6	83
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1
Forcible Rape	0	0	3	0	3	1	1	117
Robbery	2	1	8	2	2	8	2	699
Aggravated Assault	0	9	33	16	8	55	12	1,427
Breaking and Entering	4	28	96	10	12	143	28	1,952
Larceny—Theft	21	18	286	6	7	306	13	3,426
Auto Theft	4	2	19	2	3	16	2	247
Sub Total for Above Offenses	**32**	**60**	**447**	**36**	**35**	**533**	**64**	**7,952**
Other Assaults	14	17	85	10	18	101	6	964
Arson	2	1	8	0	0	4	0	95
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1	1	47	2	4	21	1	444
Fraud	52	58	300	214	28	109	10	473
Embezzlement	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	5	3	28	3	13	38	3	603
Vandalism	2	4	41	3	0	8	0	31
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	7	8	30	1	1	53	9	848
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	377
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	0	3	15	0	0	3	1	177
Narcotic Drug Laws	18	18	131	3	8	209	20	3,106
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	204
Offenses Against Family	1	9	22	5	2	17	4	188
Driving Under the Influence	121	183	657	69	44	746	111	5,221
Liquor Laws	14	9	179	17	5	67	14	1,012
Drunkenness	146	223	602	53	43	701	436	8,620
Disorderly Conduct	32	25	79	14	5	150	28	2,231
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40
All Other Offenses Except Traffic	43	81	500	32	73	287	106	5,244
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	0	1	76	0	0	0	0	15
Runaways	1	1	36	1	0	12	0	333
Total	**491**	**705**	**3,285**	**463**	**279**	**3,084**	**813**	**38,179**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

JESSAMINE	JOHNSON	KENTON	KNOTT	KNOX	LARUE	LAUREL	LAWRENCE	LEE	LESLIE	LETCHER	LEWIS	LINCOLN	LIVINGSTON	LOGAN	LYON
2	3	12	0	7	1	4	1	1	7	5	0	1	1	1	1
0	1	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
3	3	26	0	3	0	7	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	3	0
3	6	84	1	13	6	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	0
38	19	61	19	29	5	14	19	12	14	19	0	32	6	16	10
24	18	211	14	38	25	60	19	20	10	23	7	37	19	47	8
45	35	651	7	47	19	93	28	5	3	57	11	44	7	95	11
2	5	8	2	27	1	38	8	2	2	11	1	6	2	6	2
117	**90**	**1,058**	**43**	**164**	**57**	**228**	**76**	**40**	**38**	**117**	**20**	**122**	**36**	**172**	**32**
4	71	160	35	15	21	47	52	12	11	83	8	5	7	83	2
1	0	29	1	2	0	3	6	2	2	6	0	1	0	2	0
11	13	41	3	5	6	31	8	0	2	2	22	3	0	13	4
46	47	14	14	2	206	27	16	9	6	23	6	99	8	162	4
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
5	5	155	4	18	1	75	6	8	8	18	0	8	0	14	0
5	4	117	0	4	1	6	2	0	0	1	3	1	2	9	0
4	16	99	7	13	0	40	7	1	8	16	1	4	1	7	5
0	0	22	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	7	18	0	1	0	5	5	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
77	59	600	49	40	8	177	42	14	29	49	10	26	14	60	16
3	1	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	17	29	5	4	5	5	21	1	3	7	1	6	1	7	0
161	283	1,476	276	190	96	486	193	229	117	255	54	142	69	280	63
51	39	308	82	41	15	44	7	9	6	26	3	37	1	12	5
364	678	2,475	708	542	100	999	229	259	197	846	122	279	14	279	22
59	34	697	69	29	15	38	19	8	26	94	17	44	6	42	3
7	0	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
103	254	703	156	109	70	387	166	47	77	291	35	160	20	164	64
0	2	82	0	0	0	15	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	94	1	3	0	60	1	1	2	3	2	5	0	1	0
1,034	**1,620**	**8,194**	**1,453**	**1,182**	**602**	**2,675**	**856**	**641**	**532**	**1,838**	**304**	**944**	**180**	**1,309**	**221**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

OFFENSES	McCRACKEN	McCREARY	McLEAN	MADISON	MAGOFFIN	MARION	MARSHALL	MARTIN
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	7	1	0	6	2	2	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	3	0	2	0	0	2	0
Forcible Rape	12	5	2	5	2	0	1	3
Robbery	23	6	0	9	6	4	0	0
Aggravated Assault	66	7	8	55	11	59	5	6
Breaking and Entering	104	57	46	75	8	24	31	18
Larceny—Theft	336	83	19	214	22	83	32	17
Auto Theft	14	0	1	19	6	5	12	13
Sub Total for Above Offenses	**562**	**162**	**76**	**385**	**57**	**177**	**83**	**57**
Other Assaults	41	77	10	23	39	14	22	43
Arson	1	0	1	1	3	4	0	0
Forgery and Counterfeiting	17	9	6	27	5	11	11	1
Fraud	145	66	27	52	9	124	22	11
Embezzlement	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	38	34	2	34	5	6	10	1
Vandalism	12	3	0	3	2	10	4	0
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	35	4	1	24	3	9	2	10
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	16	4	0	9	0	0	2	0
Narcotic Drug Laws	220	17	11	181	38	50	53	43
Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Offenses Against Family	9	13	0	15	6	6	7	5
Driving Under the Influence	863	162	33	920	226	271	222	175
Liquor Laws	113	25	9	210	82	36	35	2
Drunkenness	1,510	525	97	1,787	919	445	114	675
Disorderly Conduct	365	55	12	127	45	88	24	37
Vagrancy	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses Except Traffic	427	282	62	410	112	165	88	65
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	0	1	0	2	0	0	2	0
Runaways	9	5	0	42	0	1	3	2
Total	**4,386**	**1,445**	**347**	**4,255**	**1,551**	**1,418**	**704**	**1,127**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

MASON	MEADE	MENIFEE	MERCER	METCALFE	MONROE	MONTGOMERY	MORGAN	MUHLENBERG	NELSON	NICHOLAS	OHIO	OLDHAM	OWEN	OWSLEY	PENDLETON
0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	0	5	1	2	3	0	8	2	2	4	3	2	0	0
2	0	0	0	1	3	2	0	4	5	2	5	12	0	0	0
4	5	1	27	6	18	6	6	14	22	2	30	29	1	3	2
10	9	3	27	2	13	3	4	78	19	3	43	48	13	10	9
36	22	4	29	8	27	44	8	129	65	9	48	63	3	0	15
3	9	0	3	0	1	5	3	19	1	0	16	5	2	0	1
59	**46**	**9**	**92**	**18**	**65**	**66**	**21**	**253**	**121**	**18**	**147**	**161**	**21**	**13**	**28**
15	13	0	5	1	5	14	9	44	73	6	32	25	5	5	1
0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	8	0	4	1	0	1	4
12	3	0	4	1	4	6	1	6	31	0	62	3	1	3	4
13	135	1	46	34	36	395	0	104	322	72	116	95	1	1	2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
2	10	0	8	3	3	0	1	21	19	2	7	9	2	4	5
12	1	2	0	2	1	5	2	4	0	4	2	2	1	0	1
3	11	0	7	3	4	3	2	6	13	1	3	19	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	0	5	0	0	4	0	2	1	0	3	3	0	0	0
18	22	11	35	4	20	27	16	47	38	6	18	178	3	9	27
0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	2	0	16	2	7	6	0	23	4	16	8	3	0	0	3
159	189	41	189	58	94	301	87	291	317	29	135	392	21	121	65
2	6	9	35	8	4	11	20	29	30	3	17	73	7	4	1
345	254	125	240	83	436	528	215	434	346	53	139	241	29	215	29
44	63	3	54	23	40	43	7	88	43	16	23	34	2	3	7
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	102	11	158	49	57	42	47	224	274	37	137	226	10	10	32
0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	4	0	4	2	0	0	0	11	4	0	4	9	0	2	9
736	**862**	**212**	**903**	**291**	**780**	**1,452**	**428**	**1,587**	**1,651**	**263**	**867**	**1,474**	**103**	**391**	**220**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

OFFENSES	PERRY	PIKE	POWELL	PULASKI	ROBERTSON	ROCKCASTLE	ROWAN	RUSSELL
Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter	17	10	1	4	0	2	3	1
Manslaughter by Negligence	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	10	0	2	0	0	1	0
Robbery	3	4	0	7	0	13	2	2
Aggravated Assault	38	51	3	23	0	3	9	28
Breaking and Entering	31	77	30	49	2	26	15	24
Larceny—Theft	75	142	8	218	0	29	39	21
Auto Theft	29	22	15	23	0	8	1	9
Sub Total for Above Offenses	**195**	**318**	**57**	**326**	**2**	**81**	**70**	**85**
Other Assaults	25	233	3	83	1	15	18	7
Arson	1	26	0	1	0	0	4	0
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1	10	7	36	0	2	2	3
Fraud	0	81	9	74	2	16	148	70
Embezzlement	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property: Buying, Receiving, Possession	31	26	17	30	0	16	7	16
Vandalism	9	6	0	2	0	4	1	13
Weapons: Carrying, Possession, Etc.	42	45	20	42	0	0	9	2
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and Prostitution)	4	6	3	10	0	0	3	1
Narcotic Drug Laws	111	207	284	230	7	22	111	8
Gambling	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family	14	23	3	8	0	3	17	15
Driving Under the Influence	617	530	269	474	11	157	376	182
Liquor Laws	16	138	50	69	0	47	14	32
Drunkenness	1,180	1,467	922	1,043	3	288	602	485
Disorderly Conduct	78	173	53	59	3	19	54	29
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses Except Traffic	279	508	125	529	5	167	100	178
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways	12	26	1	6	0	6	2	8
Total	**2,618**	**3,824**	**1,824**	**3,029**	**34**	**843**	**1,538**	**1,134**

TOTAL ARRESTS BY COUNTY — 1980

SCOTT	SHELBY	SIMPSON	SPENCER	TAYLOR	TODD	TRIGG	TRIMBLE	UNION	WARREN	WASHINGTON	WAYNE	WEBSTER	WHITLEY	WOLFE	WOODFORD
0	5	3	0	1	0	4	0	0	7	0	1	0	1	1	0
0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
2	1	3	0	3	0	0	0	5	11	1	4	1	6	3	2
1	6	6	0	3	1	3	0	4	19	0	4	1	16	0	3
11	20	4	8	10	3	3	4	28	127	4	11	19	14	12	28
24	94	51	6	24	21	25	4	18	174	3	42	26	70	20	25
61	42	85	5	55	3	19	12	56	637	16	33	23	234	4	52
4	5	7	3	3	4	1	3	5	64	2	7	3	19	12	2
103	**175**	**159**	**22**	**99**	**34**	**55**	**23**	**116**	**1,039**	**26**	**102**	**73**	**361**	**52**	**113**
43	26	38	2	5	11	1	5	52	132	2	45	16	107	1	2
1	2	0	1	8	16	0	1	3	0	0	0	5	3	6	6
8	39	10	1	4	3	5	0	13	134	2	24	9	4	0	10
119	139	110	14	61	52	3	16	208	192	12	104	28	45	0	41
0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	15	5	0	7	0	0	0	0
28	22	9	0	12	8	3	6	6	74	5	28	2	33	6	52
2	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	99	1	0	0	6	0	0
12	4	8	2	2	4	1	3	5	65	0	5	7	19	10	16
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	16	0	0	3	2	0	1
37	43	23	18	54	8	8	13	22	388	6	45	22	96	49	113
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	45	0	2	0	0	0	0
13	6	14	1	3	0	0	4	25	49	1	13	3	24	2	10
299	279	134	53	163	135	71	91	148	1,609	60	66	131	408	100	346
14	89	3	13	49	1	3	4	29	261	9	28	20	48	17	80
368	376	162	57	240	107	39	128	159	2,101	105	609	126	786	248	526
24	35	24	8	22	7	8	14	23	329	7	162	38	82	19	40
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	1
114	195	122	13	57	53	42	23	236	721	23	105	96	405	40	284
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	4	0	0	0	2
10	9	4	0	1	0	5	0	1	42	0	2	0	23	1	36
1,205	**1,447**	**821**	**206**	**781**	**439**	**244**	**333**	**1,066**	**7,303**	**260**	**1,357**	**579**	**2,452**	**551**	**1,679**

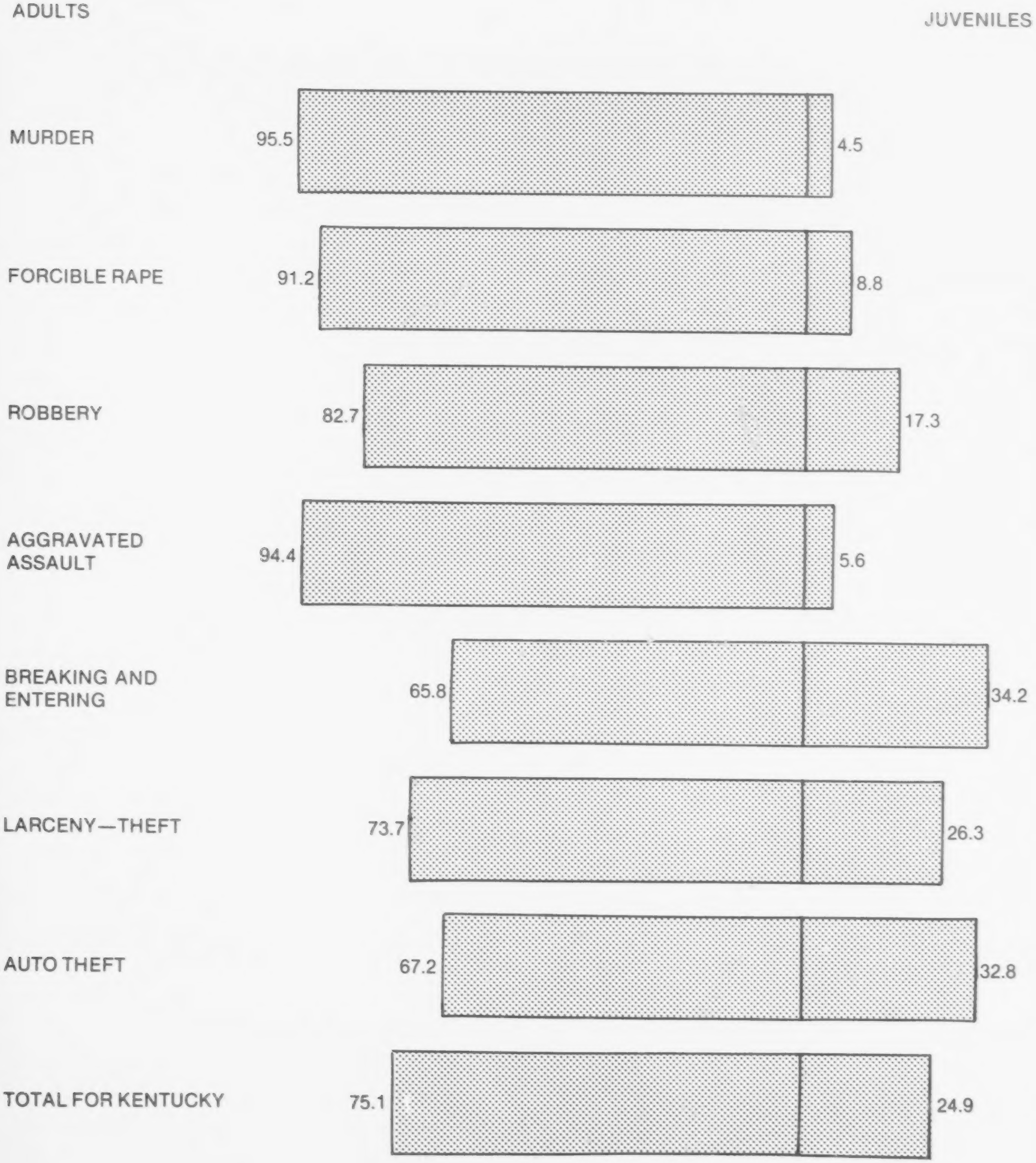
TOTAL CLEARANCE RATES

	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	BREAKING & ENTERING	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT	TOTAL
1976	85.2	70.2	39.0	73.3	19.5	17.6	15.3	21.4
1977	85.6	63.1	34.4	75.1	20.0	16.7	16.0	21.0
1978	86.8	65.2	40.0	70.7	18.2	17.6	22.4	21.5
1979	86.8	63.4	35.5	65.8	22.3	18.2	19.7	22.4
1980	83.8	63.8	30.9	64.5	14.2	16.2	13.6	18.0
AVG.	85.6	65.1	36.0	69.9	18.8	17.3	17.4	20.9

CLEARANCE RATES BY AREA DEVELOPMENT DISTRICTS

	REPORTED PART I OFFENSES—1980	CASES CLEARED		% CLEARED BY:	
		NUMBER	PERCENT	ADULT	JUVENILE
Purchase	5,571	1,171	21.0	81.1	18.9
Pennyrile	6,076	1,851	30.5	76.0	24.0
Green River	6,600	1,595	24.2	73.6	26.4
Barren River	6,001	1,269	21.1	76.8	23.2
Lincoln Trail	3,727	752	20.2	81.5	18.5
Jefferson	41,069	6,496	15.8	69.7	30.3
Northern Kentucky	14,065	2,003	14.2	71.1	28.9
Buffalo Trace	552	102	18.5	80.4	19.6
Gateway	1,057	165	15.6	88.5	11.5
FIVCO	3,551	553	15.6	86.1	13.9
Big Sandy	2,366	483	20.4	82.2	17.8
Kentucky River	1,896	386	20.4	79.3	20.7
Cumberland Valley	5,250	1,011	19.3	77.0	23.0
Lake Cumberland	2,792	698	25.0	81.8	18.2
Bluegrass	24,417	4,328	17.7	77.3	22.7
STATE TOTALS	124,990	22,863	18.3	75.1	24.9

PERCENT OF ADULT-JUVENILE INVOLVEMENT IN TOTAL INDEX OF OFFENSES CLEARED — 1980



POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA
1980

FULL TIME MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
1979 - 1980

MUNICIPALITY	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES		POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Adairville	1	1	1	1	0	0
Albany	4	6	4	5	0	1
Alexandria	3	4	3	4	0	0
Anchorage	11	13	4	7	4	6
Ashland	56	59	52	57	4	2
Auburn	1	1	1	1	0	0
Audubon Park	2	1	2	1	0	0
Augusta	2	2	2	2	0	0
Barbourville	12	12	8	8	4	4
Bardstown	17	16	13	13	4	3
Beattyville	3	4	3	3	0	1
Beaver Dam	4	3	4	3	0	0
Bellevue	9	10	9	9	0	1
Benton	10	12	7	7	3	5
Berea	18	18	13	13	5	5
Bloomfield	6	6	4	2	2	4
Bowling Green	83	83	70	70	13	13
Brandenburg	2	2	2	2	0	0
Bromley	1	2	1	2	0	0
Brooksville	2	2	2	2	0	0
Buechel (West)	3	3	3	3	0	0
Burgin	1	1	1	1	0	0
Burkesville	6	8	4	4	2	4
Burnside	2	2	2	2	0	0
Cadiz	8	10	5	5	3	5
Calhoun	1	1	1	1	0	0
Calvert City	3	3	2	2	1	1
Campbellsville	16	15	14	12	2	3
Carlisle	7	5	4	5	3	0
Carrollton	13	13	12	12	1	1
Catlettsburg	6	6	6	6	0	0
Cave City	4	7	4	7	0	0
Central City	13	7	8	7	5	0
Clarkson	1	1	1	1	0	0
Clay City	3	1	2	1	1	0
Clinton	3	2	3	2	0	0

FULL TIME MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

MUNICIPALITY	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES		POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Cloverport	2	2	2	2	0	0
Cold Springs	2	2	2	2	0	0
Columbia	12	9	8	5	4	4
Corbin	19	19	15	13	4	6
Corydon	1	1	1	1	0	0
Covington	122	124	102	108	20	16
Crab Orchard	1	1	1	1	0	0
Crofton	3	2	2	2	1	0
Cumberland	12	11	7	7	5	4
Cynthiana	19	18	16	15	3	3
Danville	30	38	24	29	6	9
Dawson Springs	8	9	5	6	3	3
Dayton	8	7	8	7	1	0
Dixie Police Authority	0	3	0	3	0	0
Douglas Hills	4	4	4	4	0	0
Dry Ridge	1	1	1	1	0	0
Earlington	2	2	2	2	0	0
Edgewood	8	9	7	8	1	1
Edmonton	4	4	4	4	0	0
Elizabethtown	29	28	22	22	7	6
Elkton	8	7	5	4	3	3
Elsmere	10	8	7	7	3	1
Eminence	5	5	5	4	0	1
Erlanger	22	22	19	19	3	3
Evarts	2	2	1	2	0	0
Fairview	0	0	0	0	0	0
Falmouth	3	1	2	1	1	0
Flatwoods	9	12	6	8	4	4
Fleming-Neon	3	3	3	3	0	0
Flemingsburg	6	5	6	5	0	0
Florence	30	32	23	26	7	6
Ft. Mitchell	10	11	9	9	1	2
Ft. Thomas	21	22	21	21	0	1
Ft. Wright	3	4	3	4	0	0
Frankfort	54	58	44	47	10	11

FULL TIME MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

MUNICIPALITY	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES		POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Franklin	15	17	11	12	4	5
Fulton	9	8	8	6	1	2
Gamaliel	4	2	2	2	2	0
Georgetown	18	21	13	20	5	1
Glasgow	26	29	20	24	6	5
Grayson	7	6	7	6	0	0
Greensburg	7	7	5	5	2	2
Greenup	2	3	2	3	0	0
Greenville	8	7	8	7	0	0
Guthrie	3	4	3	3	0	1
Hardinsburg	4	3	4	3	0	0
Harlan	10	15	7	12	3	3
Harrodsburg	20	18	11	12	9	6
Hartford	3	3	3	3	0	0
Hawesville	1	1	1	1	0	0
Hazard	16	17	12	12	4	5
Henderson	44	41	35	35	9	6
Hickman	8	9	4	5	4	4
Highland Heights	3	3	3	3	0	0
Hindman	3	3	3	3	0	0
Hodgenville	8	9	5	5	3	4
Hopkinsville	46	49	40	44	6	5
Horse Cave	3	3	3	3	0	0
Hustonville	1	1	1	1	0	0
Independence	2	4	2	4	0	0
Irvine	13	13	8	8	5	5
Irvington	1	2	1	2	0	0
Jackson	7	9	7	8	0	1
Jamestown	5	5	5	5	0	0
Jeffersontown	28	29	20	20	8	9
Jenkins	5	6	4	5	1	1
Junction City	6	3	3	3	3	0
LaGrange	4	6	4	5	0	1
Lake Side Park	5	5	5	5	0	0
Lancaster	13	7	6	7	7	0

FULL TIME MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

MUNICIPALITY	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES		POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Lawrenceburg	11	10	8	7	3	3
Lebanon	16	16	11	12	5	4
Lebanon Junction	2	2	2	2	0	0
Leitchfield	11	13	7	10	4	3
Lewisburg	1	1	1	1	0	0
Lewisport	2	2	2	2	0	0
Lexington	458	447	341	331	117	116
Liberty	7	7	6	6	1	1
Livermore	2	2	2	2	0	0
London	17	11	12	11	5	0
Louisa	7	7	4	3	3	4
Louisville	873	952	672	733	201	219
Ludlow	12	11	8	7	4	4
Madisonville	37	39	31	33	6	6
Manchester	9	11	6	6	3	5
Marion	8	8	6	6	2	2
Martin	2	2	2	2	0	0
Mayfield	26	28	21	24	5	4
Maysville	26	24	20	18	6	6
Melbourne	1	1	1	1	0	0
Middlesboro	24	26	23	23	1	3
Millersburg	1	1	1	1	0	0
Monticello	13	15	7	9	6	6
Morehead	16	21	14	16	2	5
Morganfield	9	10	7	8	2	2
Morgantown	4	3	4	3	0	0
Mt. Sterling	24	25	16	17	8	8
Mt. Vernon	3	4	3	4	0	0
Mt. Washington	3	4	3	4	0	0
Muldraugh	2	2	2	2	0	0
Munfordville	2	3	2	2	0	1
Murray	26	29	22	23	4	6
New Castle	1	1	1	1	0	0
New Haven	1	1	1	1	0	0

FULL TIME MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

MUNICIPALITY	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES		POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Newport	56	63	47	46	9	17
Nicholasville	21	22	16	15	5	7
Nortonville	1	1	1	1	0	0
Oak Grove	8	9	5	5	3	4
Olive Hill	3	6	3	6	0	0
Owensboro	118	119	88	89	30	30
Owenton	2	2	2	2	0	0
Owingsville	3	2	2	2	1	0
Paducah	67	64	61	59	6	5
Paintsville	8	9	8	9	0	0
Paris	20	20	16	16	4	4
Park Hills	4	5	4	4	0	1
Pembroke	1	1	1	1	0	0
PeWee Valley	3	3	3	3	0	0
Pikeville	12	12	12	12	0	0
Pineville	7	13	7	8	0	5
Prestonburg	12	13	11	11	1	2
Princeton	17	18	13	13	4	5
Prospect	5	5	5	5	0	0
Providence	6	9	6	6	0	3
Raceland	4	2	2	2	2	0
Radcliff	21	21	16	16	5	5
Ravenna	3	1	2	1	1	0
Richmond	36	36	30	30	6	6
Russell	14	9	14	9	0	0
Russell Springs	5	6	5	5	0	1
Russellville	19	19	14	14	5	5
St. Matthews	18	19	16	17	2	2
Salyersville	3	1	3	1	0	0
Scottsville	12	9	8	9	4	0
Sebree	1	1	1	1	0	0
Shelbyville	10	11	10	11	0	0
Shepherdsville	3	4	3	4	0	0
Shively	24	19	21	16	3	3
Somerset	29	29	23	24	6	5
Southgate	4	4	4	4	0	0

FULL TIME MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES
1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

MUNICIPALITY	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES		POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Springfield	4	13	4	7	0	6
Stanford	9	11	5	6	4	5
Stanton	5	3	5	3	0	0
Sturgis	4	4	4	4	0	0
Taylor Mill	1	1	1	1	0	0
Taylorsville	6	8	2	4	4	4
Tompkinsville	4	7	3	5	1	2
Uniontown	2	3	2	3	0	0
Vanceburg	4	4	4	4	0	0
Versailles	16	15	12	12	4	3
Villa Hills	1	2	1	2	0	0
Vine Grove	5	5	4	4	1	1
Walton	2	2	2	2	0	0
Warsaw	2	2	2	2	0	0
West Liberty	6	5	6	5	0	0
West Point	8	8	4	4	4	4
Wheelwright	1	1	1	1	0	0
Whitesburg	3	3	3	3	0	0
Wilder	3	4	3	4	0	0
Williamsburg	6	11	6	7	0	4
Williamstown	1	2	1	2	0	0
Wilmore	7	3	4	3	3	0
Winchester	34	32	28	26	6	6
Wingo	1	1	1	1	0	0
Wurtland	2	3	2	2	0	1

FULL TIME SHERIFF DEPARTMENTS EMPLOYEES 1979 - 1980

AGENCY	TOTAL SHERIFF EMPLOYEES		SHERIFF OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Adair	3	3	3	3	0	0
Allen	6	3	6	3	0	0
Anderson	3	5	3	5	0	0
Ballard	4	4	3	4	1	0
Barren	6	4	4	4	2	0
Bath	3	3	3	3	0	0
Bell	12	5	7	5	5	0
Boone	9	11	7	9	2	2
Bourbon	7	8	6	6	1	2
Boyd	12	9	12	6	0	3
Boyle	8	10	7	9	1	1
Bracken	2	2	1	1	1	1
Breathitt	6	6	5	5	1	1
Breckinridge	4	3	4	3	0	0
Bullitt	5	6	3	4	2	2
Butler	4	3	4	3	0	0
Caldwell	4	5	3	4	1	1
Calloway	6	7	6	6	0	1
Carlisle	2	2	2	2	0	0
Carroll	3	3	2	2	1	1
Carter	8	3	5	2	3	1
Casey	4	8	3	6	1	2
Christian	22	24	18	16	4	8
Clark	7	8	7	8	0	0
Clay	2	4	2	3	0	1
Clinton	2	2	2	2	0	0
Crittenden	3	3	3	3	0	0
Cumberland	4	3	4	3	0	0
Daviess	23	24	19	19	4	5
Edmonson	5	4	1	3	4	1
Elliott	1	2	1	1	0	1
Estill	6	3	5	2	1	1
Fleming	2	2	1	1	1	1
Floyd	7	7	3	3	4	4
Franklin	6	6	6	6	0	0
Fulton	3	3	3	3	0	0

FULL TIME SHERIFF DEPARTMENTS EMPLOYEES 1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

AGENCY	TOTAL SHERIFF EMPLOYEES		SHERIFF OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Gallatin	2	2	1	1	1	1
Garrard	4	4	4	4	0	0
Grant	3	3	2	2	1	1
Graves	10	8	9	7	1	1
Grayson	5	4	5	4	0	0
Green	4	4	4	4	0	0
Greenup	8	6	7	4	1	2
Hancock	4	5	4	5	0	0
Hardin	8	7	5	7	3	0
Harlan	6	6	5	6	1	0
Harrison	4	4	4	4	0	0
Hart	5	3	3	3	2	0
Henderson	13	12	13	12	0	0
Henry	3	3	3	3	0	0
Hickman	2	2	2	2	0	0
Hopkins	10	13	8	8	2	5
Jackson	4	4	3	3	1	1
Jessamine	3	5	3	4	0	1
Johnson	5	9	3	7	2	2
Knott	3	4	2	2	1	2
Knox	5	5	5	4	0	1
Larue	4	4	3	3	1	1
Laurel	7	10	7	10	0	0
Lawrence	5	3	3	1	2	2
Lee	3	2	3	1	0	1
Leslie	2	2	2	2	0	0
Letcher	5	4	4	3	1	1
Lewis	2	3	2	1	0	2
Lincoln	6	5	6	5	0	0
Livingston	9	4	6	4	3	0
Logan	6	5	6	4	0	1
Lyon	6	2	2	2	4	0
McCracken	22	19	22	18	0	1
McCreary	3	8	3	6	0	2
McLean	2	3	1	3	1	0
Madison	7	7	7	7	0	0

FULL TIME SHERIFF DEPARTMENTS EMPLOYEES 1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

AGENCY	TOTAL SHERIFF EMPLOYEES		SHERIFF OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Magoffin	5	4	3	3	2	1
Marion	4	7	3	6	1	1
Marshall	11	8	11	7	0	1
Martin	4	6	3	3	1	3
Mason	4	4	4	3	0	1
Meade	3	4	2	2	1	2
Menifee	2	1	2	1	0	0
Mercer	4	5	4	5	0	0
Metcalfe	3	5	3	5	0	0
Monroe	2	3	1	2	1	1
Montgomery	5	7	5	6	0	1
Morgan	5	5	4	3	1	2
Muhlenberg	7	7	7	7	0	0
Nelson	7	7	4	4	3	3
Nicholas	3	3	2	2	1	1
Ohio	6	3	4	2	2	1
Oldham	8	4	8	4	0	0
Owen	3	3	2	2	1	1
Owsley	3	3	2	2	1	1
Pendleton	2	2	2	2	0	0
Perry	10	9	6	5	4	4
Pike	17	33	12	20	5	13
Powell	10	8	5	7	5	1
Pulaski	16	15	13	12	3	3
Robertson	1	1	1	1	0	0
Rockcastle	3	3	3	3	0	0
Rowan	6	4	3	3	3	1
Russell	5	4	5	4	0	0
Scott	8	6	8	6	0	0
Shelby	9	5	6	5	3	0
Simpson	5	5	5	5	0	0
Spencer	3	3	2	2	1	1
Taylor	5	5	5	5	0	0
Todd	3	3	2	2	1	1
Trigg	5	5	5	5	0	0
Trimble	3	3	3	2	0	1

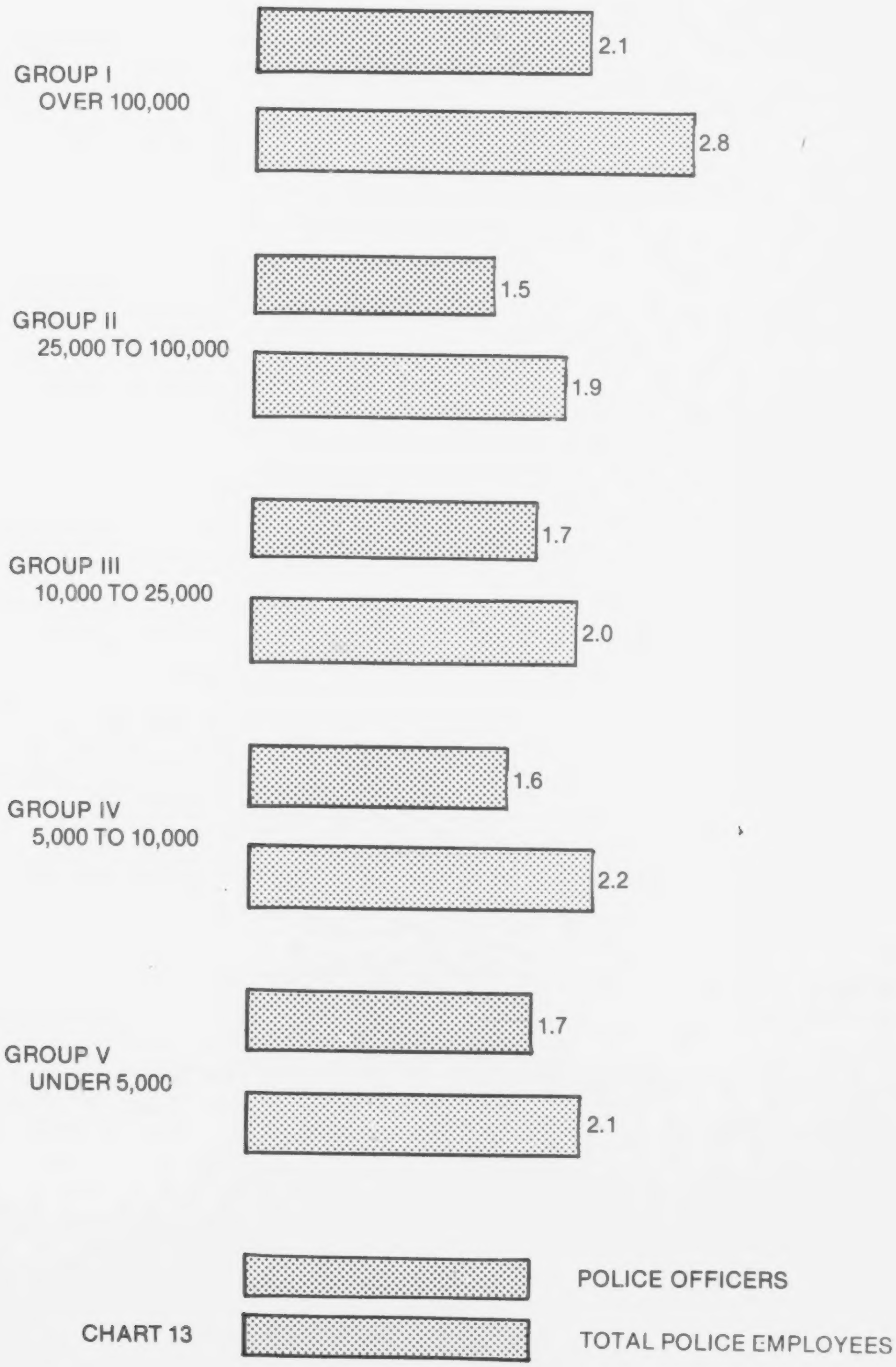
FULL TIME SHERIFF DEPARTMENTS EMPLOYEES 1979 - 1980 (CONT'D)

AGENCY	TOTAL SHERIFF EMPLOYEES		SHERIFF OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Union	5	5	4	4	1	1
Warren	16	17	16	16	0	1
Washington	3	4	3	4	0	1
Wayne	4	7	4	6	0	1
Webster	9	7	4	4	5	3
Whitley	6	5	4	3	2	2
Wolfe	3	3	3	2	0	1
Woodford	5	5	5	5	0	0

FULL TIME STATE POLICE AND COUNTY POLICE EMPLOYEES
1979 - 1980

AGENCY	TOTAL POLICE EMPLOYEES		POLICE OFFICERS		CIVILIANS	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1979	1980
Boone County	24	30	19	23	5	7
Bullitt County	14	15	8	8	6	7
Campbell County	28	26	24	22	4	4
Christian County	4	4	3	3	1	1
Jefferson County	595	579	453	438	142	141
Kenton County	30	31	24	23	6	8
Lyon County	3	3	3	3	0	0
McCracken County	4	3	3	2	1	1
Oldham County	6	8	6	7	0	1
Pike County	9	9	4	3	5	6
Woodford County	14	15	12	13	2	2
Campus Security Eastern Ky. Univ.	41	51	23	22	18	29
Jefferson Comm. College	9	1	8	1	1	0
Morehead St. Univ.	13	15	11	13	2	2
Murray State Univ.	9	10	8	9	1	1
Northern Ky. Univ.	16	23	14	16	2	7
Univ. of Louisville	59	33	39	27	20	6
Western Ky. Univ.	32	31	24	23	8	8
Univ. of Ky. P.D.	86	43	38	36	48	7
Greater Cincinnati Airport	31	37	31	32	0	5
Fayette Co. School System Security	25	21	23	19	2	2
Jefferson Co. Schools	0	34	0	33	0	1
Kentucky State Police	1,577	1,925	950	1,260	627	665

AVERAGE NUMBER OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND POLICE EMPLOYEES PER 1,000 POPULATION BY POPULATION GROUPS 1980



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Sources for statistics used in this book were:

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(Rounded totals in this book may not equal 100 due to rounding errors.)